# **SKANBATT SB-NETX000**

# PURE SINE WAVE INVERTER USERMANUAL



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Please read this manual carefully before installing or using the Skanbatt inverter and pay attention to all safety



Thank you!

#### 1. Introduction

#### Thank you for choosing the Skanbatt inverter.

This compact and portable inverter, built with a durable aluminium alloy housing, represents the latest in high-frequency inverter technology.

It can be connected to a 12V/24VDC (depending on model) battery bank in your vehicle or boat, or directly to a dedicated battery. The inverter will efficiently and reliably power a wide range of household AC devices, such as TVs, computers, air conditioners, and more.

The Skanbatt inverter is designed with high-quality components, comprehensive protection features, and a safe, reliable design.

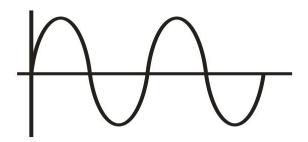
When selecting an inverter, please ensure it is suitable for your appliances, and confirm that the total continuous power consumption of all connected devices stays within the inverter's maximum power rating.

#### 2. Technical Parameters

Item	1000W, 2000W, 3000W
Continuous Power	1000W, 2000W, 3000W
Surge Power	2KW, 4KW, 6KW
DC Input Voltage	DC12V
AC Output Voltage	AC230V±10%
Output Waveform	Pure sine wave
Output Frequency	50Hz±0.5Hz
Efficiency	88%-92%
Working Temperature	-20°C- +50°C

#### Output wave form:

Pure sine wave is high quality output harmonically follows a smooth sine wave and electrical current like the utility standards, less power consumption and clean power delivery. Pure sine wave support for more appliances, even the sensitive ones. You do not worry about the work of connected appliances.





#### 3. Safety

Incorrect installation or misuse of the inverter may result in danger to the user or hazardous conditions. We urge you to pay special attention to all CAUTION and warning statements. Caution statements identify conditions that may result in personal injury or loss of life.



#### WARNING! Shock hazard. Keep away from children.

- The inverter generates the same potentially lethal AC power as a normal household wall outlet. Treat it with the same respect that you would any AC outlet.
- Do not insert foreign objects into the inverter's AC outlets, fan or vent openings.
- Do not expose the inverter to water, rain, snow or spray.
- Do not under any circumstances, connect the inverter to utility power AC distribution wiring.



#### WARNING! Heated surface.

The inverter's housing may become uncomfortably warm, reaching 50°C under extended high power operation. Ensure at least 5 cm of air space is maintained on all sides of the inverter. During operation, keep away from materials that may be affected by high temperatures.



#### WARNING! Explosion hazard.

- Do not use the inverter in the presence of flammable fumes or gases, such as in the bilge of a gasoline powered boat, or near propane tanks. Do not use the inverter in an enclosure containing automotive-type, lead-acid batteries. These batteries, like sealed batteries, vent explosive hydrogen gas, which can be ignited by sparks from electrical connections.
- When working on electrical equipment always ensure someone is nearby to help you in an emergency.



#### CAUTION!

- Do not connect live AC power to the inverter's AC outlets. The inverter will be damaged even if it is switched off.
- Do not expose the inverter to temperatures exceeding 40°C



#### **CAUTION!**

• Kindly Note DC voltage of battery should be similar to input DC voltage of Skanbatt inverter. (For example DC12V of battery should be connected with input voltage 12V of the inverter. Wrong DC input will not supply enough voltage or damage the inverter.



**CAUTION!** Do not use the inverter with the following equipment:

- Small battery-operated products such as rechargeable flashlights, some rechargeable shavers, and night-lights that are plugged directly into an AC receptacle to recharge.
- Certain battery chargers for battery pack used in hand powered tools. These chargers will have warning labels stating that dangerous voltages are present at the charger's battery terminals.



**CAUTION!** Any internal adjustment on the inverter is not allowed and could lead to lethal dangers!

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#### 4. Protective Functions

Overload protection

when overloading 125%, the inverter will send alarm sound (judge the alarm sound as a continuous alarm, BIBIBIBIBI...), the LED flashes RED and stop working after 20 seconds. When the Loads are reduces to accepted level, the inverter will resume working.

