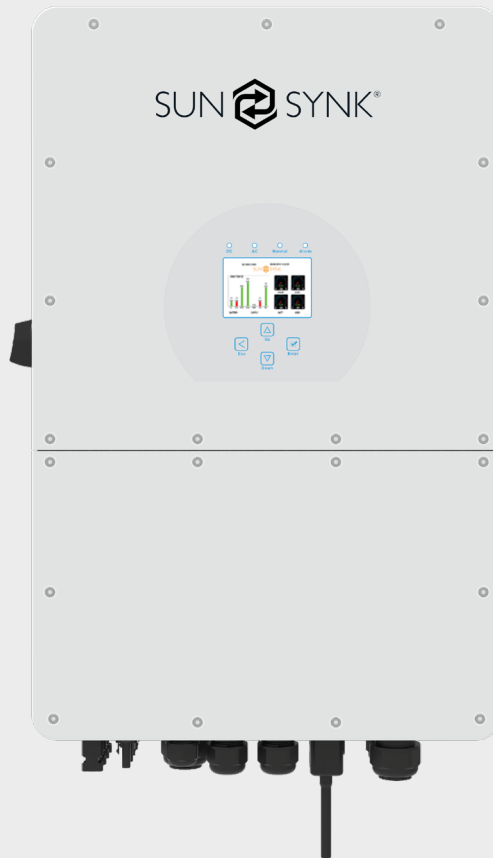




THREE-PHASE HYBRID INVERTER



USER MANUAL

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2/SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2
SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2/SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2
SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2/SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2
SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2/SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2

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v.7 (03/26/24)



**PLEASE RETAIN FOR
FUTURE REFERENCE**

PREFACE

This User Manual contains information for proper installation, operation, maintenance, and care of the Sunsynk Three-Phase Hybrid Inverter. A deep understanding of the instructions described in this document will help you get the most out of your new inverter.

This document should be read thoroughly, and all the procedures described in this manual should be followed carefully. If you have questions or concerns about this product's operation and maintenance, please get in touch with our customer support.

All personnel involved in this machine's installation, setup, operation, maintenance, and repair should read and understand this manual, mainly its safety instructions. Substandard performance and longevity, property damage, and personal injury may result from not knowing and following these instructions.

In order to ensure long product life, Sunsynk recommends that you utilize the product and perform maintenance by correctly following the instructions described in this guide. The manufacturer's warranty does not cover any damage resulting from the neglect of these instructions.

Sunsynk assumes no liability for damage caused by the operation contrary to what is specified in this operating manual.

All information in this User Manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing approval. Sunsynk reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

Please always keep this manual with the inverter as a reference for everyone using this product.

Table of Contents

SAFETY	4	Status Page	36
General Safety	4	System Flow Page	37
Symbols/Safety Signs	4	Setup Page	38
Safety Instructions	6	Basic Setup	39
Product Disposal	6	Set Time (Clock)	39
		Set Company Name / Beeper / Auto dim	39
PRODUCT INTRODUCTION	7	Factory Reset and Lock Code	40
System Overview	7	Inverter Remote Control	41
Product Size	8	Battery Setup Page	41
Features	9	Generator & Battery Page	42
Basic System Architecture	10	Battery Discharge Page	44
Product Handling Requirements	10	Setting Up a Lithium Battery	45
		Program Charge & Discharge Times	48
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	11	Grid Supply Page	52
		Paralleling Inverters Advanced Settings	55
INSTALLATION	15	Connecting the DRM's	58
Parts List	15	Solar Power Generated	59
Selecting the Mounting Area	16	Grid Power	59
Mounting the Inverter	17	Advanced Settings for Wind Turbines	60
Battery Connection	18	Advanced Settings for Auxiliary Load	61
Function Port Definition	20	OPERATION MODES	63
Grid and Backup Load Connection	21	Mode I: Basic	63
PV Connection	22	Mode II: With Generator	63
PV Module Selection	22	Mode III: With Aux-Load	64
PV Module Wiring	22	Mode IV: AC Couple	64
Connecting the CT Coil	25	FAULT CODES	65
Meter Connection	26	COMMISSIONING	70
CHiNT Meter	26	Start-Up / Shutdown Procedure	70
CHiNT Meter with CT Coil	27	Inverter Commissioning Info	70
Earth Connection (MANDATORY)	28	GDFI Fault	71
Wiring System for Inverter	29	MAINTENANCE	71
Wiring Diagram	30	APPENDIX A	72
Typical Application of Diesel Generator	32	APPENDIX B	74
Three Phase Parallel Connection	33		
OPERATION	34		
Switching ON/OFF	34		
Display	34		
LED Indicators	34		
Function Buttons	34		
LCD Operation Flow Chart	35		
Home Page	36		




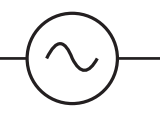
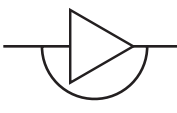
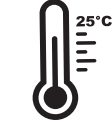

SAFETY

General Safety

- This device should only be used in accordance with the instructions within this manual and in compliance with local, regional, and national laws and regulations. Only allow this device to be installed, operated, maintained, and repaired by other people who have read and understood this manual. Ensure the manual is included with this device should it be passed to a third party.
- DO NOT allow minors, untrained personnel, or person(s) suffering from a physical or mental impairment that would affect their ability to follow this manual, install, maintain or repair this device.
- Any untrained personnel who might get near this device while it is in operation MUST be informed that it is dangerous and instructed carefully on how to avoid injury.

Symbols/Safety Signs

	This symbol indicates information that if ignored, could result in personal injury, physical damage or even death due to incorrect handling.		CE mark is attached to the solar inverter to verify that the unit follows the provisions of the European Low Voltage and EMC Directives.
	Risk of burn.		Keep the equipment well-ventilated.
	Risk of electric shock. DO NOT touch the terminal or remove the shell within 5 minutes after disconnecting all power.		The UKCA marking is used for products placed on the market in Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales). The UKCA marking applies to most products for which the CE marking could be used.
	This product's batteries contain an explosive, self-reactive material that could blow up when heated.		Do not disassemble or alter the battery in any way. Do not strike or puncture the battery.
	The Battery is heavy and can cause injury if not handled safely.		ONLY qualified personnel should install or perform maintenance work on the units.
	Be careful when touching the inverter! It is an electrical product with risk of electric shock and heating.		Warranty Void if Seal is Broken
	Do not place near open fire or incinerate. Do not use near heaters or hot temperature sources.		Keep the product out of reach of children!
	Do not stand on.		Avoid unsuitable shoes for installing and operating the inverter.
	Do not step or put any objects onto the battery.		Do not drop, deform, or impact the battery.

	Single Phase.		Three Phase.
	Protective Conductor Terminal or Earth Ground Terminal.		Rechargeable.
	Do not submerge the battery in water or expose it to moisture or liquid		Keep out of reach of children, animals, and insects.
	Do not expose the product to sunlight.		Inverter DC to AC.
	Li-ion Battery.		Net Weight in Kilograms.
	BATTERY INPUT Battery Discharge Voltage, Battery Discharge Current, Input Voltage Type, Battery Discharge Power.		PV INPUT PV Input Voltage, Number of MPPT's, MPPT Input Current & Max PV ISC.
	Direct Current.		Indicates that this product is recyclable.
	AC OUTPUT Output Voltage, Input Voltage Type, Ac Output Rated Current, Max AC Current, Output Frequency, Max AC ISC, Power Factor & AC Output Rated Power.		CONTINUOUS OUTPUT CURRENT Maximum Continuous Output Current, Output Frequency and Voltage, & AUX (programmable AC output on battery SOC).
	Charging.		Discharging.
	Follow the indicated temperatures.		TEMPERATURE Ambient, Min & Max.
	MANUAL DOWNLOAD Download the latest version of the instruction manual by scanning the QR code.		WARRANTY REGISTRATION Scan the QR code to access our web-site and sign up for the manufacturer's warranty.
	Do not dispose the device, accessories, and packaging with regular waste. Follow local ordinances or contact the manufacturer for disposal guidance.		Refer to the operating instructions. Contact the supplier within 24 hours if there is anything wrong. In case of leakage contact with eyes or skin, immediately clean with water and seek help from a doctor.

Safety Instructions



WARNING

HIGH LIFE RISK DUE TO FIRE OR ELECTROCUTION.

Sunsynk Three-Phase Hybrid Inverter can only be installed by a qualified licensed electrical contractor. This is not a DIY product.

- This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Before using the inverter, please read the instructions and warning signs of the battery and corresponding sections in the instruction manual.
- Do not disassemble the inverter. If you need maintenance or repair, take it to a professional service center.
- Improper reassembly may result in electric shock or fire.
- To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wires before attempting any maintenance or cleaning.
- Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- Never charge a frozen battery.
- For optimum operation of this inverter, please follow required specification to select appropriate cable size. It is very important to correctly operate this inverter.
- Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. Dropping a tool may cause a spark or short circuit in batteries or other electrical parts, even cause an explosion.
- Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals.
- Please refer to "Installation" section of this manual for the details.
- Grounding instructions - this inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- Never cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do not connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.

Product Disposal

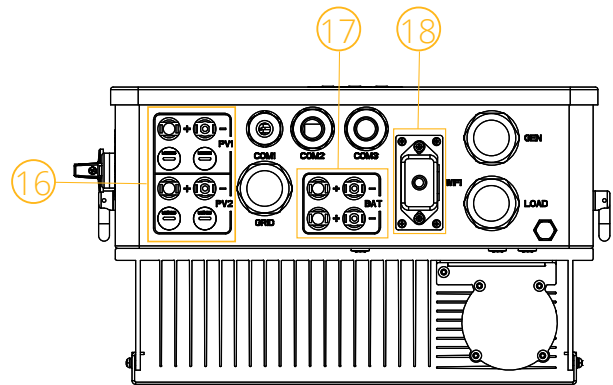
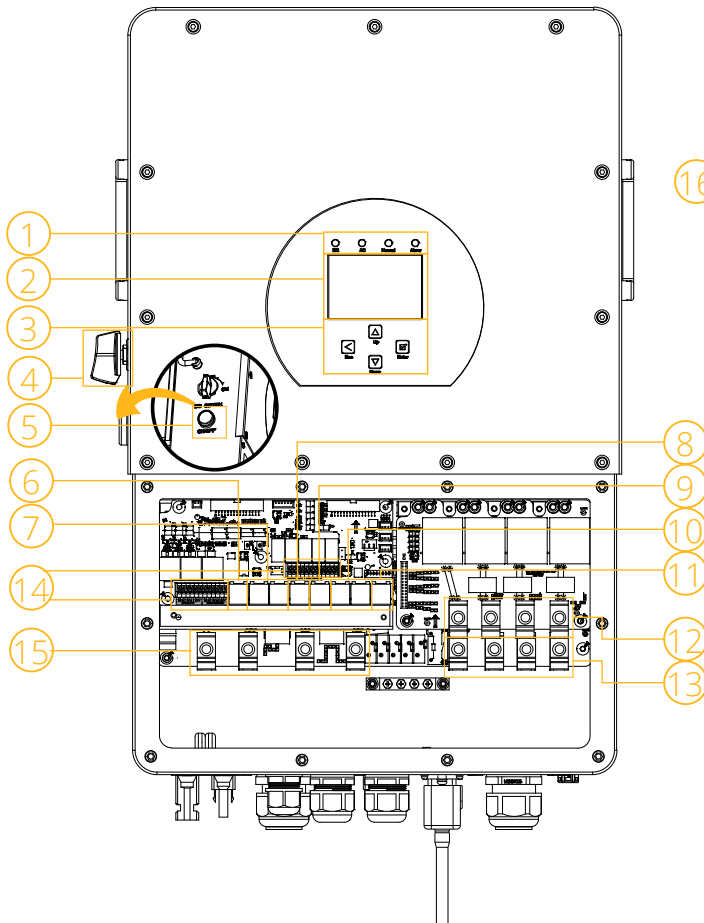
DO NOT dispose this product with domestic waste!

Electrical devices should be disposed of in accordance with regional directives on electronic and/ or electronic-waste disposal. In case of further questions, please consult your supplier. In some cases, the supplier can take care of proper disposal.

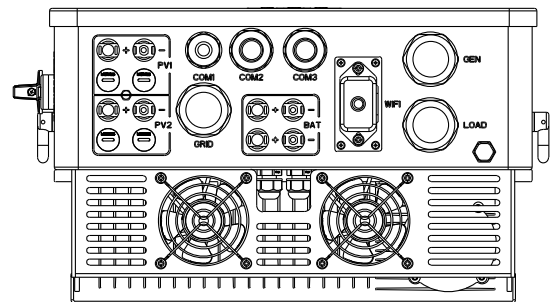
PRODUCT INTRODUCTION

The Sunsynk Three-Phase Hybrid Inverter is a multifunctional inverter, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user configurable and easy accessible button operation such as battery charging, AC/solar charging, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

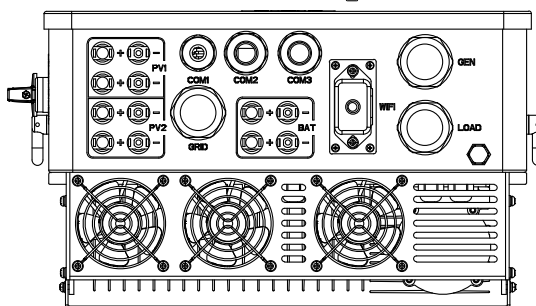
System Overview



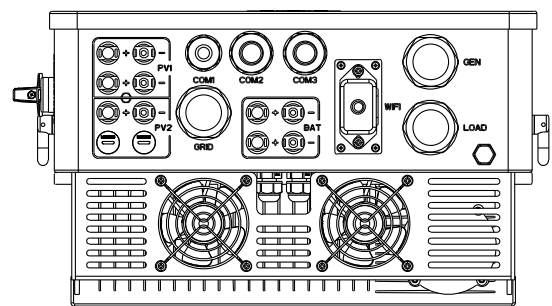
SUNSYNK-5/6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2



SUNSYNK-8/10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2



SUNSYNK-20/25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2

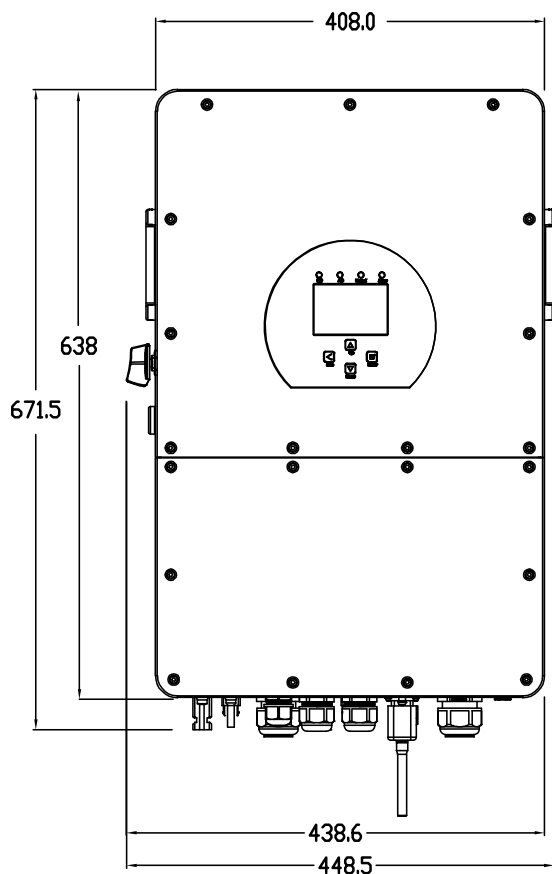


SUNSYNK-12/15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2

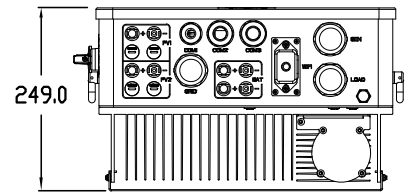
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|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Inverter Indicators | 7. Parallel Port |
| 2. LCD Display | 8. CAN Port |
| 3. Function Buttons | 9. DRM Port |
| 4. DC switch | 10. BMS Port |
| 5. Power on/off button | 11. RS485 Port |
| 6. Meter Port | 12. Generator Input |

- | |
|--------------------|
| 13. Load |
| 14. Function Port |
| 15. Grid |
| 16. PV Input |
| 17. Battery Input |
| 18. WiFi Interface |

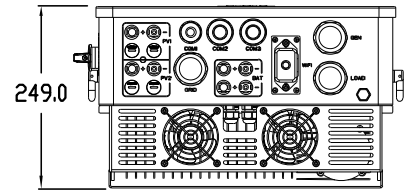
Product Size



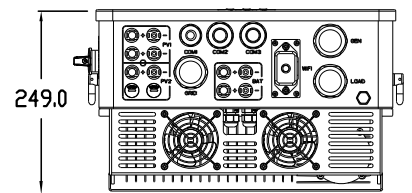
Inverter Size



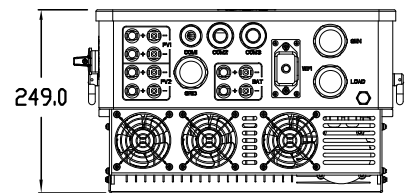
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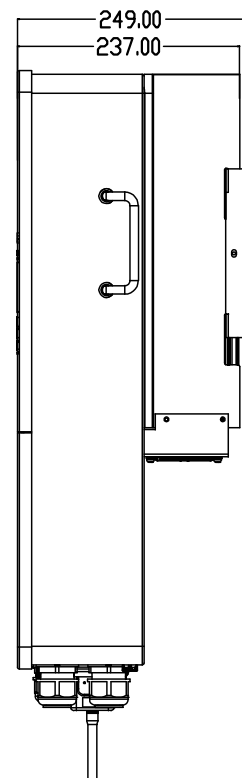
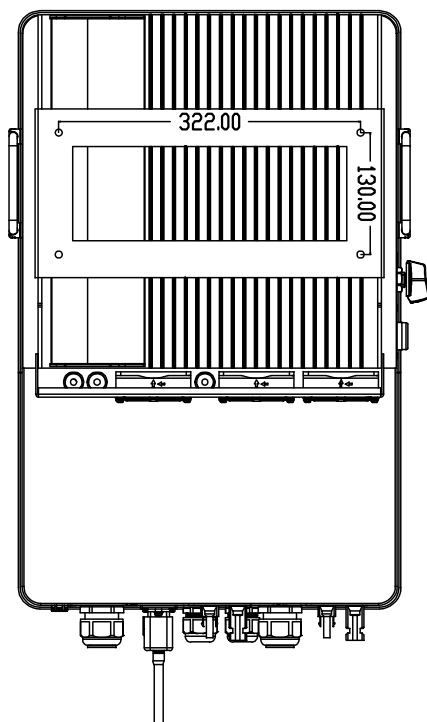
SUNSYNK-8/10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2



SUNSYNK-12/15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2



SUNSYNK-20/25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2



Features

INTERACTIVE

- Easy and straightforward to understand LCD display;
- Supporting Wi-Fi or GSM monitoring;
- Visual power flow screen;
- Built-in 2 strings for 1 MPP tracker and 1 string for 1 MPP tracker;
- Smart settable 3-stage MPPT charging for optimised battery performance;
- Auxiliary load function;
- Multi-inverter function: grid-tied and off-grid;

COMPATIBLE

- Compatible with mains electrical grid voltages or power generators;
- Compatible with wind turbines;
- 230V/400V Three-phase Pure Sinewave Inverter;
- It can power up both single-phase and 3-phase loads;
- Self-consumption and feed-in to the grid;
- Auto restart while AC is recovering;
- Maximum charging/discharging current of 50A + 50A;
- DC and AC coupled to retrofit existing solar system;
- Compatible with high-voltage batteries (600V);

CONFIGURABLE

- Fully programmable controller;
- Programmable supply priority for battery or grid;
- Programmable multiple operation modes: on-grid/off-grid & UPS;
- Configurable battery charging - current/voltage based on applications by LCD setting;
- Configurable AC / solar / generator charger priority by LCD setting;
- 6 time periods for battery charging/discharging;

SECURE

- Overload/over-temperature/short-circuit protection;
- Smart battery charger design for optimised battery protection;
- Limiting function installed to prevent excess power overflow to the grid;
- Isolation transformer design;

APPLICATIONS

- Marine (vessel power management);
- Power shedding (home/office/factory);
- UPS (fuel-saving systems);
- Remote locations with solar and wind generators;
- Building sites;
- Telecommunication;

Basic System Architecture

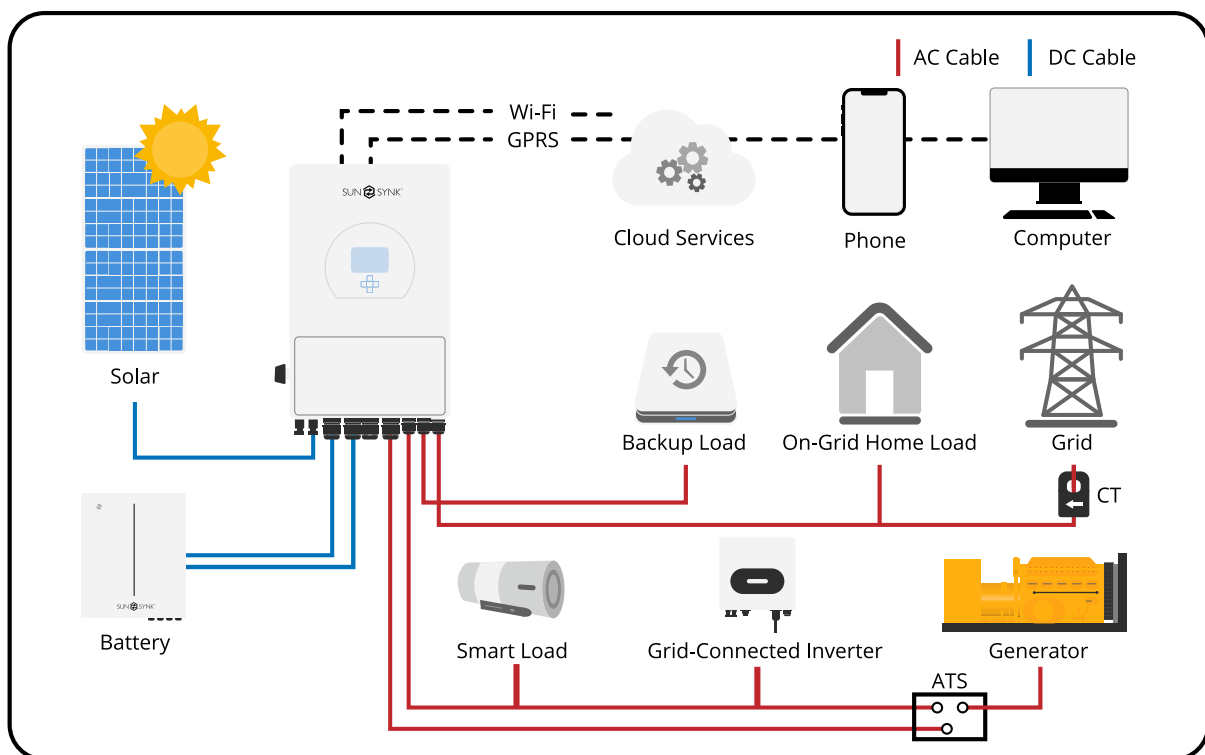
The following diagram explains the basic application and architecture of this 3-Phase Inverter.

It also includes the following devices to have a Complete running system.

- Generator or Utility
- PV modules
- Batteries
- Normal and smart loads
- Monitoring system

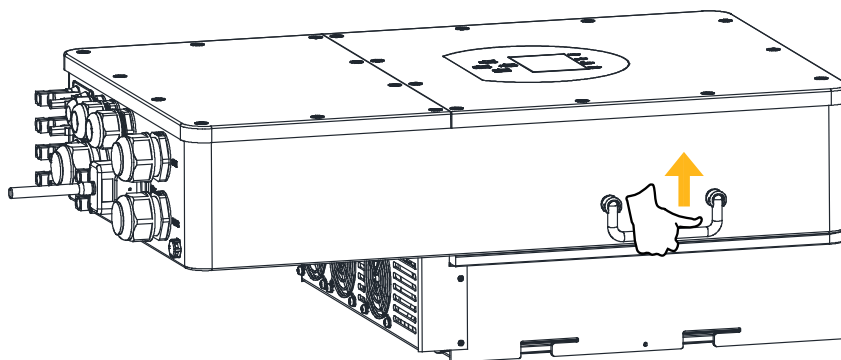
Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in the home or one environment, including motor-type appliances such as refrigerators and air conditioners.



Product Handling Requirements

Two people stand on both sides of the machine, holding two handles to lift the machine.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2
Battery Input Data				
Battery Type	Li-Ion			
Battery Voltage Range	160~700V			
Max. Charging Current	30A		37A	
Max. Discharging Current	30A		37A	
Number of battery input	1			
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery	Self-adaption to BMS			
PV String Input Data				
Max. DC Input Power	6500W	78000W	10400W	13000W
Max. DC Input Voltage	1000V			
Start-up Voltage	180V			
MPPT Range	150-850V			
Full Load DC Voltage Range	195-850V	195-850V	260-850V	325-850V
Rated DC Input Voltage	600V			
PV Input Current	20+20A	20+20A	20+20A	20+20A
Max. PV Isc	30+30A	30+30A	30+30A	30+30A
No. Of MPPT Trackers	2			
No. Of Strings Per MPPT Tracker	1+1	1+1	1+1	1+1
AC Output Data				
Rated AC Output and UPS Power	5000W	6000W	8000W	10000W
Max. AC Output Power	5500W	6500W	8800W	11000W
Peak Power(off grid)	1.5 time of rated power, 10 S			
AC Output Rated Current	7.6/7.3A	9.1/8.7A	12.2/11.6A	15.2/14.5A
Max. AC Current	8.4/8.0A	10/9.6A	13.4/12.8A	16.7/16A
Max. Three-phase Unbalanced Output Current	13A	13A	13A	22A
Max. Continuous AC Pass through	40A			
Power Factor	0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging			
Output Frequency and Voltage	50/60Hz; 3L/N/PE 220/380, 230/400Vac			
Grid Type	Three Phase			
total Harmonic Distortion	<3% THD (of nominal power)			
DC injection current (mA)	<0.5%In			
Efficiency				
Max. Efficiency	97.60%			
Euro Efficiency	97.00%			
MPPT Efficiency	>99%			
Protection				
Integrated	PV Input Lightning Protection, Anti-islanding Protection, PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection, Insulation Resistor Detection, Residual Current Monitoring Unit, Output Over Current Protection, Output Shorted Protection			
Output Over Voltage Protection	DC Type II / AC Type III			
Battery Over Current Protection	Fuses			

Certifications and Standards		
Grid Regulation	EN 50549-1, AS-NZS 4777.2, NRS 097-2-1; Additional connections available upon request	
EMC/Safety Regulation	IEC/EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4, IEC/EN 62109-1, IEC/EN 62109-2	
General Data		
Operating Temperature Rande	-40~60 °C, >45 °C Derating	
Cooling	Free Cooling	Intelligent Cooling
Noise	≤55 dB	
Communication with BMS	CAN	
Net Weight	32.50 Kg	
Gross Weight	38.50 Kg	
Size	408W×638H×237D mm (Excluding connectors and brackets)	
Protection Degree	IP65	
Installation Style	Wall-mounted	
Warranty	5 years	

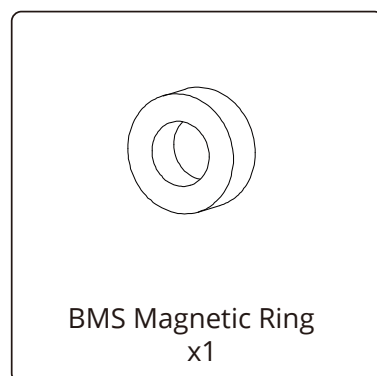
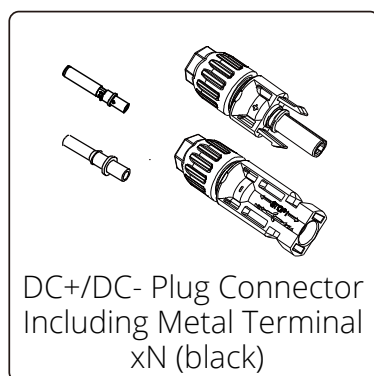
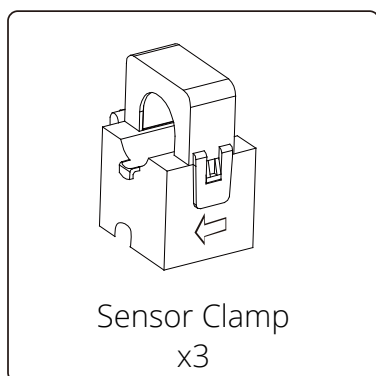
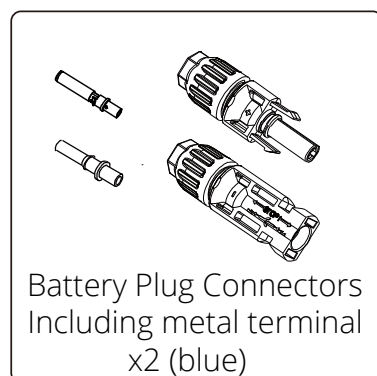
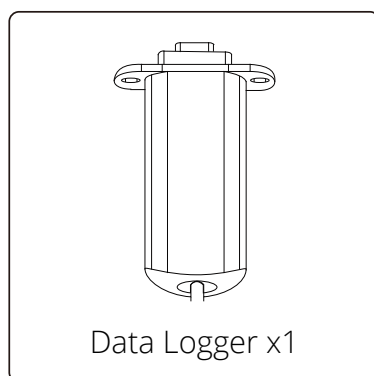
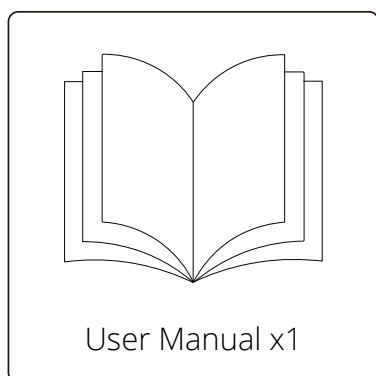
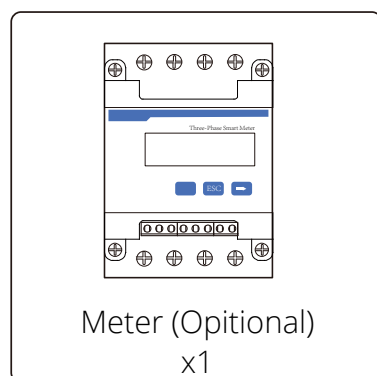
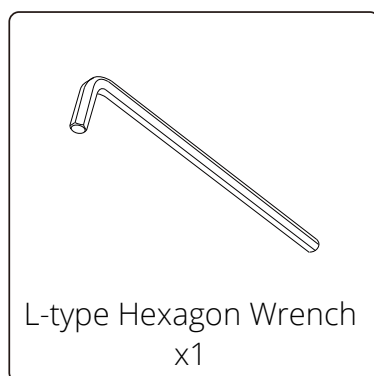
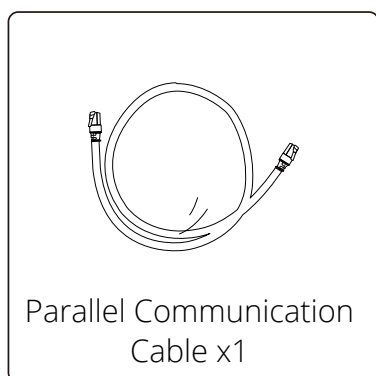
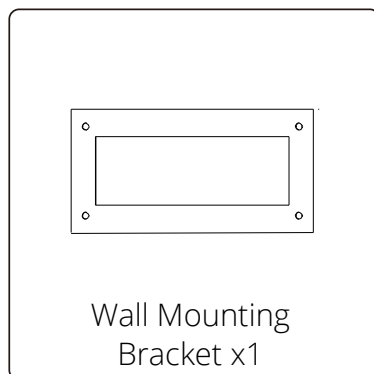
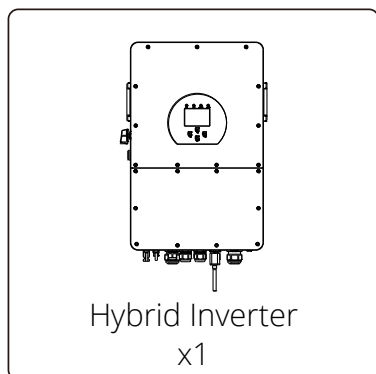
Model	SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2	SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2
Battery Input Data				
Battery Type	Li-Ion			
Battery Voltage Range	160~700V			
Max. Charging Current	37A			50A
Max. Discharging Current	37A			50A
Number of battery input	1			
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery	Self-adaption to BMS			
PV String Input Data				
Max. DC Input Power	15600W	19500W	26000W	32500W
Max. DC Input Voltage	1000V			
Start-up Voltage	180V			
MPPT Range	150-850V			
Full Load DC Voltage Range	340-850V	420-850V	500-850V	625-850V
Rated DC Input Voltage	600V			
PV Input Current	26+20A	26+20A	26+26A	26+26A
Max. PV Isc	39+30A	39+30A	39+39A	39+39A
No. Of MPPT Trackers	2			
No. Of Strings Per MPPT Tracker	2+1	2+1	2+2	2+2
AC Output Data				
Rated AC Output and UPS Power	12000W	15000W	20000W	25000W
Max. AC Output Power	13200W	16500W	22000W	27500W
Peak Power(off grid)	1.5 time of rated power, 10 S			
AC Output Rated Current	18.2/17.4A	22.8/21.8A	30.4/29A	37.9/36.3A
Max. AC Current	20/19.2A	25/24A	33.4/31.9A	41.7/39.9A
Max. Three-phase Unbalanced Output Current	25A	30A	35A	41.7A
Max. Continuous AC Pass through	80A			
Power Factor	0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging			
Output Frequency and Voltage	50/60Hz; 3L/N/PE 220/380, 230/400Vac			
Grid Type	Three Phase			
total Harmonic Distortion	<3% THD (of nominal power)			
DC injection current (mA)	<0.5%1n			
Efficiency				
Max. Efficiency	97.60%			
Euro Efficiency	97.00%			
MPPT Efficiency	>99%			
Protection				
Integrated	PV Input Lightning Protection, Anti-islanding Protection, PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection, Insulation Resistor Detection, Residual Current Monitoring Unit, Output Over Current Protection, Output Shorted Protection			
Output Over Voltage Protection	DC Type II / AC Type III			
Battery Over Current Protection	Fuses			

Certifications and Standards	
Grid Regulation	EN 50549-1, AS-NZS 4777.2, NRS 097-2-1; Additional connections available upon request
EMC/Safety Regulation	IEC/EN 61000-6-1/2/3/4, IEC/EN 62109-1, IEC/EN 62109-2
General Data	
Operating Temperature Range	-40~60 °C, >45 °C Derating
Cooling	Intelligent Cooling
Noise	≤55 dB
Communication with BMS	CAN
Net Weight	32.50 Kg
Gross Weight	38.50 Kg
Size	408W×638H×237D mm (Excluding connectors and brackets)
Protection Degree	IP65
Installation Style	Wall-mounted
Warranty	5 years

INSTALLATION

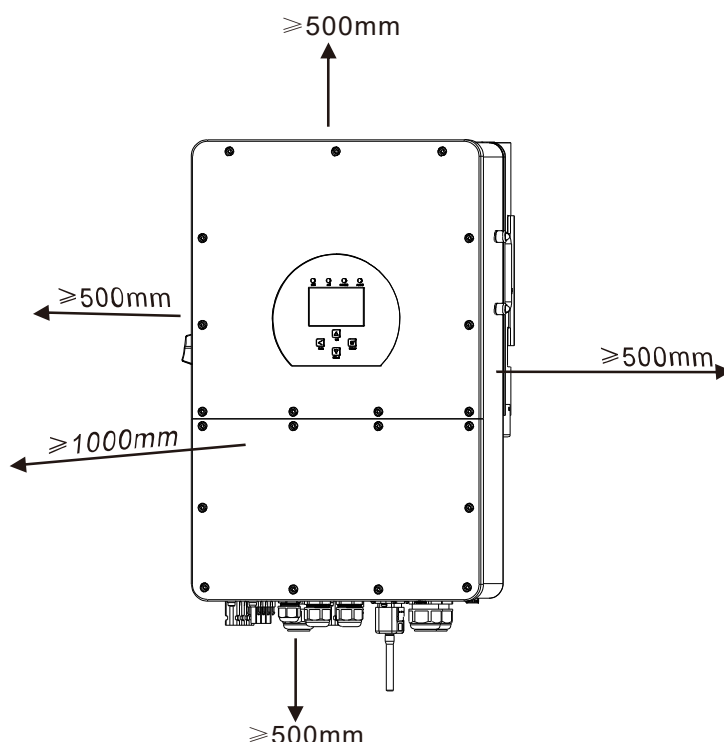
Parts List

Check the equipment before installation. Please make sure nothing is damaged in the package. You should have received the items in the following package:



Selecting the Mounting Area

For proper heat dissipation, allow a clearance of approximately 500mm to the side, 500mm above and below the unit, and 1000mm to the front of the unit.



DO NOT install the inverter in the following areas:

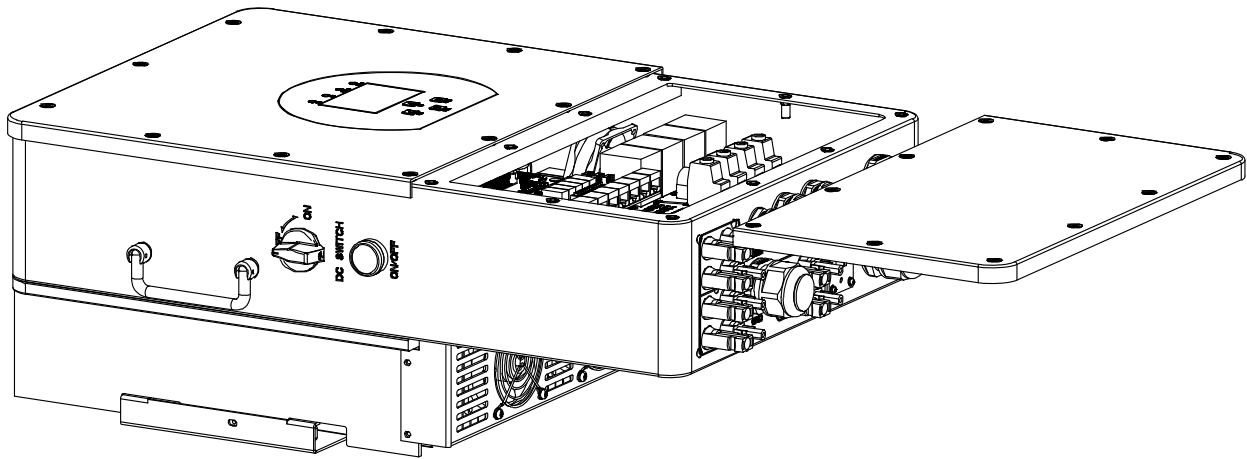
- Areas with high salt content, such as the marine environment. It will deteriorate the metal parts and possibly lead to water/dampness penetrating the unit.
- Areas filled with mineral oil or containing splashed oil or steam, such as those found in kitchens. It will deteriorate plastic parts of the unit, causing those parts to fail or allowing water/damp to penetrate the unit.
- Areas that generate substances that adversely affect the equipment, such as sulphuric gas, chlorine gas, acid, or alkali. These can cause the copper pipes and brazed joints to corrode and fail to conduct electricity reliably.
- Areas that can cause combustible gas to leak, which contains suspended carbon-fibre or flammable dust, or volatile inflammable such as paint thinner or gasoline.
- Areas where there may be gas leaks and where gas may settle around the unit as this is a fire risk.
- Areas where animals may urinate on the unit or ammonia may be generated.
- High altitude areas (over 2000 metres above sea level).
- Environments where precipitation or humidity is above 95%
- Areas where the air circulation is too low.

ALSO CONSIDER:

- Installing the indoor unit, outdoor unit, power supply cable, transmission cable, and remote control cable at least 1 metre away from any television or radio receiver. This will prevent TV reception interference or radio noise. This will prevent radio signal interference from external units that might interfere with the Wi-Fi or GSM monitoring.

- If children under 10 years old may approach the unit, take preventive measures so they cannot reach and touch the unit.
- Install the indoor unit on the wall where the floor height is higher than 1600mm.

Before connecting all wires, please take the metal cover off, removing the screws as shown below:



Mounting the Inverter

- Select installation locations that are adequate to support the weight of the converter.
- Install this inverter at eye level to allow the LCD to be read anytime.
- To ensure optimal operation, an appropriate ambient temperature is between -25 and 60°C.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces, as shown in the figure to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and have enough space to remove wires.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approximately 50cm to the side.



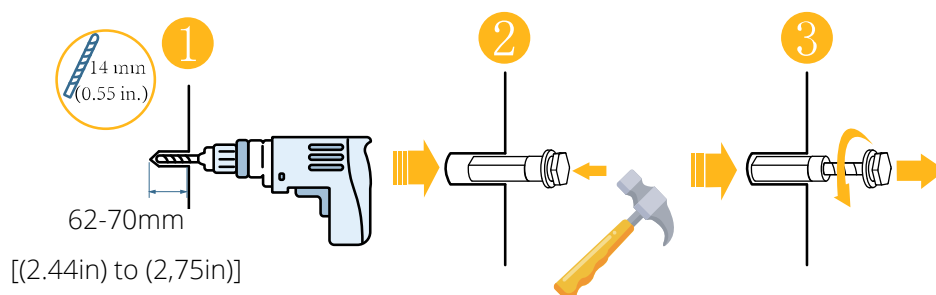
WARNING

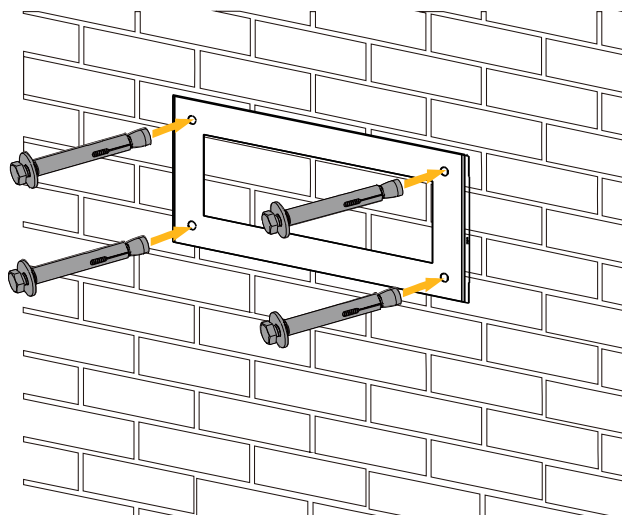
Risk of injury (Heavy Object).

Remember that this inverter is heavy, so users must carefully handle the unit during installation, especially when mounting or removing it from a wall.

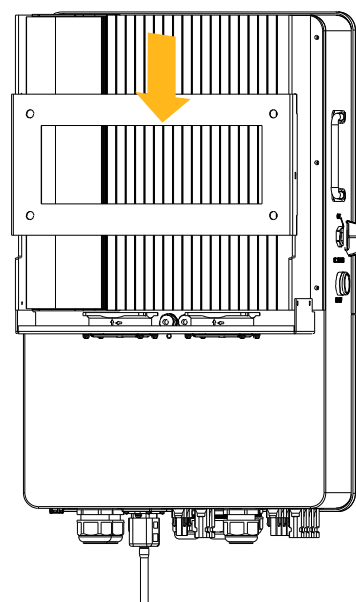
Choose the recommended drill head (as shown below) to drill 4 holes on the wall, 62-70mm deep.