- Short circuit protection inverter is with short circuit protection, and without damaging the circuit.
- Over-temperature protection

When the inside temperature of the inverter is 80°C, an alarm sound can be heard (judge the alarm sound first, BIBIBIBIBIBIBIBIBI...). If the temperature continues to rise, the LED flashes RED, and the inverter shuts down. Once the temperature drops to accepted level, the inverter will automatically resume working.

Low voltage protection

When the battery voltage is below the setting level, the inverter will send alarm by beeping. (judge the alarm sound as one, BI-BI-BI...), and the RED LED will lit. When the battery voltage keeps dropping to its shutting level, the inverter will stop working, when the battery voltage is increased to its restart level inverter will automatically resume working.

Over voltage protection

When the input voltage is higher than the setting level, the inverter will alarm first (judge alarm sound is two, BIBI-BIBI...), the LED RED light flashes, the voltage continues to rise and the inverter will stop working, when the input is normal, it will automatically resume working.

Reverse connection protection

Avoid this. But if battery polarity is reversed, the inverter built-in fuse will be burnt. In this case, please switch off the inverter, disconnect the power source, replace the fuses by authorized technician. There are fuses on some units also inside the inverter.



#### REVERSE CONNECT IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED AND CAN PERMANENTLY DAMAGE THE INVERTER.

LCD display

The smart LCD screen display the working status of inverter.



Cooling Fan

it's intelligent fan and lower the temperature of inverter.

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#### 5. Product characteristic

Please make sure you know the basic characteristics of this Skanbatt inverter before use.

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#### **SKANBATT INVERTER 1000-3000W**





- ① AC OUTLET: EU
- ② USB OUTPUT: QC3.0 fast charging
- ③ AC POWER SWITCH: turn on/off the AC output power.
- 4 LED LIGHTS: Green colour: indicates that AC power is present at the AC outlets and the inverter is operating normally.

Red colour: indicates inverter is in protection status

- ⑤ LCD DISPLAY: can display the working status of inverter.
- FAN: can lower the temperature of inverter. Should keep it clean during the inverter working.
- 7 POSITIVE TERMINAL: connect with the positive (+) side of the battery.
- ® NEGATIVE TERMINAL: connect with the negative (-) side of the battery.

NOTE: Protection fuses are located inside the inverter cabinet.



#### **WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL**

This is uniquely matched to each inverter. A pairing guide can be obtained from Skanbatt if needed to pair a new remote. Please note that the remote's operation is in parallel with the unit's power button. So, if either button is on, the inverter stays on. For wireless operation it is needed to keep physical power button always off.

Unit has one of the following remotes:

③WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL



**4** WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL



#### 6. Inverter to Battery Connection

#### **BLACK-NEGATIVE RED-POSITIVE**

#### 12V inverter connection



#### 7. Installation Guidelines

#### Selecting a suitable location

For safe and optimum performance. Install the inverter in a location that is:

- Dry. Do not expose to water drip or spray.
- **Cool.** Better to be used in ambient temperatures between 0°C and 40°C. Keep away from furnace heating vents or other heat-producing equipment.
- Well ventilated. Allow at least 5cm (10cm is better) clearance above and on all sides of the unit for proper cooling.
- Safe. Do not install inverter in a compartment with non-sealed batteries or flammable liquids, such as gasoline, or explosive vapours.
- Clean and free of dust and dirt. This is especially important if the inverter is used in a work environment.

The function of inverter is to convert the DC12V into AC230V. For connecting the inverter with a battery, you need to:

- 1. Make a visual inspection to ensure no visible damage has been caused by shipping before connecting. Then make sure that the inverter is Switched Off.
- 2. When inverter connect to the battery, make sure that the battery voltage is consistent with the inverter reference voltage.
- 3. Connect the red cable of the inverter to the Positive pole(+) of battery, connect the black cable of the inverter to the Negative pole(-) of battery. Do not connect the cable reversely, otherwise the inverter fuse will be burnt and further damage to the inverter can also happen. Warranty is in this case voided.
- 4. Tighten the nut on each DC terminal by hand until it is snug. If DC terminal is big, please use tools to tight up the screw. Fasten the cables to avoid terminals getting loose.
- 5. Turn on the inverter power switch, if green indicator light is on, indicating that the inverter is working properly.
- 6. Please connect the loads to the AC output of inverter, please do not overload. In the case of overloading, the inverter will sound an alarm and stop working. To restart the inverter, please firstly switch OFF the inverter for 5 seconds, remove and reduce the load then switch ON again.