1. Use a proper hammer to fit the expansion bolt into the holes.
2. Carry the inverter and hold it, ensure the hanger aims at the expansion bolt, and fix the inverter on the wall.
3. Fasten the screw head of the expansion bolt to finish the mounting.





Inverter Hanging Plate Installation



Battery Connection

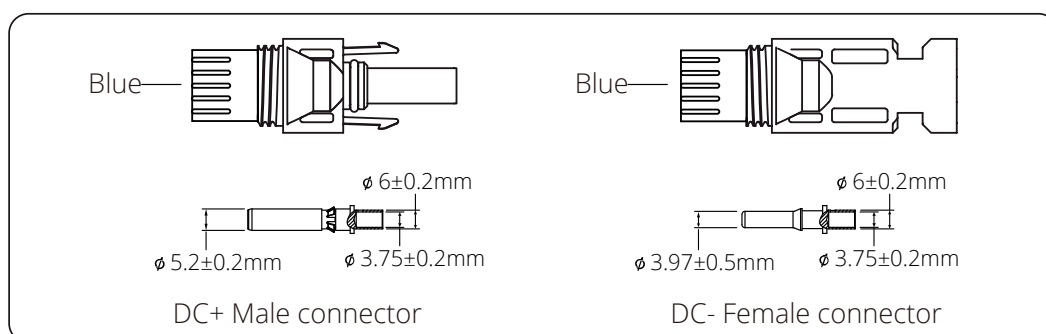
For safe operation and compliance, an individual DC overcurrent protector or disconnection device is required to connect the battery and the inverter. Users are recommended to utilise a suitable fuse and DC isolator (see next page). Switching devices may not be required in some applications, but overcurrent protectors must be used. Please refer to the typical amperage in the table below for the required fuse or circuit breaker size.



WARNING

All wiring/connecting must be performed by qualified personnel. In addition, connecting the battery with a suitable cable is essential for safe and efficient operation of the system.

Model	Cross section (mm ²)	
	Range	Recommended value
5/6/8/10/12/15/20/25kW	6~16 (10~6AWG)	10 (8AWG)



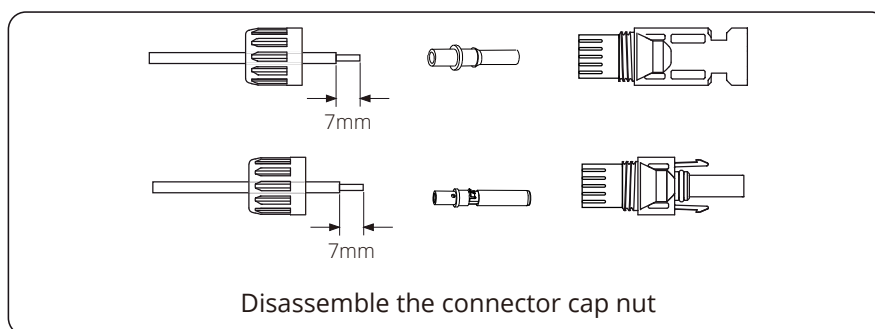
WARNING

Reverse Polarity.

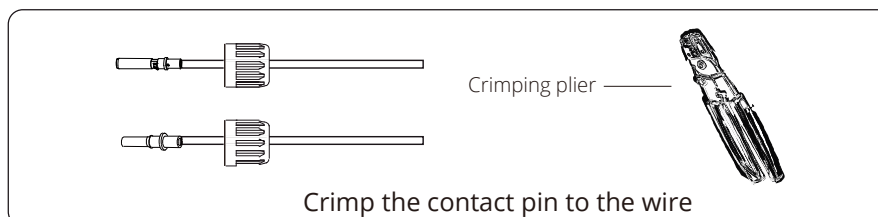
Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnect, be sure positive (+) must be connected to the positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to the negative (-). A reverse polarity connection on the battery will damage the inverter.

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

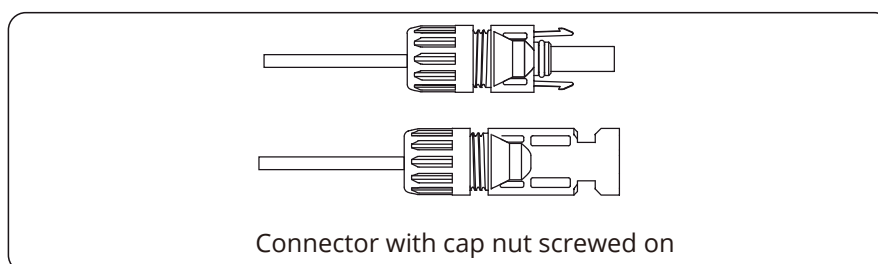
1. Strip off the DC wire about 7mm, and disassemble the connector cap nut:



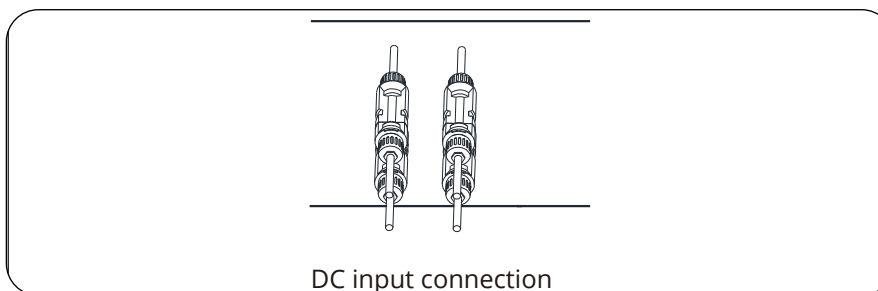
2. Crimping metal terminals with crimping pliers:



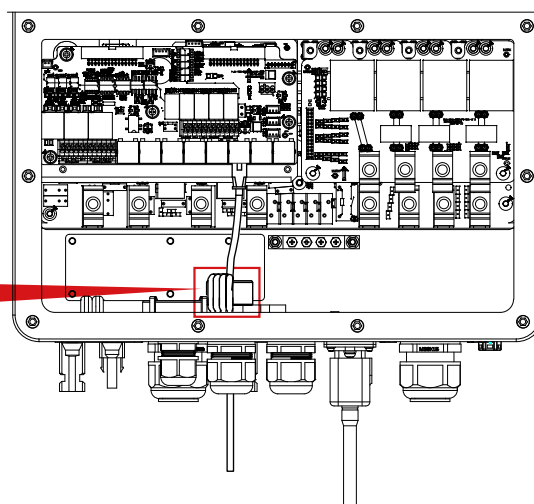
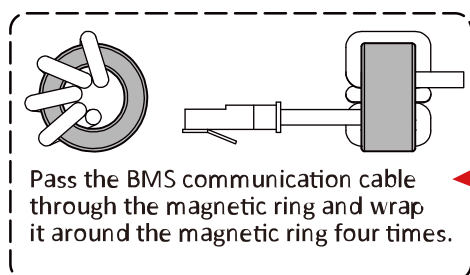
3. Insert the contact pin into the top part of the connector and screw up the cap nut to the top part of the connector:



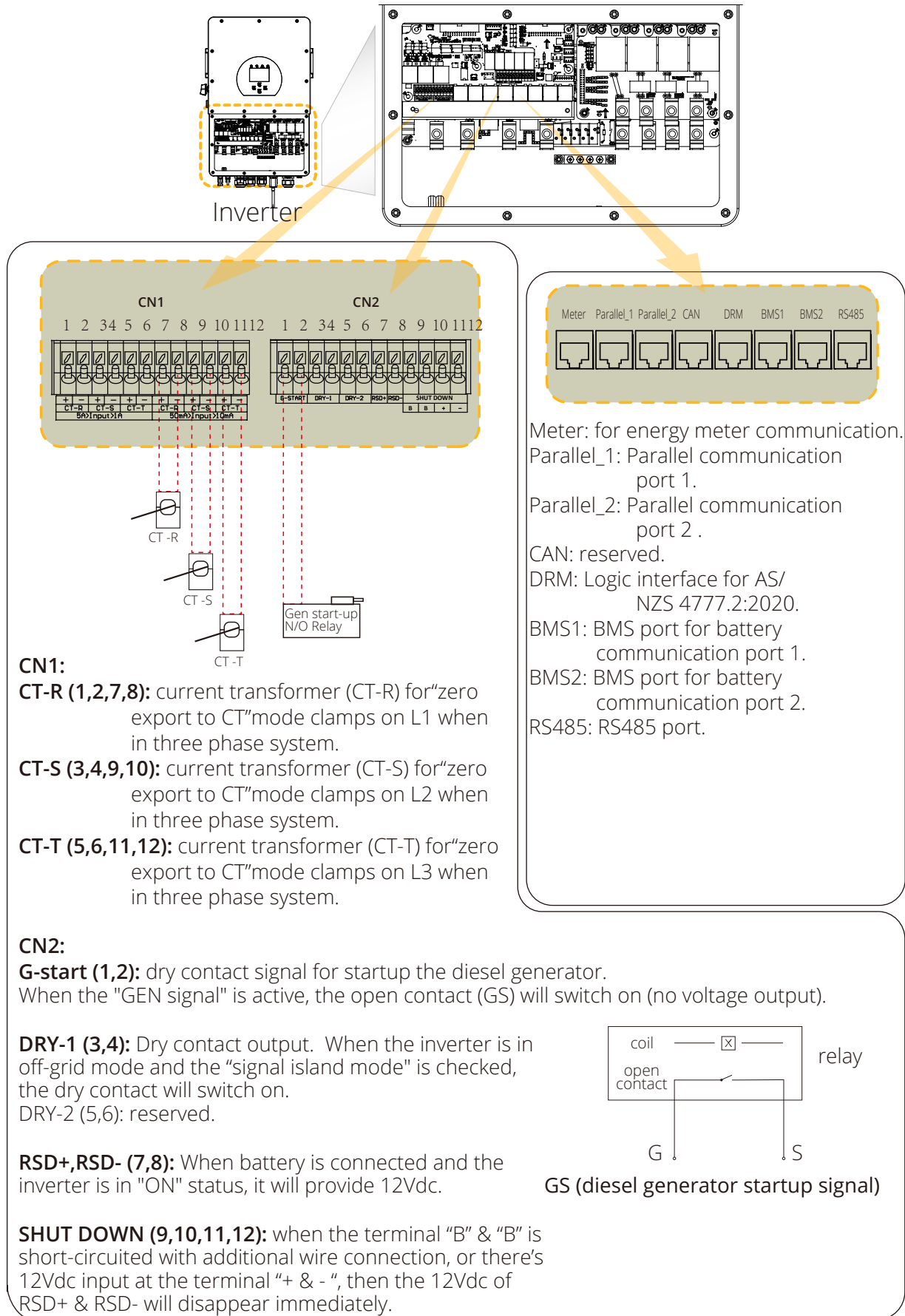
4. Finally, insert the DC connector into the positive and negative input of the inverter:



BMS connection



Function Port Definition



Grid and Backup Load Connection

Before connecting to the grid, please install a separate AC breaker between the inverter and the grid. Also, it is recommended that installs an AC breaker between the backup load and inverter. This will ensure that the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from overcurrent. For the 5/6/8/10/12/15/20/25kW model, the recommended AC breaker for the backup load is 100A. For the 5/6/8/10/12/15/20/25kW model, the recommended AC breaker for grid is 100A.

There are three terminal blocks marked as GRID, LOAD, and GEN. Please do not confuse input and output connections. External AC SPD is compulsory on all Sunsynk inverters.



WARNING

All wiring must be performed by qualified personnel. System safety and efficient operation need to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce the risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cables as below.

Grid connection and backup load connection (Copper Wires) (bypass)

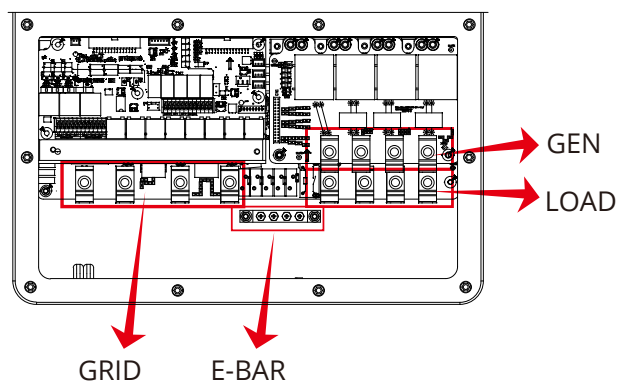
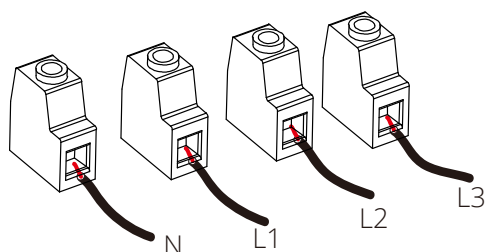
Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm ²)	Torque Value (max)
5/6/8/10kW	8AWG	8.4	3.4Nm
12/15/20/25kW	4AWG	21.1	4.0Nm

Grid connection and backup load connection (Copper Wires)

Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm ²)	Torque Value (max)
5/6kW	14AWG	2.1	2.8Nm
8/10/12kW	12AWG	3	2.8Nm
15kW	10AWG	5.3	2.8Nm
20/25kW	8AWG	8.4	3.4Nm

Please follow the steps below to implement GRID, LOAD, and GEN port connections:

1. Before making GRID, LOAD, and GEN port connections, make sure to turn off the AC breaker or disconnecter first.
2. Remove a 10mm sleeve from each wire, unscrew the bolts, insert the cables according to the polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Ensure the connection is complete.



WARNING

Ensure the AC power source is disconnected before attempting to wire it to the unit.

3. Then, insert AC output wires according to the polarities indicated on the terminal block and tighten the terminal. Make sure to connect corresponding N wires and PE wires to related terminals as well.
4. Ensure the wires are securely connected.
5. Appliances such as air conditioners require at least 2-3 minutes to restart because it requires enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside the circuit. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check with the air conditioner manufacturer if it is equipped with a time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter will trigger an overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance, but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner

PV Connection

Before connecting to PV modules, please install a separate DC circuit breaker between the inverter and PV modules. It is very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce the risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.



WARNING

To avoid malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible leakage current to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause leakage current to the inverter. When using PV modules, please ensure the PV+ & PV- of the solar panel are not connected to the system ground bar.

It is requested to use a PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage to the inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

PV Module Selection

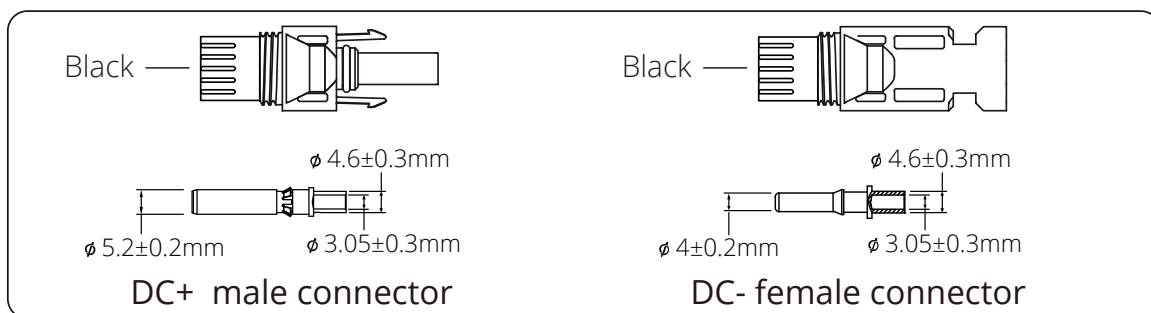
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit voltage (Voc) of PV modules can not exceed the max. PV array open circuit voltage of the inverter.
2. Open circuit voltage (Voc) should be higher than min. start voltage.
3. The PV modules connected to this inverter shall be Class A rating certified according to IEC 61730.

Inverter Model	5kW	6kW	8kW	10kW	12kW	15kW	20kW	25kW
PV Input Voltage	600V (180V~1000V)							
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	150-850V							
No. Of MPP Trackers	2							
No. Of Strings per MPP Tracker	1+1		2+1			2+2		

PV Module Wiring

1. Switch the Grid Supply Main Switch (AC) OFF.
2. Switch the DC isolator OFF.
3. Assemble PV input connector to the inverter.
4. Use the MC4 connectors supplied by Sunsynk with the inverter.



WARNING

Before connection, please ensure the polarity of the output voltage of the PV array matches the DC+ and DC- symbols.

Please do not connect the PV array's positive and negative poles to the ground. This can seriously damage the inverter.

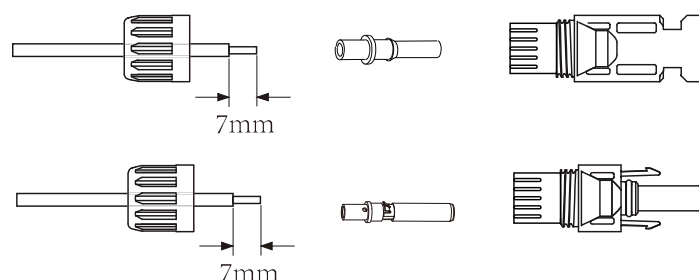
Before connecting the inverter, please make sure the PV array open-circuit voltage is within the maximum limit of the inverter.

Please utilise an approved DC cable for the PV system.

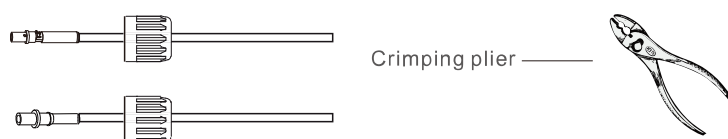
Cable Type	Cross Section (mm)	
	Range	Recommended Value
Industry generic PV cable (model: PV1-F)	2.5~6 (12~10AWG)	6 (10AWG)

The correct steps in assembling the DC connector are explained below:

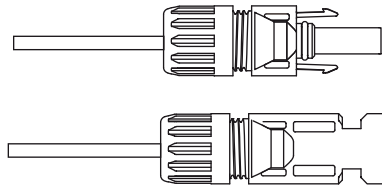
- Strip 7mm of the plastic coating off the DC wire and disassemble the connector cap nut.



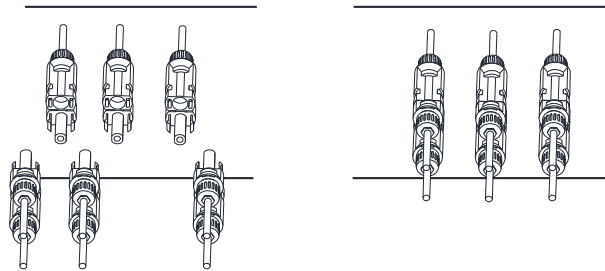
- Crimp metal terminals with crimping pliers.



3. Insert the contact pin into the connector housing until it locks into place. Then screw the cap nut onto the connector housing.



4. Finally, insert the DC connector into the positive and negative input of the inverter.



NOTE:

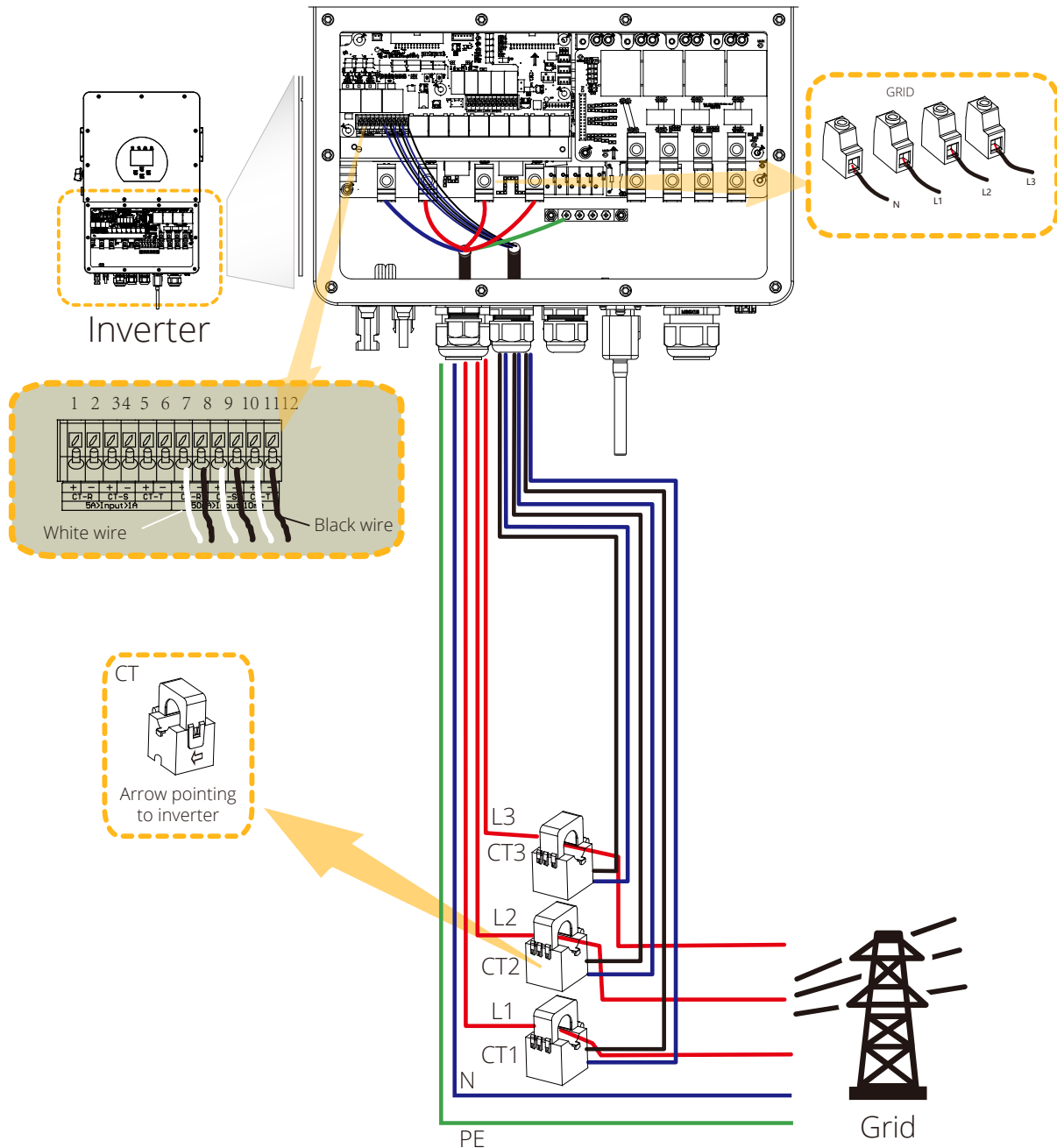
When sunlight falls on the solar panel, it will generate a voltage. A high voltage generated by panels in a series configuration may cause danger to life. Therefore, before connecting the DC-Input line, the solar panel's surface should be shielded from the sun's rays by some opaque material, and the DC switch should be off. This will prevent a high voltage from flowing to the inverter, thereby causing risk to persons conducting installation or maintenance.

Please use its own DC power connector from the inverter accessories. Do not interconnect the connectors of different manufacturers. Max. DC input current should be 20A. If it exceeds, it may damage the inverter, and it is not covered by Sunsynk warranty

Connecting the CT Coil

The CT coil is one of the most important parts of the Sunsynk inverter. This device reduces the power of the inverter to prevent feeding power to the grid. This feature is also known as “Zero Export”.

1. Fit the coil (sensor) around the live cable on the main fuse feeding the building and run the cable back to the inverter. If using an external meter, you can extend the cable for more than 10 metres. Please consult the meter manual on distance.
2. Connect the other end of the CT coil to the inverter terminals.



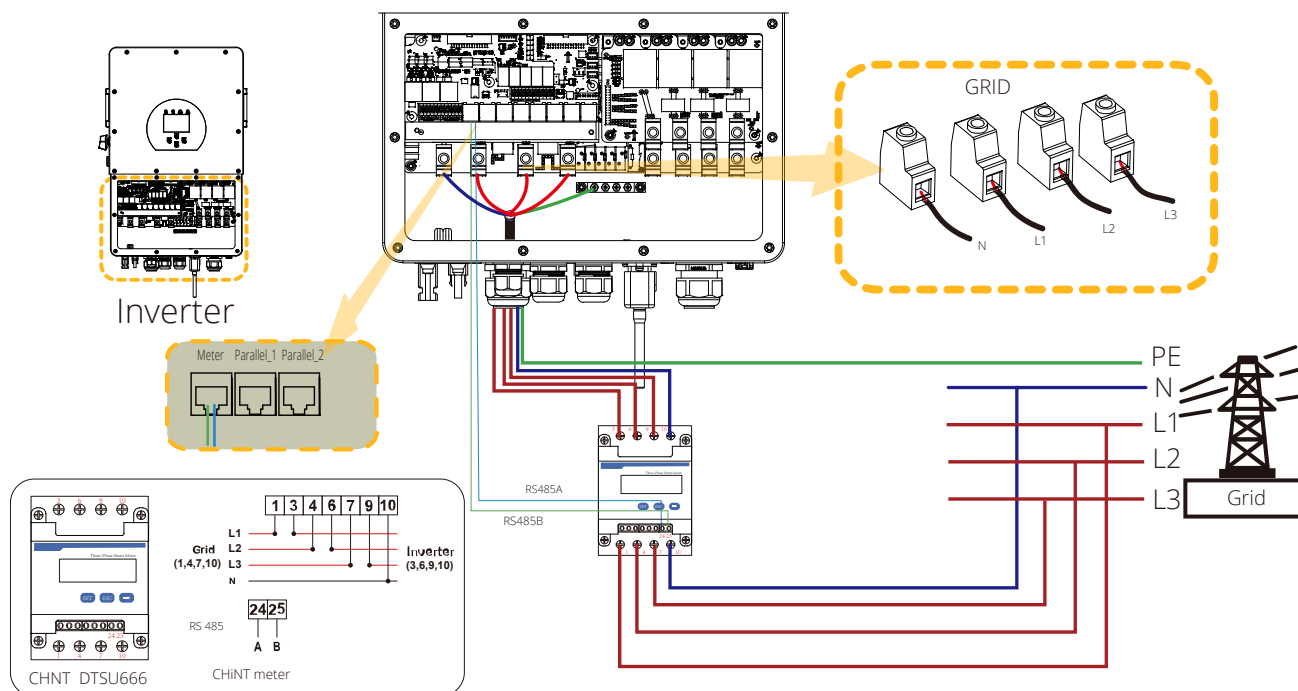
NOTE:

When the reading of the load power on the LCD is not correct, please reverse the CT arrow.

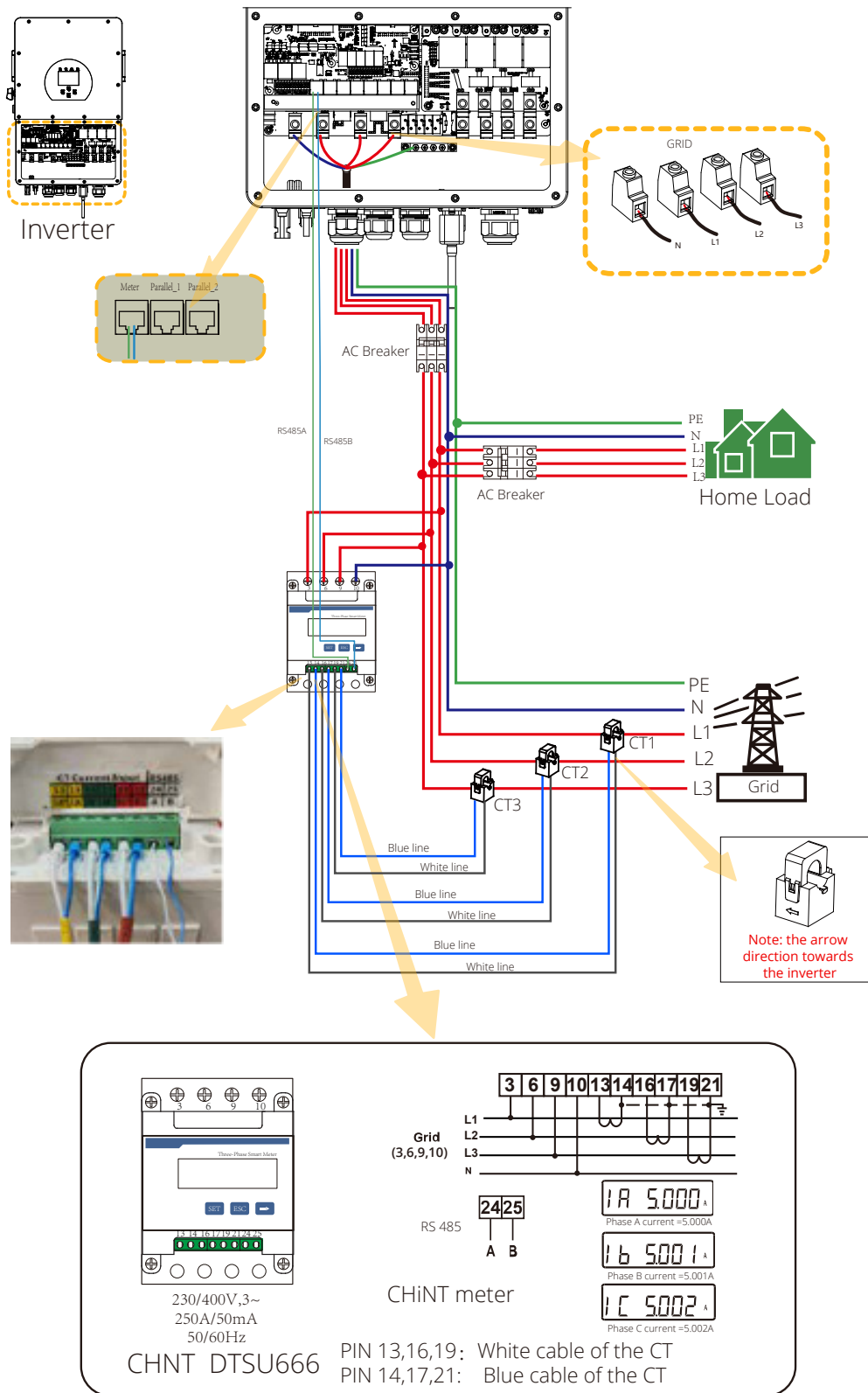
When the inverter is in the off-grid state, the N line needs to be connected to the earth.

Meter Connection

CHiNT Meter



CHiNT Meter with CT Coil



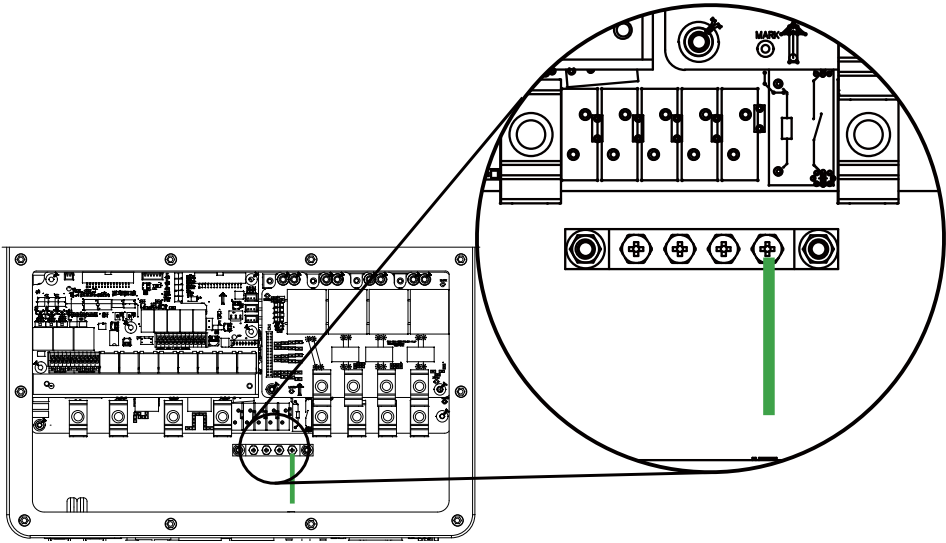
NOTE:

When the inverter is in the off-grid state, the N line needs to be connected to the earth.

In the final installation, a breaker certified according to IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-2 shall be installed with the equipment.

Earth Connection (MANDATORY)

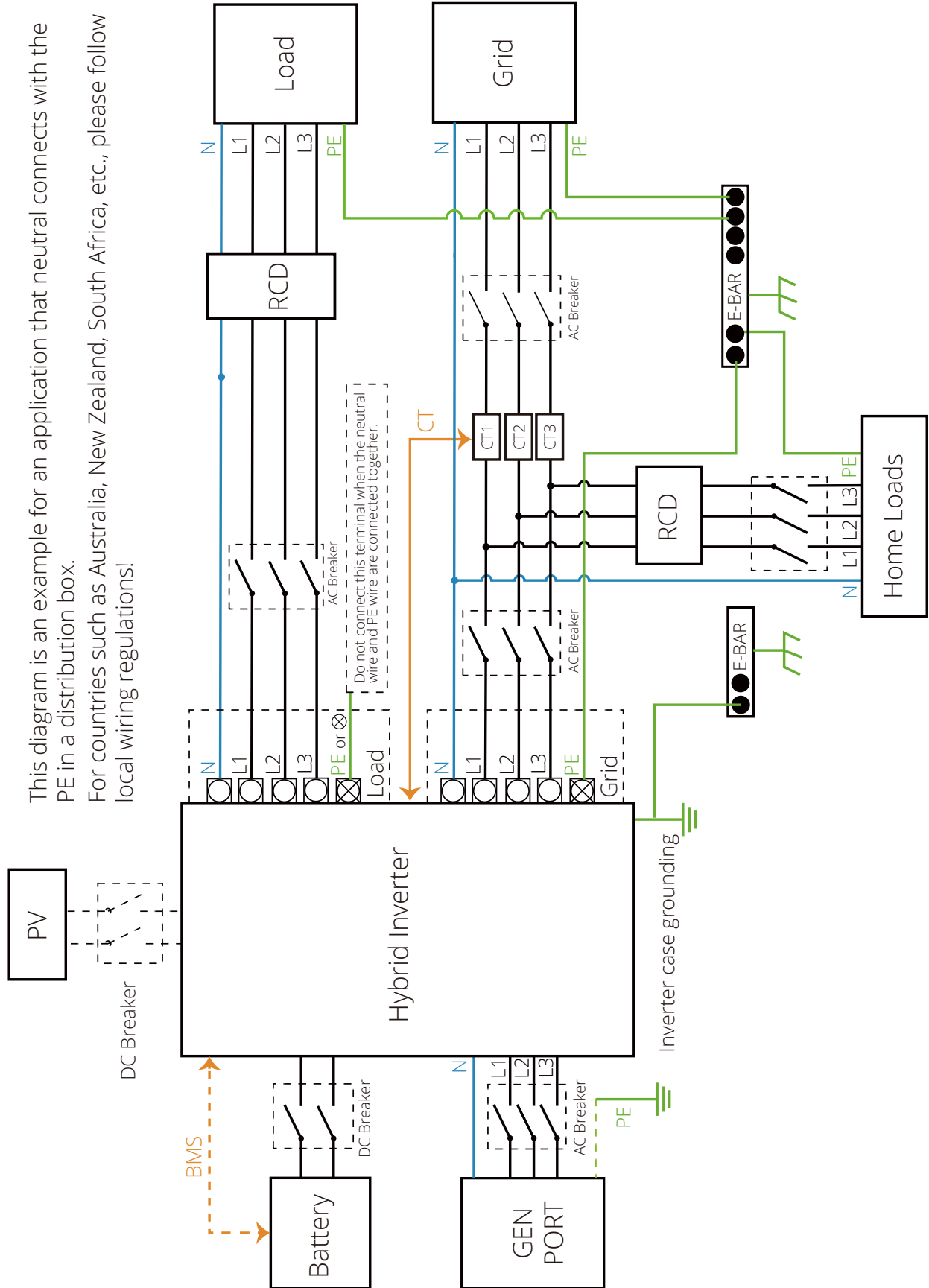
Ground cable shall be connected to ground plate on grid side this prevents electric shock if the original protective conductor fails.



Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm ²)	Torque Value (max)
5/6/8/10/12/15/20/25K	5 AWG	16	12.4Nm

The conductor should be made of the same metal as the phase conductors.

Wiring System for Inverter

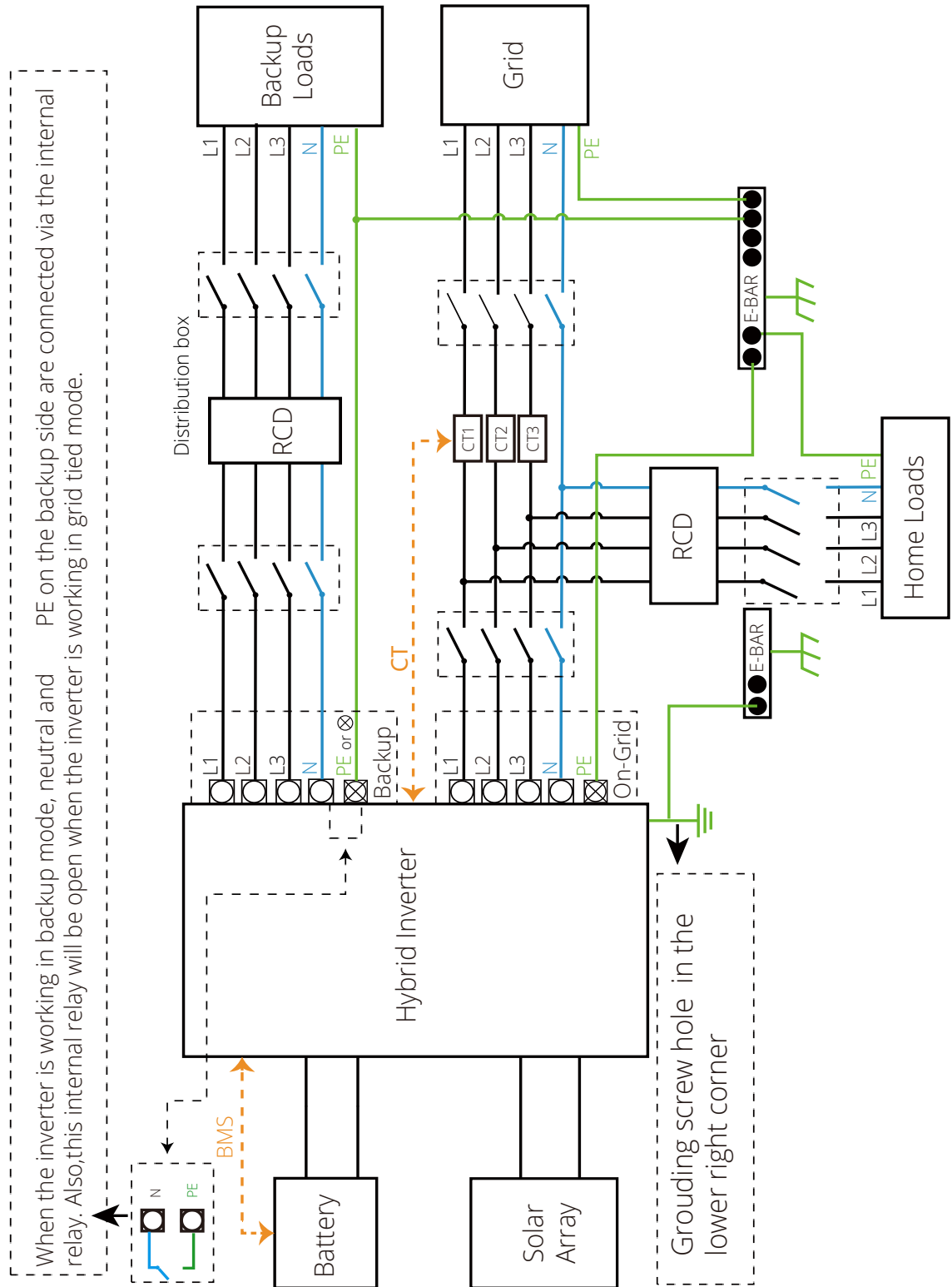


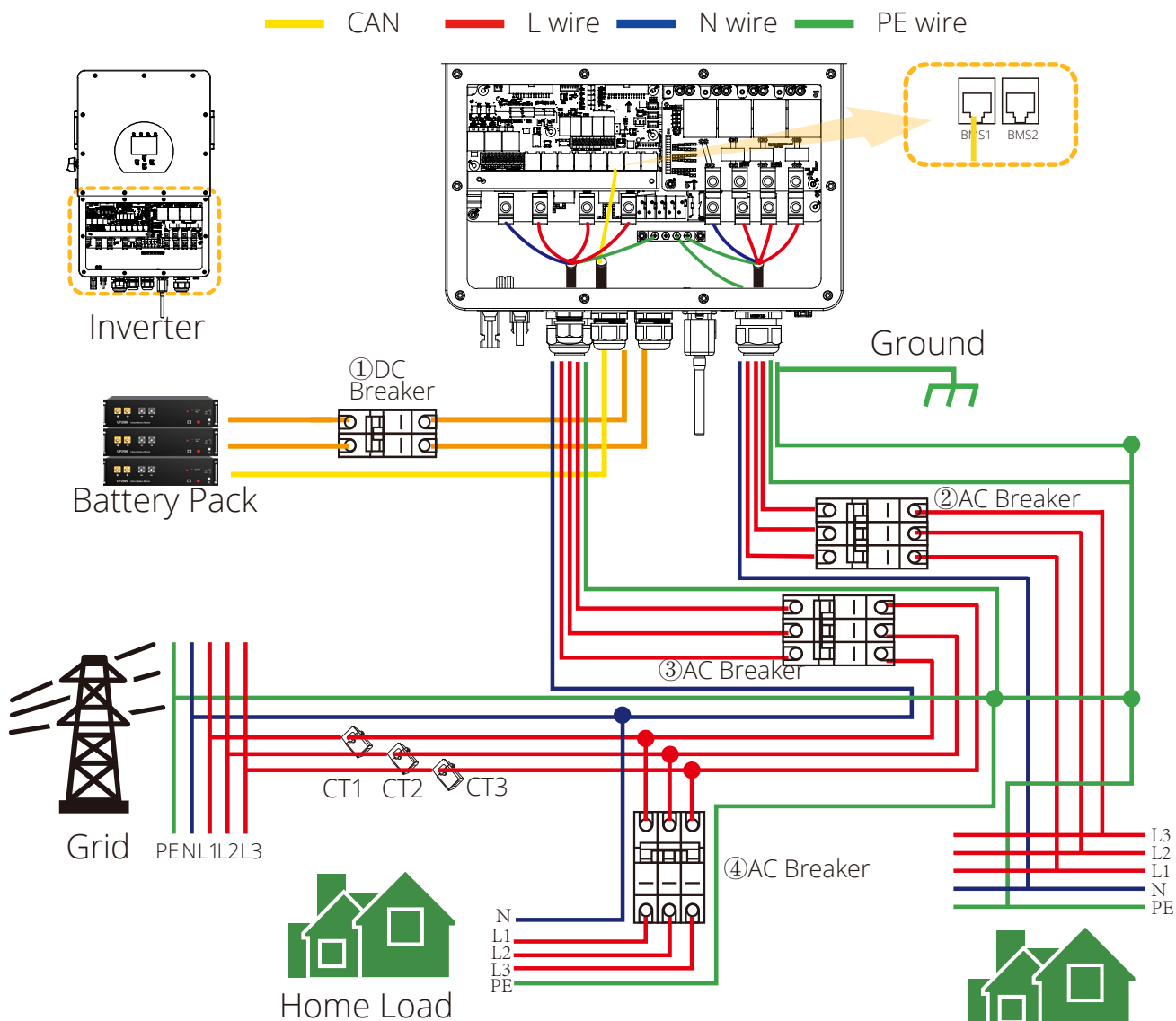
This diagram is an example for an application that neutral connects with the PE in a distribution box.
For countries such as Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, etc., please follow local wiring regulations!