#### 8. Precautions

The inverters are designed, manufactured and tested as per safety standards. However, as an electrical and electric product, it must be installed, operated and maintained strictly according to the related safety instructions as follows:

- 1. Reverse connection between the inverter and battery is strictly prohibited, it will burn the fuse of the inverter.
- 2. Please double check if the voltage of the battery matches the inverter input DC voltage, mismatch connection between the inverter and battery can cause serious damage.
- 3. Double check if the connections are correct, make sure the connections are tight and firm.
- 4. Do not extend the inverter power cable without consulting a certified person / reseller.
- 5. When the inverter is not in use, please switch off and unplug it from the 12V/24V/48V DC outlet to prevent slight discharge of the battery.
- 6. Avoid contacting of any foreign objects or fluid. Do not touch the inverter with wet hand. Keep the product away from children. Avoid using it in damp, dusty, high temperature area. Do not use this product in flammable and combustible area.
- 7. Install the product in well-ventilated place, avoid using this product on or nearby hot objects such as electrical heater etc
- 8. Do not cover the inverter, avoid direct sunshine, moisture and water.
- 8 This inverter can NOT be parallel connected.
- 9 It's strictly prohibited to connect this product to the city grid.
- Do not try to repair the inverter, once the inverter is opened, warranty void.



#### 9. Using the Inverter

By directly connecting the inverter to a DC 12V battery with correctly dimensioned DC cable and fuse, you can operate products with power requirements up to the rated continuous output power. The power, or 'wattage', rating of AC products is average power they use. Please note: When many AC products are first switched on, they initially consume more power than their power rating.

For loading such as motor rectifier, there is a surge current when starting. Please note the starting current can't exceed

the maximum rated current. (The starting current of motor may be 7-12 times the rated current.)



It's normal that the output voltage drops when a heavy load is present. You must take action in case of below condition.

When the battery DC voltage is reduced below 9.5V(12V inverter)

#### Solution:

- Increase the battery capacity
- Reduce the load on inverter.
- Charge the battery bank

When output AC voltage drops below acceptable levels 210V AC:

#### Solution:

- increase the battery capacity.
- reduce the load.
- Charge the battery bank

Although the inverter can supply momentary surge power, occasionally some products rated less than the rated continuous output power may exceed its surge capabilities and trigger its safety overload shut down feature. If this problem occurs when attempting to operate several AC products at the same time, try first switching on the inverter with all AC products switched off. Then one by one switch each on, starting with the high surge product first.

#### **Inverter Operation**

- 1. When correctly connected the inverter to battery, turning the ON/OFF(I /O)switch ON(I ), will illuminate the green light and deliver AC power to the outlets.
- 2. Plug the AC product(s) you wish to operate into the AC outlet(s) and switch them on, one at a time.
- 3. As the battery is used up, battery voltage begins to fall. When the inverter senses that the voltage at its DC input has dropped to 10.5±0.5 V an audible alarm sound. This allows time for computers or other sensitive devices to be shut down.
- 4. The inverter keeps alarming and will automatically shut down when the battery voltage drops to 9.5±0.5V (12V inverter). This prevents battery damage from excessive discharge. After auto shut down, the red FAULT light illuminates.

**IMPORTANT:** Vehicle batteries are designed to provide brief periods of very high current needed for engine starting.

They are not intended for constant deep discharge. Regularly operating the inverter from a vehicle battery until the low voltage alarm sounds will shorten the life of the battery. Consider connecting the inverter to a separate deep



discharge type battery (ie. Skanbatt lithium) if you will be frequently running electrical products for extended period of time.

- 5. If an AC product rated higher than the rated continuous power (or which draws excessive surge power) is connected, the inverter will shut down. The red FAULT light will turn on.
- 6. If the inverter exceeds a safe operating temperature, due to insufficient ventilation or a high temperature environment, it will automatically shut down. The red led light will turn on and the audio warning will sound.
- 7. Should a defective battery charging system causes the battery voltage to rise to dangerously high levels, the inverter automatically shuts down.