Wiring Diagram

This diagram is an example for an application in which neutral is separated from the PE in the distribution box. For countries such as China, Germany, the Czech Republic, Italy, etc., please follow local wiring regulations!

Note: Backup function is optional in German market, please leave backup side empty if backup function is not available in the inverter.





① DC Breaker for battery

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
 SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker

② AC Breaker for backup load

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker

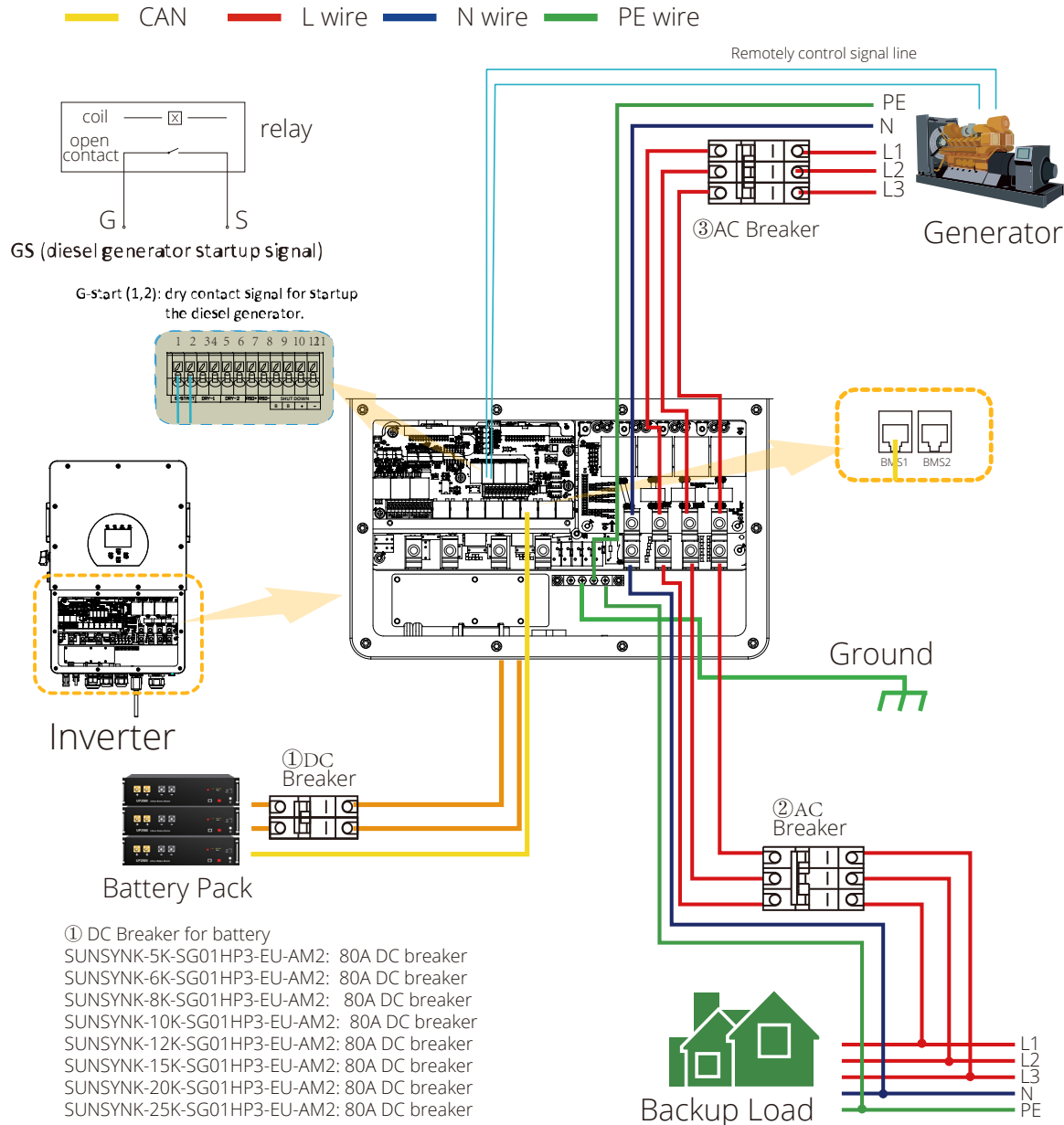
③ AC Breaker for grid

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
 SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker

④ AC Breaker for home load

Depends on household loads

Typical Application of Diesel Generator



① DC Breaker for battery

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker
SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 80A DC breaker

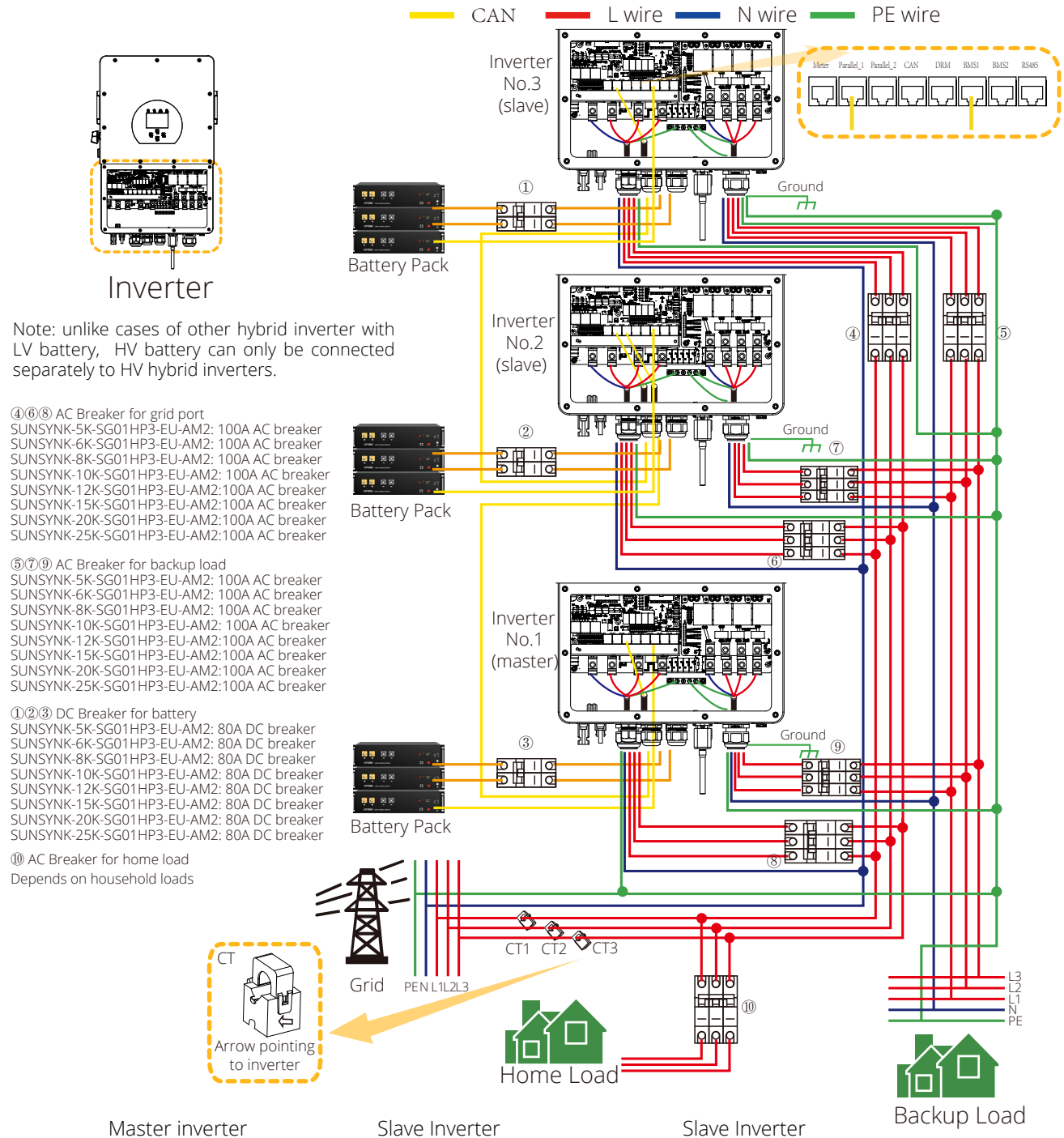
② AC Breaker for backup load

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker

③ AC Breaker for Generator port

SUNSYNK-5K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-6K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-8K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-10K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-12K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-15K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-20K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker
SUNSYNK-25K-SG01HP3-EU-AM2: 100A AC breaker

Three Phase Parallel Connection



ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter Others Wind Turbine

☒ Parallel ☐ Master Modbus SN 01 ☐ Slave

Warning: Before attempting to parallel a 3 Phase inverters please check that your model can be connected in a multi-inverter system.

Cancel OK

ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter Others Wind Turbine

☒ Parallel ☐ Master Modbus SN 02 ☐ Slave

Warning: Before attempting to parallel a 3 Phase inverters please check that your model can be connected in a multi-inverter system.

Cancel OK

ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter Others Wind Turbine

☒ Parallel ☐ Master Modbus SN 03 ☐ Slave

Warning: Before attempting to parallel a 3 Phase inverters please check that your model can be connected in a multi-inverter system.

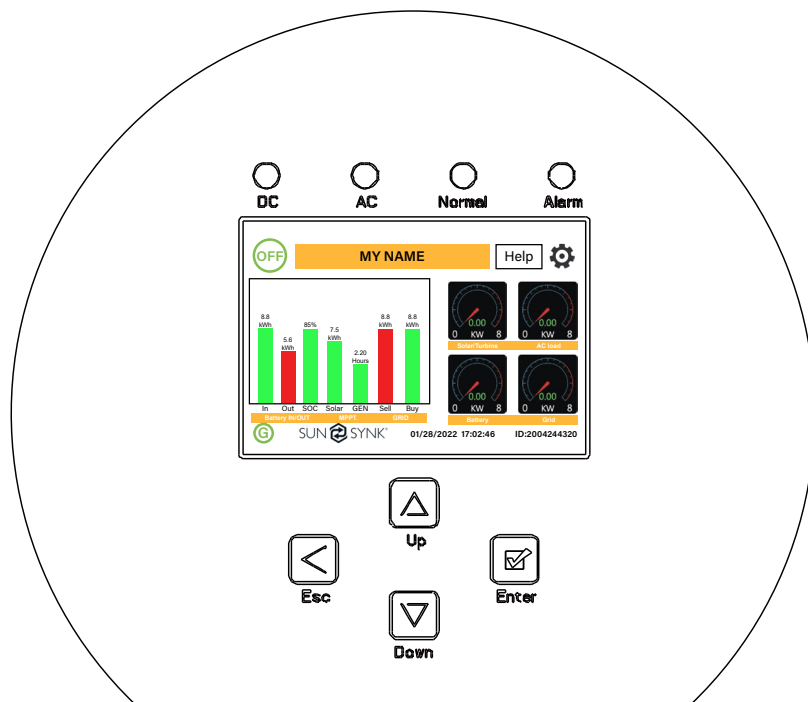
Cancel OK

OPERATION

Switching ON/OFF

Once the inverter has been correctly installed and the batteries have been connected, press the ON/OFF button (located on the left side of the case) to activate the system. When the system is connected without a battery but connected with either PV or grid and the ON/OFF button is switched off, the LCD will still illuminate (display will show off). In this condition, when switching on the ON/OFF button and selecting 'No Battery', the system can still work.

Display



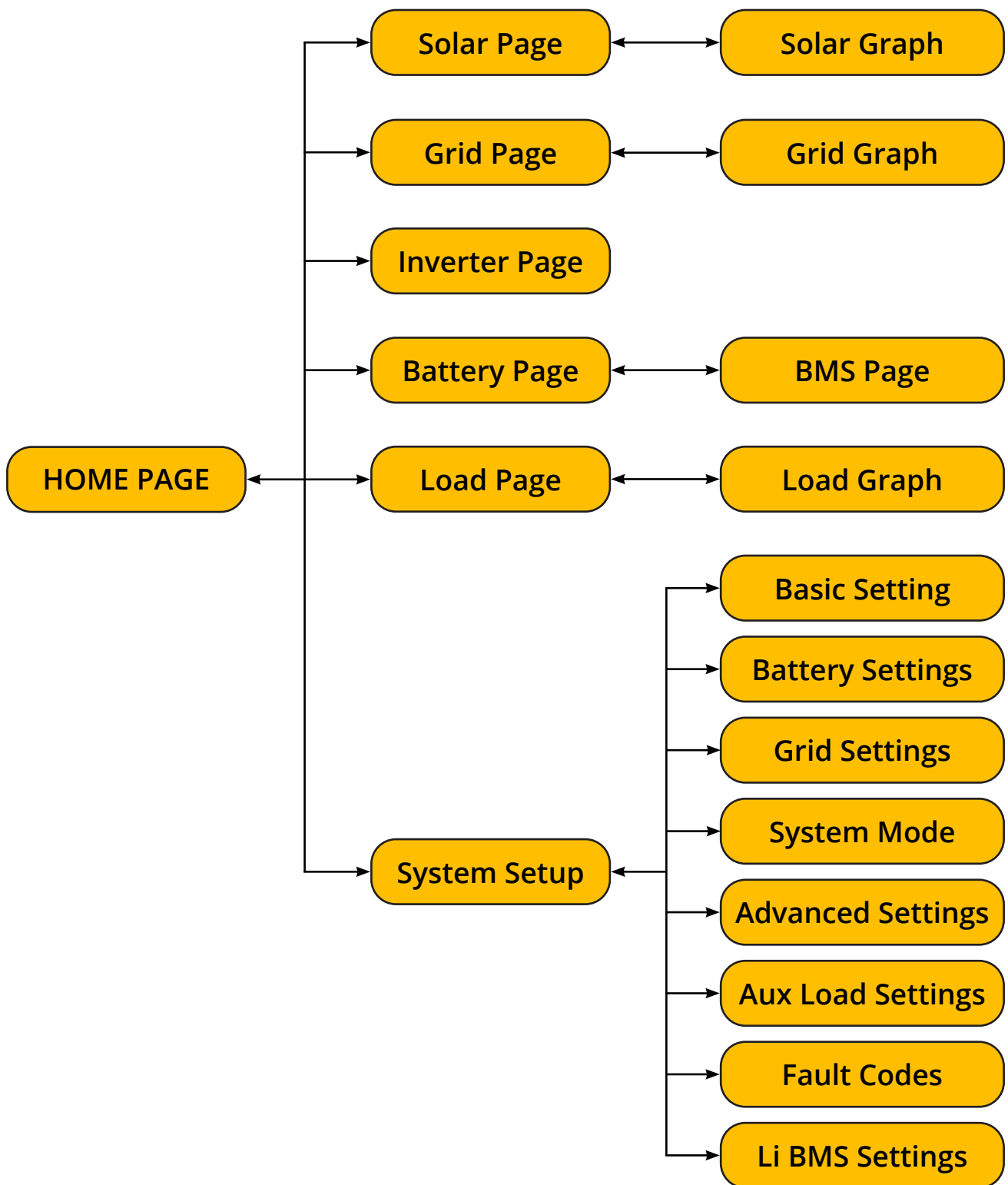
LED Indicators

LED indicator		Meaning
DC	Green LED solid light	PV connection normal
AC	Green LED solid light	Grid connection normal
Normal	Green LED solid light	Inverter functioning normally
Alarm	Red LED solid light	Fault

Function Buttons

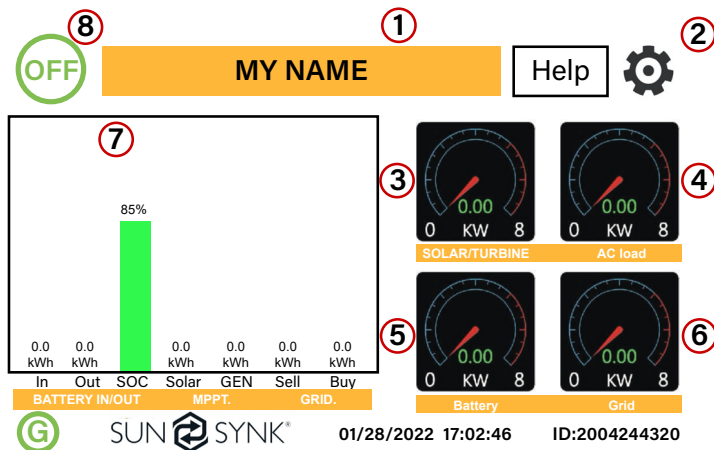
Function Key	Description
Esc	To exit the previous mode
Up	Increase the value of a setting
Down	Decrease the value of a setting
Enter	Confirm setting change (If not pressed each time the setting will not be saved)

LCD Operation Flow Chart



Home Page

Press the Esc button any page to access the home page:



1. Customer name
2. Access the settings menu page
3. Access solar page
4. Access load page
5. Access battery page
6. Access grid page
7. Access system flow page
8. Access fault code displays.

The icon (8) indicates that the system is in Normal operation. If it turns into "comm./F01~F64", the inverter has communication errors or other errors, and the error message will display under this icon (F01-F64 errors, detail error info can be viewed in the System Alarms menu).

What this page displays:

- Total daily power into the battery (kWh).
- Total daily power out of the battery (kWh).
- SOC (State of charge of the battery) (%).
- Total daily solar power produced in (kWh).
- Total hourly usage of the generator (Time).
- Total daily power sold to the grid (kWh).
- Total daily power bought from the grid (kWh).
- Real-time solar power in (kW).
- Real-time load power in (kW).
- Real-time battery charge power in (kW).
- Real-time grid power in (kW).
- Serial number.
- Time date.
- Access the status page.
- Access the fault code displays.

Status Page

This page shows the status of Load Power, Grid Power, Inverter Power, Battery, Solar Power 1 and Solar Power 2. To access the Status page, click on the BATTERY or AC LOAD dial on the Home page.

0 W	0 W 0.0 Hz	0 W 50.0 Hz
0V 0W 0V 0W 0V 0W	0V 0.0A 0V 0.0A 0V 0.0A HM: LD: 0W 0W 0W 0W 0W 0W	0V -0.1A 0V -0.1A 0V -0.1A INV_P: 0W 0W AC_T: 0W 24.9 C
Load Power	Grid Power	Inverter Power
SOC: 100% 51W BAT_V: 53.21V BAT_I: 0.97A BAT_T: 100.0C	DC_P1: 0W DC_V1: 0V DC_I1: 0.0A	DC_P2: 0W DC_V2: 0V DC_I2: 0.0A
Battery	Solar Power 1	Solar Power 2

What this page displays:

- Total solar power produced.
- MPPT 1 power/voltage/current.
- MPPT 2 power/voltage/current.
- Grid power.
- Grid frequency.
- Grid voltage.
- Grid current.
- Inverter power.
- Inverter frequency.
- Inverter voltage.
- Inverter current.
- Load power.
- Load voltage.
- Battery power charge/discharge.
- Battery SOC.
- Battery voltage.
- Battery current.
- Battery temperature.

Solar Column: Shows total PV (Solar) power, voltage and current for each of the two MPPT.

Grid Column: Shows grid total power, frequency, voltage, and current. When selling power to the grid, the power is negative. When consuming from the grid, the power is positive. If the sign of the grid and HM (home) powers are not the same when the PV is disconnected and the inverter is only taking energy from the grid and using the CT connected to Limit-2, then please reverse the polarity of the CT coil. Important: See Section 'Connecting the CT coil'.

Inverter Column: Showing inverter total power, frequency, L1, L2, voltage, current, and power.

Load Column: Showing total load power, load voltage, and power on L1 and L2.

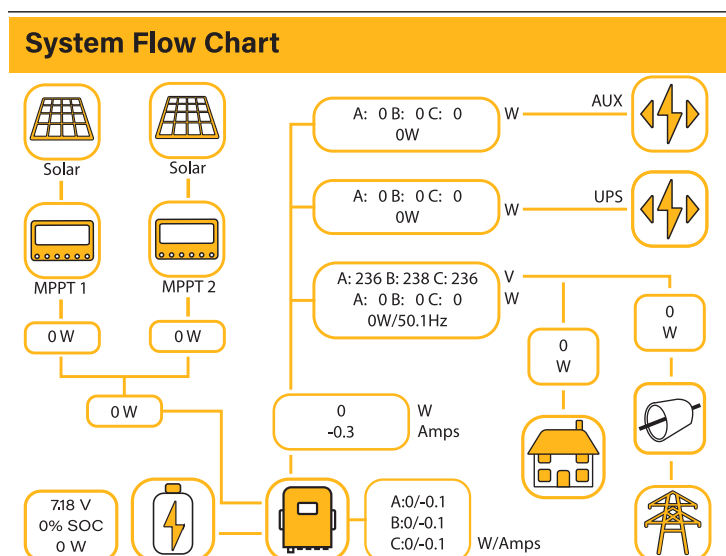
Battery Column: Shows total power from the battery, battery SOC, battery voltage, battery current (negative means charge, positive means discharge) battery temperature (shows zero if the battery temperature sensor is not connected). DC transformer temperature and AC heatsink temperature (When the temperature reaches 90°C, it will display in red, and the performance of the inverter will start deteriorating when it reaches 110°C. Subsequently, the inverter will shut down to allow it to cool and reduce its temperature.

System Flow Page

Access by clicking on the bar chart on the Home Page.

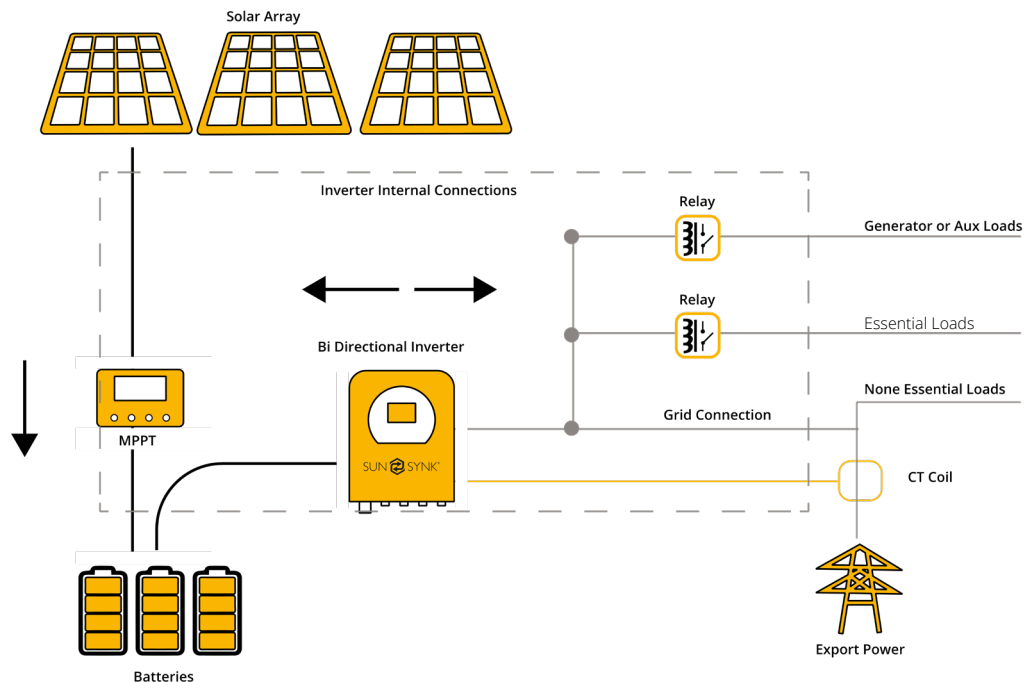
To better understand the functioning of your system, take a look at the figure at right:

1. The PV modules charge the batteries.
2. When the batteries reach a specific level (programmable), the battery power is fed into the inverter.
3. The inverter can then supply power to the grid (export or no export), load, and auxiliary or smart load.
4. CT coil controls the export power.



What this page displays:

- The system flow.
- MPPTs power.
- Battery status.
- Power distribution to load or grid.



Setup Page

To access Settings, click on the gear icon on the right top of the navigation menu.



Settings **SUN SYNK** 03/03/2023 15:35:13

BASIC

BATTERY

GRID

SYSTEM MODE

ADVANCE

AUX LOAD

FAULT CODES

LI BMS

ID:2208036022 F COMM: E42A - MCU:3382-1515

What this page displays:

- Serial number.
- Software version.
- Time, Date, and MCU.

What you can do from this page:

- Access the Basic Setup Page (press the BASIC icon).
- Access the Battery Setup Page (press the BATTERY icon).
- Access the Grid Setup Page (press the GRID icon).

- Access the real-time programmable timer/system mode (press the SYSTEM MODE icon).
- Access the advanced settings such as Paralleling and Wind Turbine (press the ADVANCE icon).
- Access the auxiliary load/smart load settings (press the AUX LOAD icon)
- Access the fault code register (press the FAULT CODES icon).
- Set up Li BMS (press the LI BMS icon).

Basic Setup

Set Time (Clock)

To set time, click on the BASIC icon and then on 'Time'

Basic Setup

Time | Display | Reset | Remote

☒ Sync Year: 2018 Month: 10 Day: 24

☒ AM/PM Hour: 01 PM Minute: 53 Second: 17

Cancel OK

What this page displays:

- Time.
- Date.
- AM/PM.

What you can do from this page:

- Adjust / set time.
- Adjust / set date.
- Adjust / set AM/PM.

How to set up:

- Touch the screen on the box you wish to change.
- Change the number (increase/decrease) using the UP and DOWN buttons.
- Press OK to set the changes.

Set Company Name / Beeper / Auto dim

To set company name click on the BASIC icon and then on 'Display'.

Basic Setup

Time | Display | Reset | Remote

Set Company Name: M Y N A M E

Auto Dim Sec ☒ English ☒ Spanish ☐ French ☐ Portuguese ☐

Beeper On/Off ☒

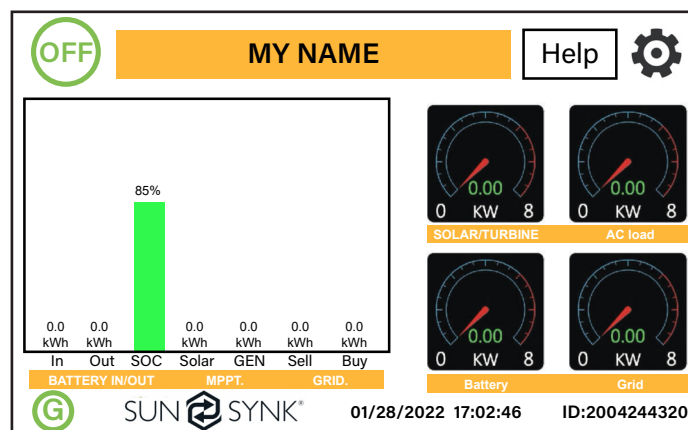
Cancel OK

What this page displays:

- Beeper status (ON/OFF)
- Installers names.

What you can do from this page:

- Set up your company name.
- Switch the beeper ON or OFF.
- Set the LCD backlight to auto dim.



How to change the name:

Change the letters in each box by moving the arrows up and down and then select OK. This will change the name on the home screen.

How to set the auto dim:

Set a number in the auto dim box to dim the LCD after a number of seconds.

How to turn the beep on or off:

Check or uncheck the beep box and the press OK to configure it as you prefer.

Factory Reset and Lock Code

To access the Settings, click on the gear icon on the right top of the menu.



What this page displays:

- Reset status.
- Whether the 'lock code' is used or not.

What you can do from this page:

- Reset the inverter to the factory settings.
- System diagnostics.
- Change or set the 'lock code'.

Factory Reset: Reset all parameters of the inverter

Lock out all changes: Enable this menu to set parameters before the unit is locked and cannot be reset.

***Before performing a successful 'Factory Reset' and locking the systems, the user must enter a password to allow the setting to take place. The password for 'Factory Reset' is 9999 and for lockout is 7777.**

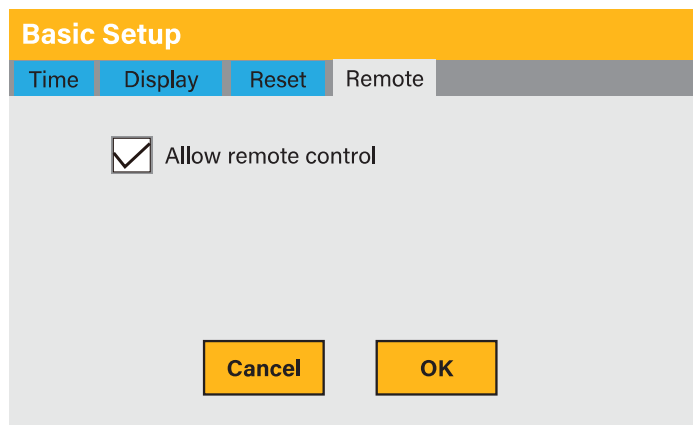
System self-check: Allows the user to conduct a system diagnosis. After ticking this item, it needs input the password. The default password is '1234'.

Locked Inverter: This function is used to lock the inverter completely so no access can be gained. It will ask for a 5-digit code that only the Sunsynk Technical staff can assist with.

Test mode (only for engineers): For engineers to conduct tests.

Inverter Remote Control

To control the inverter remotely, tick the box that allows it.



The image shows the 'Basic Setup' screen with the 'Remote' tab selected. The 'Allow remote control' checkbox is checked. At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'OK' buttons.

What this page displays:

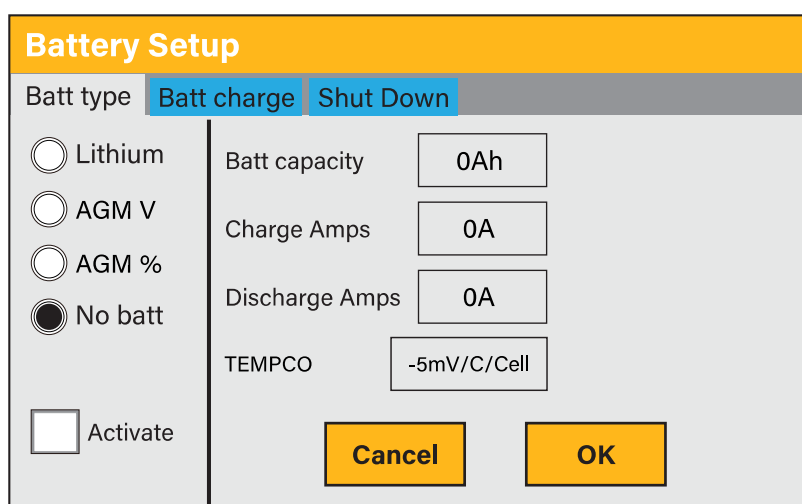
- Remote control option.

What you can do from this page:

- Allows remote control of the inverter.

Battery Setup Page

To configure battery settings, click on the BATTERY icon and then on 'Batt type'.



The image shows the 'Battery Setup' screen with the 'Batt type' tab selected. It includes radio buttons for 'Lithium', 'AGM V', 'AGM %', and 'No batt'. There is an 'Activate' checkbox. On the right, there are input fields for 'Batt capacity' (0Ah), 'Charge Amps' (0A), 'Discharge Amps' (0A), and 'TEMPCO' (-5mV/C/Cell). At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'OK' buttons.

What this page displays:

- **Lithium:** This is BMS protocol. Please reference the document (Approved Battery).
- **AGM V:** Use battery voltage for all settings (V).
- **AGM %:** Use battery SOC for all settings (%).
- **No batt:** Tick this box if no battery is connected to the system. If it's ticked and the CT coil is connected, the inverter operates as a grid-tied inverter.
- **Battery capacity in (Ah):** For non-BMS-batteries the range allowed is 0-2000Ah, while for lithium-ion, the inverter will use the capacity value of the BMS.
- **Charge/Discharge Amps:** The Max battery charge/discharge current (0-30A for 5/6kW model, 0-37A for 8/10/12/15/20kW model, 0-50A for 25kW model).
- **Active battery:** This feature will help recover a battery that is 100% discharged by slowly changing from the solar array. Until the battery reaches a point where it can change normally.
- **TEMPCO settings:** The temperature coefficient is the error introduced by a change in temperature.

Generator & Battery Page

To configure battery charging settings, click on the BATTERY icon and then on 'Batt Charge'.

Battery Setup

Batt type **Batt charge** **Shut Down**

Amps

40A

5A

☐ Gen Charge

☒ Grid Charge

☐ Gen Signal

☒ Grid Signal

☐ Signal ISLAND MODE

Force OFF

☐ Gen Force

Cancel

OK

Float V

552.0V

Absorption V

576.0V

Equalization V

588.0V

90 days

2.3 hours

What this page displays:

- **Amps:** Charge rate of 40A from the attached generator in Amps.
- **Grid Amps:** Current that the grid charges the battery.
- **Grid Charge:** It indicates that the grid will charge the battery.
- **Grid Signal:** This indicates when the grid should no longer charge the battery.
- **Gen Charge:** Uses the GEN input of the system to charge the battery bank from an attached generator.
- **Gen Signal:** Normally open (NO) relay that closes when the Gen Start signal state is active.
- **Gen Force:** When the generator is connected, it is forced to start without meeting other conditions.
- **Force OFF:** This is to force the generator to switch off.
- **Signal ISLAND MODE:** When "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter connects the grid, the ATS port voltage will be 0. When "signal island mode" is checked and the inverter is disconnected from the grid, the ATS port voltage will output 230Vac. This feature and outside NO type relay can realize N and PE disconnection or bond.
- **Float V:** The voltage at which a battery is maintained after being fully charged.
- **Absorption V:** The level of charge that can be applied without overheating the battery.
- **Equalization V:** Equalizing charge/overcharge to remove sulphate crystals that build up on the plates over time on lead-acid batteries. Equalization V for an AGM battery is 58.80V.



NOTE:

Do not alter these settings too often on the same battery, as it may damage the battery.

Recommended battery settings:

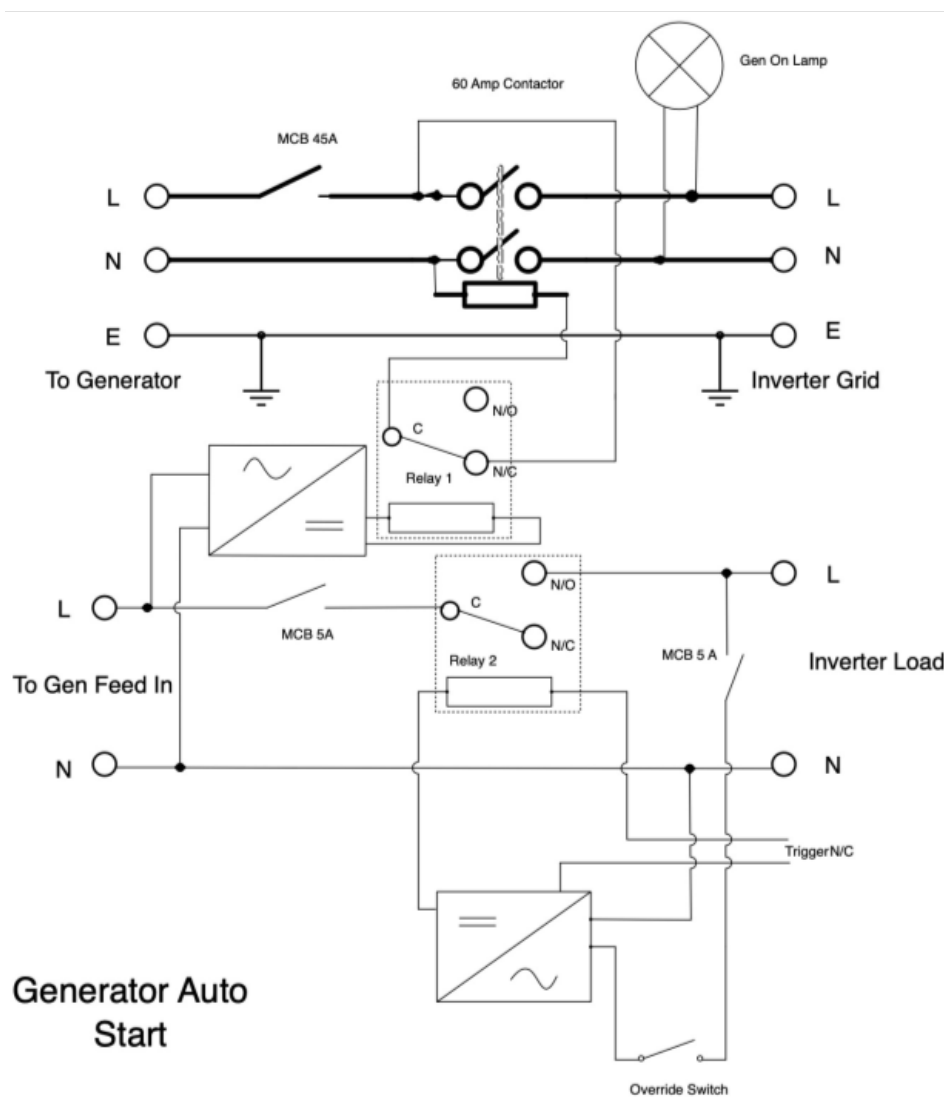
Battery Type	Absorption Stage	Float Stage	Voltage (every 30 days 3hr)
Lithium		Follow its BMS voltage parameters	

A generator can either be connected to the Grid side or to the Gen connection. When connected to the Grid Input, the inverter will consider the power coming from the generator as 'Grid Supply'. Users should ensure this power goes to the LOAD only and should not be exported to other outlets, as this will damage the generator.

If the generator is connected to the inverter and a generating signal exists, the inverter will switch 100% of the load to the generator and then slowly increase the charging currents to the batteries. Therefore, the generator must be able to supply both the charge current and the total load current.

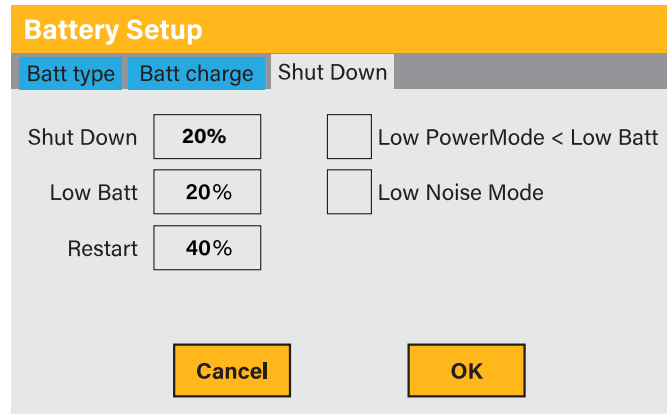
The generator can be controlled via a relay with a set of dry-contacts to enable remote control. The current on the contacts is limited to approximately 1Amp 12V.

Below is a simple reference circuit of an auto-start system that can auto-start generators on a boat. (Sunsynk will be releasing a new OS E406 (Auto-Start) for better generator control).



Battery Discharge Page

To configure inverter's shut-down settings, click on the BATTERY icon and then on 'Shut Down'.



The screenshot shows the 'Battery Setup' window with the 'Shut Down' tab selected. The window has a yellow header and three tabs: 'Batt type', 'Batt charge', and 'Shut Down'. Under the 'Shut Down' tab, there are three input fields for percentages: 'Shut Down' (20%), 'Low Batt' (20%), and 'Restart' (40%). To the right of these fields are two checkboxes: 'Low PowerMode < Low Batt' and 'Low Noise Mode', both of which are currently unchecked. At the bottom of the window are two yellow buttons: 'Cancel' and 'OK'.

What this page displays:

- **Shutdown 20%:** It indicates the inverter will shutdown if the SOC is below this value.
- **Low Batt 20%:** It indicates the inverter will alarm if the SOC below this value.
- **Restart 40%:** Battery voltage at 40% AC output will resume.
- **Low Power Mode<Low Batt:** If selected and when battery SOC is less than the "Low Bat" value, the self-consumption power of the inverter will be from the grid and battery simultaneously. If unselected, the self-consumption power of the inverter will be mainly from the grid.
- **Low Noise Mode:** Low noise mode is used to change the switching frequency of the IGBTs from 15kHz to 20kHz, we did this because 15kHz was in the audible range still meaning that people with great hearing could hear a high pitch noise when using other electrical products, the inverter interacted with it on the AC line with electrical noise.

What you can do from this page:

- Adjust battery shut down (voltage or %)
- Adjust low battery warning (voltage or %)
- Adjust restart (voltage or %)

Setting Up a Lithium Battery

To set up a lithium-ion battery, click on the BATTERY icon and visit the 'Batt Type' column.

Battery Setup

Batt type Batt charge Shut Down

☒ Lithium

☐ AGM V

☐ AGM %

☐ No batt

☐ Activate

Batt capacity

Charge Amps

Discharge Amps

☒ CAN

☐ RS485

Protocol

☐ BMS_Err_Stop

Cancel
OK

What this page displays:

- This information will only display if the 'Lithium' option is selected under 'Batt Type'.
- The type of communion protocol.
- Approved batteries.
- **BMS_Err_Stop:** When it is active, if the battery BMS fails to communicate with inverter, the inverter will stop working and report fault.

What you can do from this page:

- Set up you Lithium-ion battery.

After installing a lithium battery, check the communications page by clicking on the 'Li BMS' icon to see if the BMS information is visible. Suppose some information is not displayed correctly (it should look like the diagram below), then there will be a communication error.

Li BMS Help ?	
Sum Data	Details Data
Battery Voltage: 530.6V	
Battery Current: -1A	
Battery Temp: 22.0C	
Total SOC: 85%	
Total SOH: 100%	
Battery Chage Voltage: 580.1V	
Charge Current Limit: 50A	
Discharge Current Limit: 50A	

Li BMS Help ?	
Sum Data	Details Data
	Charge
Volt Curr Tem SOC Energy	Volt Curr Fault
1 503.1V 19.70A 29.6C 33.0% 26.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
2 503.8V 31.70A 37.6C 51.0% 25.5Ah	532V 25.0A 0 0 0
3 503.5V 25.10A 29.9C 52.0% 6.0Ah	532V 25.0A 0 0 0
4 503.7V 30.70A 32.1C 12.0% 26.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
5 503.5V 00.00A 30.6C 48.0% 32.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
6 503.6V 15.40A 30.6C 52.0% 39.1Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
7 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
8 503.8V 19.30A 31.0C 52.0% 25.5Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
9 503.9V 16.30A 30.6C 52.0% 26.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
10 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
11 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
12 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
13 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
14 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0
15 000.0V 00.00A 0.0C 00.0% 00.0Ah	0.0V 0.0A 0 0 0

Therefore, if a communication error occurs:

1. Check that your data cable is the correct type.
2. Check that the data cable is plugged into the correct sockets. Usually, RS485 is employed, but some battery manufacturers use others.

**NOTE:**

With some types of lithium batteries, the BMS cannot be controlled by the Sunsynk inverter. In this case, treat the battery as a lead-acid type and set the charging and discharging protocol following the battery manufacturer's specifications.

It is crucial to refer to the manuals that manufacturers produce for their batteries. That way, the chance of errors occurring during installation is significantly reduced.