CAUTION! Although the inverter incorporates protection against over-voltage, it may still be damaged if the input voltage exceeds 16.2 VDC

- 8. The cooling fan is designed to operate only when the temperature is higher than 40°C.
- 9. In the event of an overload, low battery voltage or overheating, the inverter will automatically shut down.
- 10. The inverter will need to be manually reset when shut down by overload.

#### **Battery Operating Time**

Operating time will vary depending on the charge level of the battery, its capacity and the power level drawn by the AC load.

When using a vehicle as a power source, it is strongly recommended to start the vehicle when needed to charge the battery before its capacity drops too low or implement a battery discharge protection device like the Victron smart battery protect. The inverter can operate while the engine is running, but the normal voltage drop that occurs during starting may trigger the inverter's low voltage shutdown feature.

#### Interference with Electronic Equipment

Generally, most AC products operate with the inverter just as they would with household AC power. Below is information concerning two possible exceptions.

#### **Buzzing Sound in Audio Systems and Radios**

Some inexpensive stereo systems, boom boxes, and AM-FM radios have inadequate internal power supply filtering and buzz slightly when powered by the inverter. Generally, the only solution is audio product with a higher quality filter.

#### Television Interference

The inverter is shielded to minimize its interference with TV signals. However, with weak TV signals interference may be visible in the form of lines scrolling across the screen. The following should minimize or eliminate the problem:

- Use an extension cord to increase the distance between the inverter and the TV, antenna and cables.
- Adjust the orientation of the inverter, television, antenna and cables. Maximize TV signal strength by using a better
  antenna and use shielded antenna cable where possible.
- Try a different TV. Different models of televisions vary considerably in their susceptibility to interference.



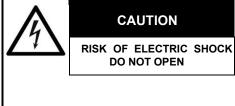
#### 10. Trouble shooting

If you have any problem with your inverter, the first thing you should do is to disconnect any load from it, switch the inverter off and disconnect it from the battery. The summary table below should help you to find the cause of the problem.

Possible Cause	Suggested Solution			
PROBLEM: AC appliances do not work, and the green power indicator does not ON.				
Battery is defective.	Check battery and replace if required.			
Inverter has been connected with reverse DC input polarity.	Check connection to battery. Probable inverter damage has occurred, have unit repaired (not covered by warranty).			
Loose cable connections	Check cables and connections. Tighten as required.			
PROBLEM: Inverter will run some small loads, but not larger ones.				
Voltage drop across DC cables.	Reduce the cable and use bigger cable. Check for bad connections / main switches etc.			
PROBLEM: Measured inverter output is too low.				
Battery voltage is too low.	Recharge battery or change battery			
PROBLEM: Alarm is sounding.				
Low voltage alarm	Shorten cables or use heavier cables. Charge the battery.			
Over temperature alarm	Allow unit to cool. Improve air circulation around unit. Locate unit to a cooler environment. Reduce load if continuous operation is required, restart.			



	<u> </u>				
AC appliances draws too much power	Use bigger Skanbatt inverter				
Poor connection	Check the connection and tighten it				
PROBLEM: Battery run time is less than expected.					
AC product power consumption is higher than rated.	Use a larger battery to make up for increased power requirement.				
Battery is old or defective.	Replace battery.				
Battery is not being properly charged.	Many simple chargers are unable to charge a battery fully.				
	Replace charger with better charger. Use shorter/heavier DC cables.				
PROBLEM: AC electric appliances does	not work, and red FAULT light ON.				
Overload shut off due to rated power of appliances exceeding the inverter's rated power.	Use appliances have power below the inverter's rated continuous output power;				
AC product is rated less than the rated continuous output power; high starting surge has caused overload shutdown.	Product exceeds inverter's surge capability. Use a product with starting surge power within the inverter's capability.				
Battery is discharged (alarm is sounding).	Recharge battery.				
Inverter has overheated due to poor ventilation and has caused over temperature shutdown.	Switch inverter OFF and allow to cool for 15 minutes. Clear blocked fan or remove objects covering unit. Relocate unit to a cooler environment. Reduce load if continuous operation is required, restart.				
Input voltage is greater than 16.0V	Verify charging system is properly regulated, and battery is 12/12,8V DC nominal.				





WARNING: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK - DO NOT OPEN