Battery Compatibility List for South Africa:

Brand	Model	RS485 or CAN	Inverter Setup	Support Inverter Parallel	Notes
SUNSYNK	InnergratorHV-Series	CAN	0		CAN H: Pin 5 CAN L: Pin 4
	SUN-BATT-80				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
BLUE NOVA	BN624V-105-66K HV				CAN H: Pin 7 CAN L: Pin 8
	BN728V-105-77K HV				
	BN572V-280-160K HV				
	BN624V-280-175K HV				
	BN676V-280-189K HV				
	BN728V-280-204K HV				
FREEDOM WON	LITE BUSINESS 60/48HV		0		CAN H: Pin 7 CAN L: Pin 8
SOLAR MD	SS7017				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
	SS7018				
	SS7020				
IES	IES-BATT-157R				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
	IES-BATT-200C				
	IES-BATT-200R				

Battery Compatibility List for all other countries:

Brand	Model	RS485 or CAN	Inverter Setup	Support Inverter Parallel	Notes
Deye	BOS-G Series/GB-L Series	CAN	0	YES	
Dyness	HV Series/TOWER Series/ Orion Series			NO	
PYLON	Powercube Series/Force H Series				
Greenrich	HV IS001				
WECO	5K3-XP-EU/4k5HV/14K3 RACK				
FNS POWER	SHSIFP512050A				
Dowell	iPack CHV Series				
Sunova Ess	GT4100-E Serie				
BYD	HVS Series/HVM Series				
SUNSYNK	InnergratorHV-Series		01		CAN H: Pin 5 CAN L: Pin 4
	SUN-BATT-80				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
BLUE NOVA	BN624V-105-66K HV		0		CAN H: Pin 7 CAN L: Pin 8
	BN728V-105-77K HV				
	BN572V-280-160K HV				
	BN624V-280-175K HV				
	BN676V-280-189K HV				
	BN728V-280-204K HV				
FREEDOM WON	LITE BUSINESS 60/48HV	CAN	0		CAN H: Pin 7 CAN L: Pin 8
SOLAR MD	SS7017				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
	SS7018				
	SS7020				
IES	IES-BATT-157R				CAN H: Pin 4 CAN L: Pin 5
	IES-BATT-200C				
	IES-BATT-200R				



NOTE:

When communications between the battery and inverter do not exist, do not overcharge your battery bank (current or voltage). Many lithium batteries are limited to 100A, some are lower, and some are higher. Ensure that voltage and current specifications provided by the battery manufacturer are followed.

Also, ensure the cable is thick enough to support the current and that the connected fuses are of the correct rating per the battery manufacturers' recommendations.

Program Charge & Discharge Times

To set 'Charge' and 'Discharge' times, click on the 'System Mode' icon after clicking on the gear icon.

Time Start	Time End	Power	SOC/V	Grid	Gen
01:00	05:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
05:00	09:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
09:00	13:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
13:00	17:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
17:00	21:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
21:00	01:00	25000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

25000W Power ☐ Grid Peak shaving

☒ Use Export Controller ☒ Priority Load

☐ Solar Export

☐ Limit to Load Only

20W Grid Trickle Feed

25000W Inverter Power Limiter

What this page displays:

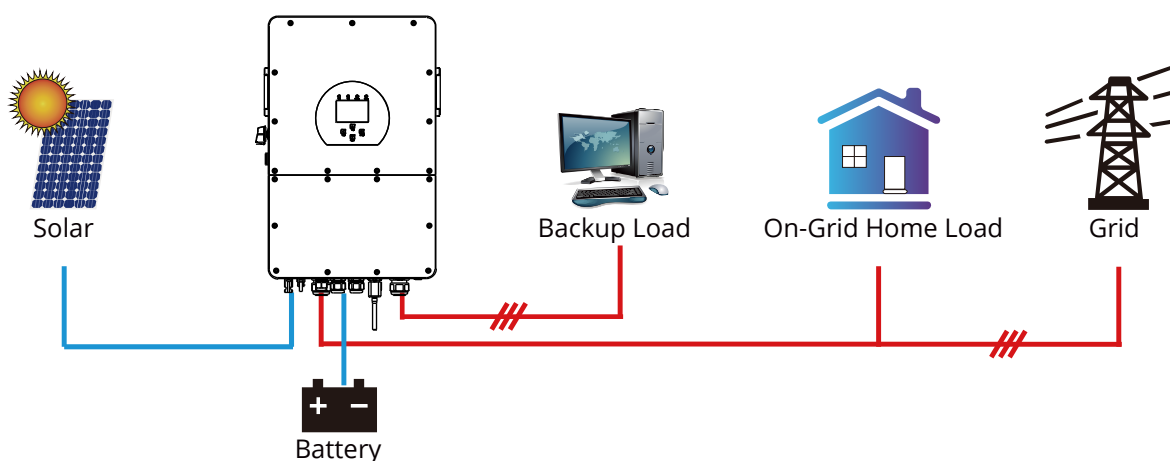
- Use Expor Controller:** Tick this box to not export power back to the grid (the CT coil will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load).
- Solar Export:** Tick this box if you wish to export your solar power back to the grid.
- Limit to Load Only:** Tick this box if you only want to supply power to the load side of the inverter.
- Grid Trickle Feed:** Is the amount of power flowing from the grid to the inverter. Set this value to '20 - 100W' to instruct the inverter to always take the prescribed amount of power from the grid to minimise the tripping of sensitive pre-paid electricity meters if 'Reverse Power Detection' occurs.
- Inverter Power Limiter:** This controls the maximum overall power, both to the 'Load' and 'Grid' ports combined. It is set to Low if an 'over-current' fault occurs.
- Priority Load:** Tick this box if you wish to set the solar panels to give power to the 'Load'. If you untick this box, the solar will send power to charge the batteries.

7. **Grid peak shaving:** When this is selected, the grid output power will be limited within the set value. If the load power exceeds the allowed value, it will take PV energy and stored battery energy to supplement. If there is not enough PV energy or stored energy to meet the load requirement, grid power will increase to meet the load needs.

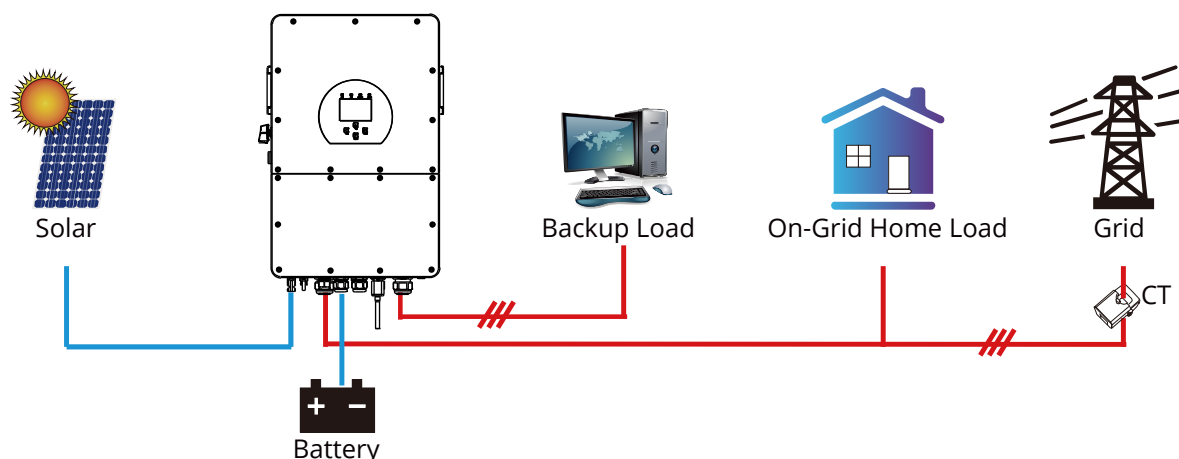
What you can do from this page:

- Set a real time to start and stop charging or discharging the battery.
- Choose to charge the battery from the grid or generator.
- Limit export power to the grid.
- Set the unit to charge the battery from the grid or generator ticking 'Grid' or 'Gen' and set what times this needs to occur.
- Set the time to discharge the unit to the load or export to the grid by unticking 'Grid' and 'Gen'.
- **If nothing ticked:** This Mode allows the hybrid inverter to sell back any excess power produced by the solar panels to the grid. If the use time is active, the battery energy can also be sold into the grid. The PV energy will be used to power the load and charge the battery, and then excess energy will flow to the grid. Power source priority for the load is as follows:
 1. Solar Panels.
 2. Grid.
 3. Batteries (until programable % discharge is reached).

Zero Export + Limit To Load Only: The hybrid inverter will only provide power to the backup load connected. The hybrid inverter will neither provide power to the home load nor sell power to the grid. The built-in CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load and charge the battery.



ZeroExport: The hybrid inverter will not only provide power to the backup load connected but also give power to the home load connected. If PV power and battery power are insufficient, it will take grid energy as a supplement. The hybrid inverter will not sell power to the grid. In this mode, a CT is needed. For the installation method of the CT, please refer to the chapter "CT Connection". The external CT will detect power flowing back to the grid and will reduce the power of the inverter only to supply the local load, charge the battery, and home load.



Example 1:

This example shows the battery being charged up to 100% by both the Grid and Solar PV from 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and then being able to supply up to 4kW of battery-power to the 'essential' loads from the 'Load' Port until the battery SOC drops to 50%.

System Mode

System 1 **System 2**

Time Start	Time End	Power	SOC/V	Grid	Gen
08:00	11:00	4000	100%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

☒ User Timer

Cancel

OK

System Mode

System 1 **System 2**

25000W

Power

☐ Grid Peak shaving

☒ Use Export Controller

☒ Priority Load

☐ Solar Export

☒ Limit to Load Only

100W

Grid Trickle Feed

25000W

Inverter Power Limiter

Cancel

OK

IMPORTANT - When charging the batteries from the Grid or Generator, please ensure you have set the correct battery-charging settings on the battery charge as shown in Section 'Battery Setup' Home Page. If the 'Use Timer' function is activated then the inverter will use the battery power according to your settings when the Grid is present. If this function is not set, the batteries WILL ONLY be used for backup when there is no utility grid power.

Example 2:

The power produced is supplying the 'Non-Essential Load' while the inverter is set at a maximum power of 25kW (Max Sell Power). The inverter is connected to the grid, but no export is performed. The unit allows small amounts of power to flow from the Grid (100W Zero Export Power) to prevent any back-flow. In this example, the solar PV is prioritised to supply the Load first and then subsequently, charge the battery.

System Mode

System 1System 2

Time Start	Time End	Power	SOC/V	Grid	Gen

☐ User Timer

Cancel

OK

System Mode

System 1System 2

25000W

Power

☐ Grid Peak shaving

☒ Use Export Controller

☐ Solar Export

☐ Limit to Load Only

☒ Priority Load

100W

Grid Trickle Feed

25000W

Inverter Power Limiter

Cancel

OK

Example 3:

During 01:00-05:00, when the battery SOC is lower than 80%, it will use the grid to charge the battery until the battery SOC reaches 80%.

During 05:00-08:00 and 08:00-10:00, when battery SOC is higher than 40%, the hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 10:00-15:00, when the battery SOC is higher than 80%, the hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 80%.

During 15:00-18:00, when the battery SOC is higher than 40%, the hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 40%.

During 18:00-01:00, when the battery SOC is higher than 35%, the hybrid inverter will discharge the battery until the SOC reaches 35%.

System Mode

System 1System 2

Time Start	Time End	Power	SOC/V	Grid	Gen
01:00	05:00	5000	80%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
05:00	08:00	5000	40%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
08:00	10:00	5000	40%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10:00	15:00	5000	80%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15:00	18:00	5000	40%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18:00	01:00	5000	35%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

☒ User Timer

Cancel

OK

Grid Supply Page

In the Settings menu, click on the GRID icon.

Grid Setup

Grid Type

Connect

IP

F(W)

V(W)

V(Q)

P(Q)

P(F)

Grid Mode

General Standard

0/15

Grid Frequency

50Hz

60Hz

Phase Type

0/120/240

0/240/120

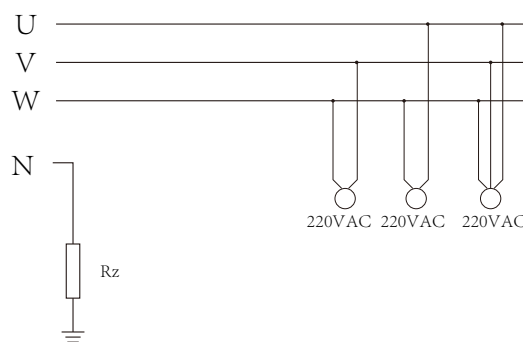
Grid Level

LN:220V/LL:380V(AC)

☐ IT system-neutral iis not grounded

Cancel

OK



Rz: Large resistance ground resistor. Or the system doesn't have a Neutral line.

What this page displays:

- Grid Mode:** General Standard - for example, EN50549_CZ_PPDS_L16A, NRS097, G98/G99. Please follow your local grid code and choose the corresponding grid standard from the drop-down menu. If you cannot find your local grid standard from this menu, please manually input the grid settings as per instructions below.
 - G100** - Please ensure the inverter is set to G99/G100 for compliance to G100 regulations. Set the Grid frequency.
- Grid Level:** There are several voltage levels for the inverter output voltage in off-grid mode. LN:220V/LL:380V(AC), LN:230V/LL:400V(AC).
- IT system:** If the grid system is IT system, then please enable this option. For example, the IT grid system voltage is 230Vac (the Line voltage between any two live lines in a three-phase circuit is 230Vac, and the diagram is as follow) then please enable "IT system" and tick the "Grid level" as LN:230V/LL:400V(AC).

Grid Setup

Grid Type

Connect

IP

F(W)

V(W)

V(Q)

P(Q)

P(F)

Normal connect

Normal Ramp rate

60s

Low frequency

48.00Hz

High frequency

51.50Hz

Low Voltage

185.0V

High Voltage

265.0V

Cancel

Reconnect after trip

Reconnect Ramp rate

60s

Low frequency

48.20Hz

High frequency

51.30Hz

Low Voltage

187.0V

High Voltage

263.0V

OK

Reconnection Time

60s

Power Factor

1.000

What this page displays:

- Normal connect:** The allowed grid voltage/frequency range when the inverter first time connects to the grid.
- Normal Ramp rate:** It is the startup power ramp.
- Reconnect after trip:** The allowed grid voltage/frequency range for the inverter connects the grid after the inverter trip from the grid.
- Reconnect Ramp rate:** It is the reconnection power ramp.
- Reconnection time:** The waiting time period for the inverter to connect the grid again.
- Power factor:** This is used to adjust the inverter's reactive power.

Grid Setup

Grid Type | Connect | IP | **F(W)** | V(W) | V(Q) | P(Q) | P(F)

Over voltage U.(10min. running mean) 260.0V

HV3	265.0V			HF3	51.50Hz		
HV2	265.0V	--	0.10s	HF2	51.50Hz	--	0.10s
HV1	265.0V	--	0.10s	HF1	51.50Hz	--	0.10s
LV1	185.0V	--	0.10s	LF1	48.00Hz	--	0.10s
LV2	185.0V	--	0.10s	LF2	48.00Hz	--	0.10s
LV3	185.0V			LF3	48.00Hz		

Buttons: Cancel, OK

What this page displays:

- **HV1:** Level 1 overvoltage protection point;
- **HV2:** Level 2 overvoltage protection point;
- **HV3:** Level 3 overvoltage protection point.
- **LV1:** Level 1 undervoltage protection point;
- **LV2:** Level 2 undervoltage protection point;
- **LV3:** Level 3 undervoltage protection point.
- **HF1:** Level 1 over frequency protection point;
- **HF2:** Level 2 over frequency protection point;
- **HF3:** Level 3 over frequency protection point.
- **LF1:** Level 1 under frequency protection point;
- **LF2:** Level 2 under frequency protection point;
- **LF3:** Level 3 under frequency protection point;
- **0.10s:** Trip time.

Grid Setup

Grid Type | Connect | IP | **F(W)** | V(W) | V(Q) | P(Q) | P(F)

☐ F(W)

Over frequency

Start freq f 50.20Hz

Start delay f 0.00s

Stop freq f 50.20Hz

Stop delay f 0.00s

Droop f 40%PE/Hz

Under frequency

Start freq f 49.80Hz

Start delay f 0.00s

Stop freq f 49.80Hz

Stop delay f 0.00s

Droop f 40%PE/Hz

Buttons: Cancel, OK

What this page displays:

- **FW:** This series inverter is able to adjust inverter output power according to grid frequency.
- **Droop f:** The percentage of nominal power per Hz.

For example: "Start freq f>50.2Hz, Stop freq f<50.2, Droop f=40%PE/Hz" when the grid frequency reaches 50.2Hz, the inverter will decrease its active power at Droop f of 40%. And then, when the grid system frequency is less than 50.2Hz, the inverter will stop decreasing output power. For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.

Grid Setup

Grid Type Connect IP F(W) V(W) V(Q) P(Q) P(F)

☐ V(W) ☐ V(Q)

Lin: 20.0% Lout: 5.0%

Cancel

V1 109.0% P1 100% V1 90.0% Q1 44%

V2 110.0% P2 20% V2 95.7% Q2 0%

V3 111.0% P3 20% V3 104.3% Q3 0%

V4 111.0% P4 20% V4 112.2% Q4 -60%

OK

What this page displays:

- **V(W):** It adjusts the inverter active power according to the set grid voltage.
- **V(Q):** It adjusts the inverter reactive power according to the set grid voltage. This function adjusts inverter output (active and reactive) power when grid voltage changes.
- **Lock-in/Pn 5%:** When the inverter active power is less than 5% rated power, the VQ mode will not take effect.
- **Lock-out/Pn 20%:** If the inverter active power increases from 5% to 20% rated power, the VQ mode will take effect again.

For example: V2=110%, P2=20%. When the grid voltage reaches 110% times of rated grid voltage, the inverter output power will reduce its active output power to 20% rated power.

For example: V1=90%, Q1=44%. When the grid voltage reaches 90% times of the rated grid voltage, the inverter output power will output 44% reactive output power.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.

Grid Setup

Grid Type Connect IP F(W) V(W) V(Q) P(Q) P(F)

☐ P(Q) ☐ P(PF)

Lin: 404.3% Lout: 646.9%

Cancel

P1 0% Q1 0% P1 0% F1 -2.400

P2 0% Q2 0% P2 0% F2 0.000

P3 0% Q3 0% P3 0% F3 0.000

P4 0% Q4 0% P4 0% F4 6.000

OK

What this page displays:

- **P(Q):** It adjusts the inverter reactive power according to the set active power.
- **P(PF):** It adjusts the inverter PF according to the set active power.
- **Lock-in/Pn 50%:** When the inverter output active power is less than 50% rated power, it won't enter the P(PF) mode.
- **Lock-out/Pn 50%:** When the inverter output active power is higher than 50% rated power, it will enter the P(PF) mode.

For the detailed setup values, please follow the local grid code.



NOTE:

Only when the grid voltage is equal to or higher than 1.05 times the rated grid voltage will the P(PF) mode take effect.

Paralleling Inverters Advanced Settings

To configure multi-inverter settings, click on the ADVANCE icon.

ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter Others Wind Turbine

☐ Parallel ☐ Master Modbus SN
☐ Slave

Warning: Before attempting to parallel a 3 Phase inverters please check that your model can be connected in a multi-inverter system.

Cancel OK

What this page displays:

If the inverter operates as a master or a slave.

- **Modbus Device ID:** 'Modbus SN' that must be unique for each inverter connected to the bus/wire.

What you can do from this page:

- Set the inverter as a master or slave per bus/wire.
- Set the phase in which the inverter will be paralleled.
- Set the Modbus SN for paralleling.

The Sunsynk parity inverter can be wired standalone or where more power is required it can be connected in parallel either single or 3 phase configuration. **The maximum number of inverters that can be paralleled in a single phase utility grid is 16 and the maximum number that can be paralleled in a three phase utility grid is 15.**

A master single phase inverter is capable to operate with other 15 slave inverters. Thus, to parallel 16 inverters in a single phase utility, one will operate as the master, and the other 15 will operate as slaves.

To parallel 15 inverters in a three phase utility grid are necessary to set three inverters as master and the others as slaves:

- Phase A: Master A and 4 Slaves A
- Phase B: Master B and 4 Slaves B
- Phase C: Master C and 4 Slaves C

In a three phase utility grid, the paralleled inverters will operate as a normal three-phase supply with perfect phase rotation, capable of power single phase ($220 V_{LN}$) and three phase ($380 V_{LL}$) loads.

For stability, all the batteries need to be connected in parallel. It is recommended a minimum cable size of 50mm² diameter with fuse isolators to each inverter.

Each inverter will require a fuse isolator with surge protection and each group circuit will require an RCD. If the batteries are supplying power to the main load during the outage, then a change over switch will also be required or a split load can be used.

- The CT coils used to limit export power must only be connected to the master. Therefore, if six inverters are paralleled, three CT coils will be required.
- Connect a RJ45 communication cable between each inverter; the order is not important since both sockets are the same, so there is no IN or OUT.
- Each phase must only have one master and the others set to slave.
- Each inverter must have a unique Modbus number.
- The maximum length of the communication cables is 2 meters (do not exceed this value).
- All batteries must be connected in parallel and the MPPTs must be kept separate.

IMPORTANT: When configuring inverters in parallel for a single or three-phase, it is important to first check firmware versions to be all the same on all inverters. It is strongly recommended to request firmware update on all inverters to the latest and the exact same firmware version.

IMPORTANT: All inverters in a parallel system must have their own isolating load breaker before it goes to the parallel breaker to ensure while programming that the load outputs are isolated from each other.

Only once confirmed all inverters are programmed correctly in parallel or three-phase then only the isolating breakers can be switched on, which then feeds to the main load output breaker where the actual parallel or three-phase connection is made that feeds the loads.

When configuring a three-phase system using three single-phase inverters, one per phase. It is extremely important to check phase rotation to be clockwise feeding the inverters and to confirm the output is also clockwise on phase rotation.



NOTE:

The cables have two ends, one to be specifically connected to the BMS and another one to be connected to the inverter, do not change it. If the communication is not working correctly between inverters, then errors will appear on display. In this case, please check all settings and data cables.

- All inverters in a parallel system must have their own isolating load breaker before it goes to the parallel breaker to ensure while programming that the load outputs are isolated from each other.
- The grid input can also be connected in parallel.
- You cannot connect the Aux/Gen port in parallel because this causes a conflict between the generator's frequency and the grid's frequency.

If you need further help please refer to the Sunsynk website where you will find training videos and Frequently Asked Questions www.sunsynk.com. Firmware prior installation is important to be updated and all inverters in parallel or three phase system must be the same.

Common questions that occur when paralleling inverters:

Q1: What is the sequence to install/connect/commission?

First of all, leave the main supplies off. Next, connect all communication cables, set up all LCDs and then, last of all, turn on the main supplies.

Q2: What are the indications that the communication and the system are OK or not?

Parallel errors will be shown as fault F46 on the display.

Q3: What are the consequences of not setting one inverter in a parallel mode?

It can damage the inverter.

Q4: What are the consequences of having more than one Master Inverter or having no inverter set as 'Master'?

It can damage the inverter. There are cases in which it is possible to have more than one master. For example, as aforementioned, six inverters paralleled in a three phase utility grid (three masters).

Q5: What are the consequences for setting A, B, or C phases wrong while in parallel mode?

It can damage the inverter. Recommend checking the phase rotation with a meter before switching on.

Q6: What are the consequences of factory resetting, power cycling, or firmware updating one inverter in a parallel system?

It can damage the inverter. Inverters need to be isolated from each other before factory reset or firmware update.

Q7: What consequences for changing ALL/ANY settings while operating in parallel mode?

It can damage the inverter and fault F46 will be indicated on the display.

Connecting the DRM's

This can be selected under advance settings.

ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter
Others
Wind Turbine

☐ DRM's enable

25000W

 Max Solar Power

2000

 CT_Ratio
☐ Asymmetrica phase feeding

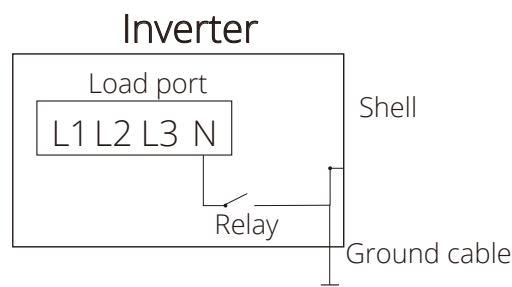
☐ Ex_Meter for CT

Meter Select

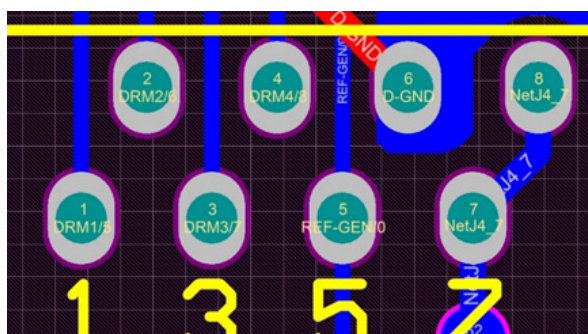
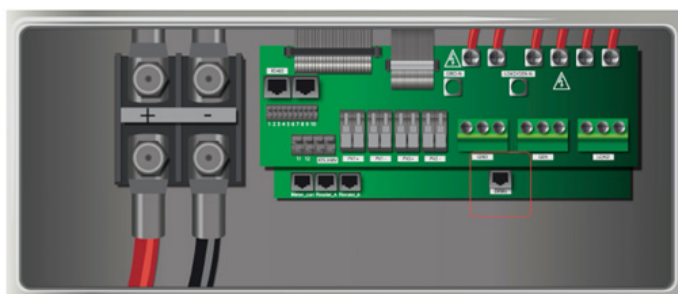
65535/3

Cancel

OK



- **Ex_Meter For CT:** when in a Three-phase system with a CHiNT Three-phase energy meter (DTSU666), click the corresponding phase where the hybrid inverter is connected. e.g. when the hybrid inverter output connects to A phase, please click A Phase.
- **Asymmetrica phase feeding:** If it was checked, the inverter will take power from the grid balance of on each phase (L1/L2/L3) when needed.
- Select the meter connection.

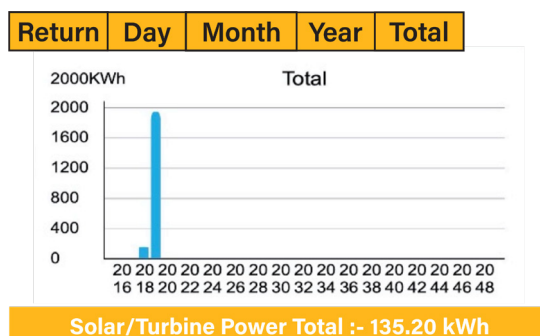
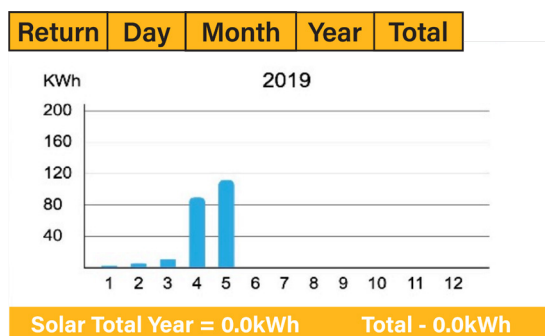
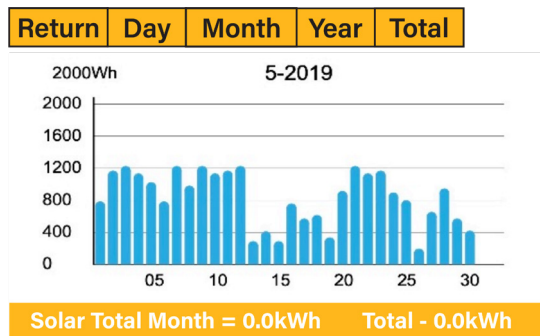
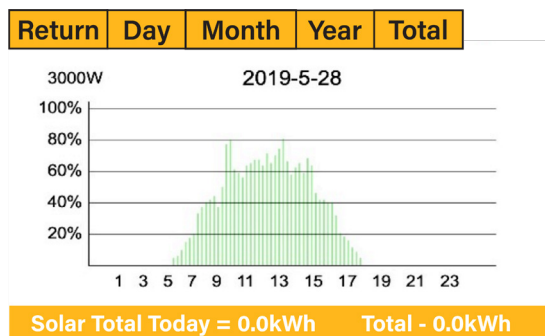


1. DRM 1/5
2. DRM 2/6
3. DRM 3/7
4. DRM 4/8

5. Ref 0
6. D Ground
7. Net J 4-7
8. Net J 4-7

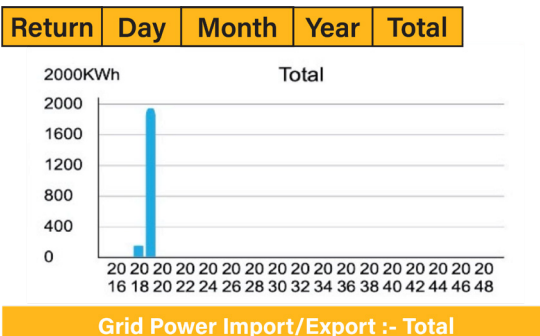
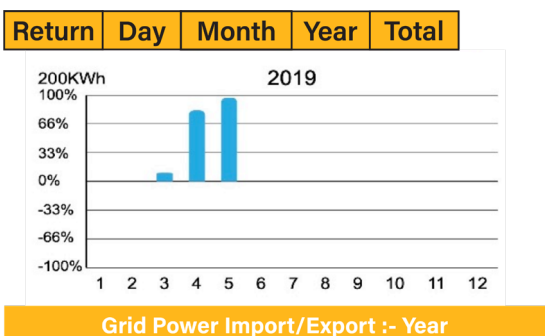
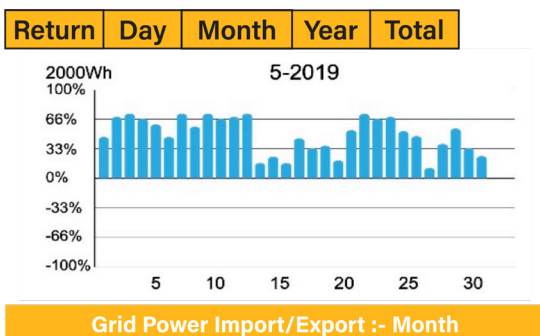
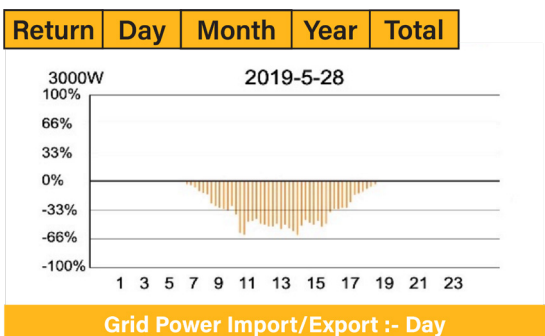
Solar Power Generated

This page shows the daily, monthly, yearly, and total solar power produced. Access this page by clicking on the 'Solar/Turbine' icon on the Home Page.



Grid Power

This page shows the Daily / Monthly / Yearly and total grid power export or consumed. Access this page by clicking on the 'Solar/Turbine' icon on the Home Page.



Advanced Settings for Wind Turbines

To configure wind turbine settings, click on the ADVANCE icon.

ADVANCE

Multi-Inverter Others Wind Turbine

☐ DC1 for Wind Turbine ☐ DC2 for Wind Turbine

V1	90V	0.0A	V7	210V	9.0A
V2	110V	1.5A	V8	230V	10.5A
V3	130V	3.0A	V9	250V	12.0A
V4	150V	4.5A	V10	270V	13.5A
V5	170V	6.0A	V11	290V	15.0A
V6	190V	7.5A	V12	310V	16.5A

OK

Cancel

What this page displays:

- If one or both of the MPPTs are connected to a wind turbine.

What you can do from this page:

- Select the MPPT to be used as a turbine input.

The table below shows the maximum current depending on the voltage of the wind turbine.

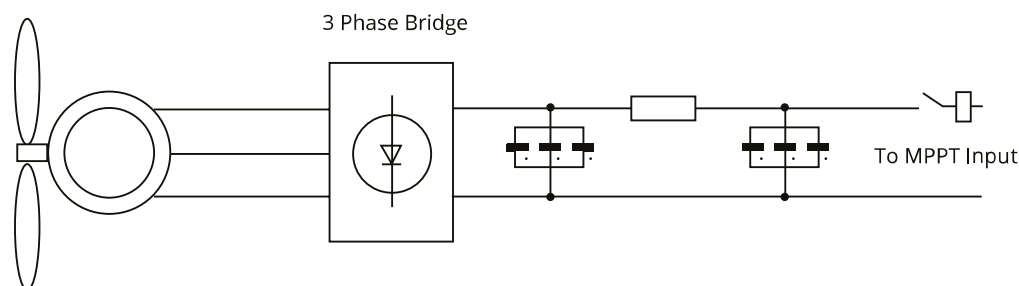


NOTE:

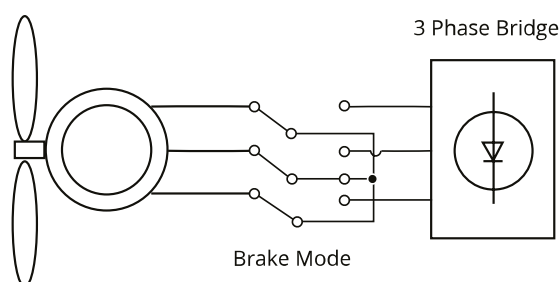
- DO NOT use a wind turbine that exceeds 400V.
- Use a self-breaking wind turbine. Once the batteries are fully charged and the inverter is not exporting any power, the load can drop. This can cause the turbine to speed up dramatically, which can be very dangerous and usually happens suddenly. Thus, it is essential to use a self-breaking turbine.

Voltage (V)	Max. Current (A)	Power (W)
150	23.33	3500
200	17.50	3500
250	14.00	3500
300	11.67	3500
400	8.75	3500

Most wind turbines are three-phase PM type. Therefore, either a wind turbine controller or a direct connection to the MPPT via a simple protection circuit will be required.



Dump Load or Diversion Load is an important part of an off-grid power system. When the battery (Battery Bank) is fully charged, and the water turbine / wind turbine / solar PV module is still generating, a dump load is a useful device to send spare electricity to. This can be done by using a switch on a smart load option or by utilising a wind turbine controller with a built-in dump load. Also, a hot water tank controlled via a smart-load can act as a good 'dump-load' however, in very windy conditions it may be necessary to shunt the output.



Advanced Settings for Auxiliary Load

To configure Auxiliary Load (previously known as “smart load”) settings, click on the AUX LOAD icon.

What this page displays:

- Use of the Gen (Aux) input or output.
- Generator peak shaving is ON or OFF.
- Peak Power Shaving value.

What you can do from this page:

- Set up a generator input.
- Set up an auxiliary (smart) load.
- Switch on the generator and/or grid peak power saving and set the power shaving value.
- Use an additional inverter or micro inverter.

Aux Load

☒ Gen Input
 ☐ Aux load output
 ☐ For micro inverter input

☐ Gen peak shaving power

8000W peak shaving Power

Enable Gen Auto start

Gen Load OFF Batt 95%

Gen Load ON Batt 30%

Cancel

OK

A nice feature of this page is that when the batteries are full and the inverter is still producing power from the solar PV or turbine, it is possible to direct the power generated to another load such as a water heater.

For Gen Input mode:

- **Gen Input:** Tick this box if using a Generator. Allowed Max. power from diesel generator.
- **Peak shaving power:** This is a technique used to reduce electrical power consumption during periods of maximum demand on the utility grid. This enables the user to save substantial amounts of money due to the expensive peak power charges.
- **Gen Load OFF Batt:** Battery level when the Aux load switches off.
- **Gen Load ON Batt:** Battery level when the Aux load switches on.

For Aux Load Output mode:

The screenshot shows the 'Aux Load' configuration interface. On the left, under the 'Aux Load' header, there are three radio button options: 'Gen Input' (unselected), 'Aux load output' (selected), and 'For micro inverter input' (unselected). On the right, there is a checkbox for 'On grid always on' (unchecked). Below this is a text input field for 'Solar Power (W)' with the value '0W'. Further down are two more text input fields: 'Aux Load OFF Batt' with the value '95%' and 'Aux Load ON Batt' with the value '100%'. At the bottom are two orange buttons: 'Cancel' and 'OK'.

Aux Load Output: This mode utilizes the Gen input connection as an output which only receives power when the battery SOC and PV power is above a user programmable threshold.

For Example: Power=500W, ON: 100%, OFF=95%. When the PV power exceeds 500W, and battery bank SOC reaches 100%, Smart Load Port will switch on automatically and power the load connected. When the battery bank SOC < 95% or PV power < 500w, the Smart Load Port will switch off automatically.

On Grid always on: When click "on Grid always on" the smart load will switch on when the grid is present.

Solar Power: Power limiter to the maximum power allowed to the Aux load.

Aux Load OFF Batt Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch off.

Aux Load ON Batt: Battery SOC at which the Smart load will switch on. Also, the PV input power should exceed the setting value (Power) simultaneously and then the Smart load will switch on.

For Micro Inverter Input mode:

The screenshot shows the 'Aux Load' configuration interface. On the left, under the 'Aux Load' header, there are three radio button options: 'Gen Input' (unselected), 'Aux load output' (unselected), and 'For micro inverter input' (selected). On the right, there is a checkbox for 'MI Zero export' (unchecked). Below this is a text input field for 'AC Couple Frz high' with the value '52.00Hz'. Further down are two more text input fields: 'AC Couple OFF Batt' with the value '100%' and 'AC Couple ON Batt' with the value '95%'. At the bottom are two orange buttons: 'Cancel' and 'OK'.

Micro Inverter Input: To use the Generator input port as a micro-inverter on grid inverter input (AC coupled), this feature will also work with "Grid-Tied" inverters. Tick this box if intending to connect a supplementary inverter or micro inverter (Max. 4kW).

AC Couple OFF Batt: When the battery SOC exceeds setting value, Microinverter or the grid-tied inverter will shut down.

AC Couple ON Batt: If choosing "Micro Inv input", as the battery SOC reaches a gradually setting value (OFF), during the process, the microinverter output power will decrease linearly. When the battery SOC equals to the setting value (OFF), the system frequency will become the setting value (AC couple Frz high), and the Microinverter will stop working and stop exporting power produced by the microinverter to the grid.

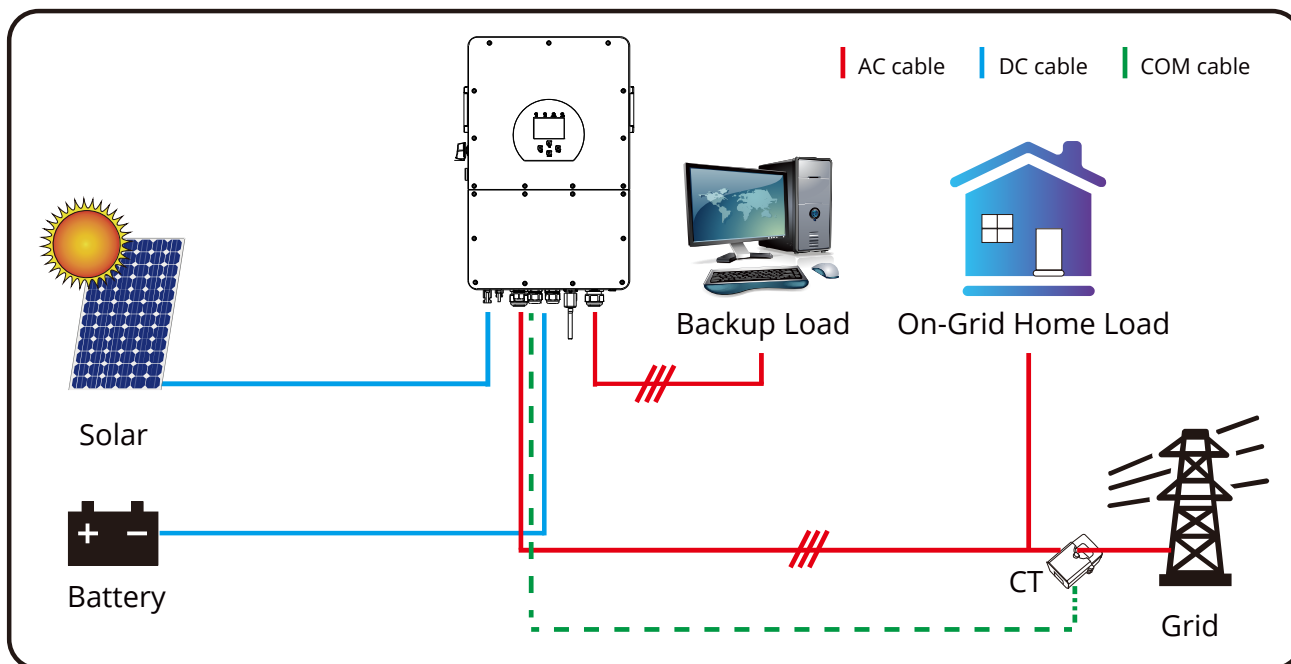


NOTE:

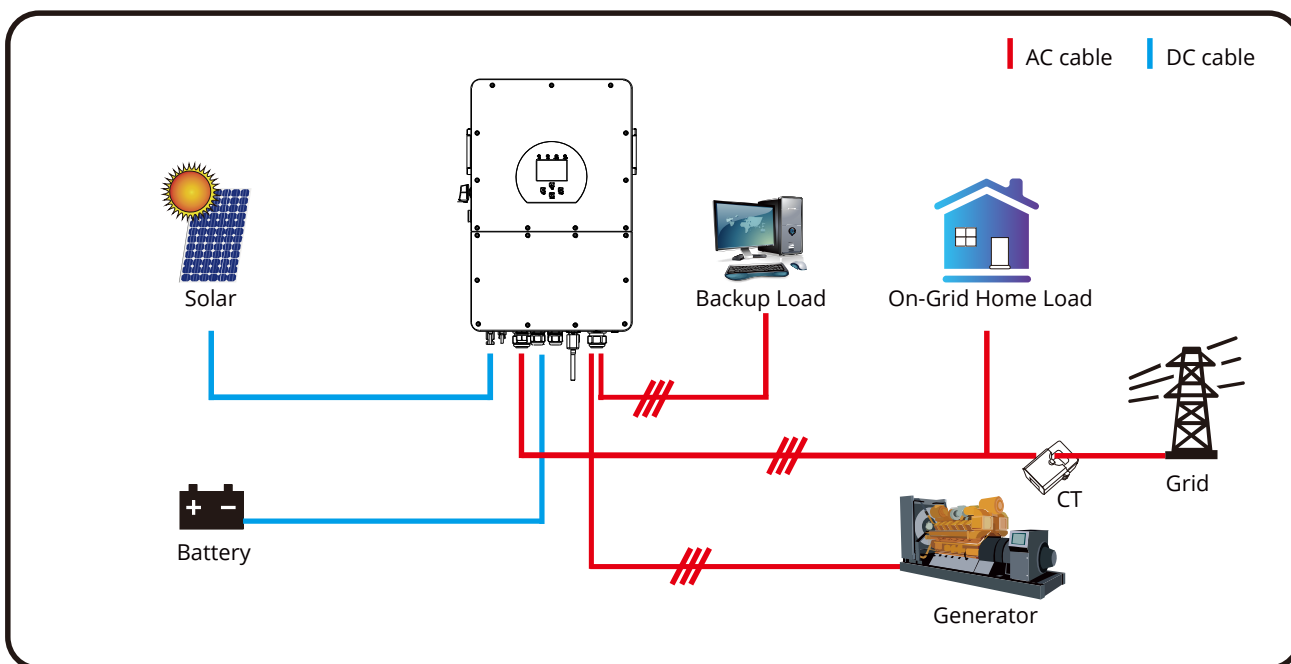
Micro Inv Input OFF and On is valid for certain FW versions only.

OPERATION MODES

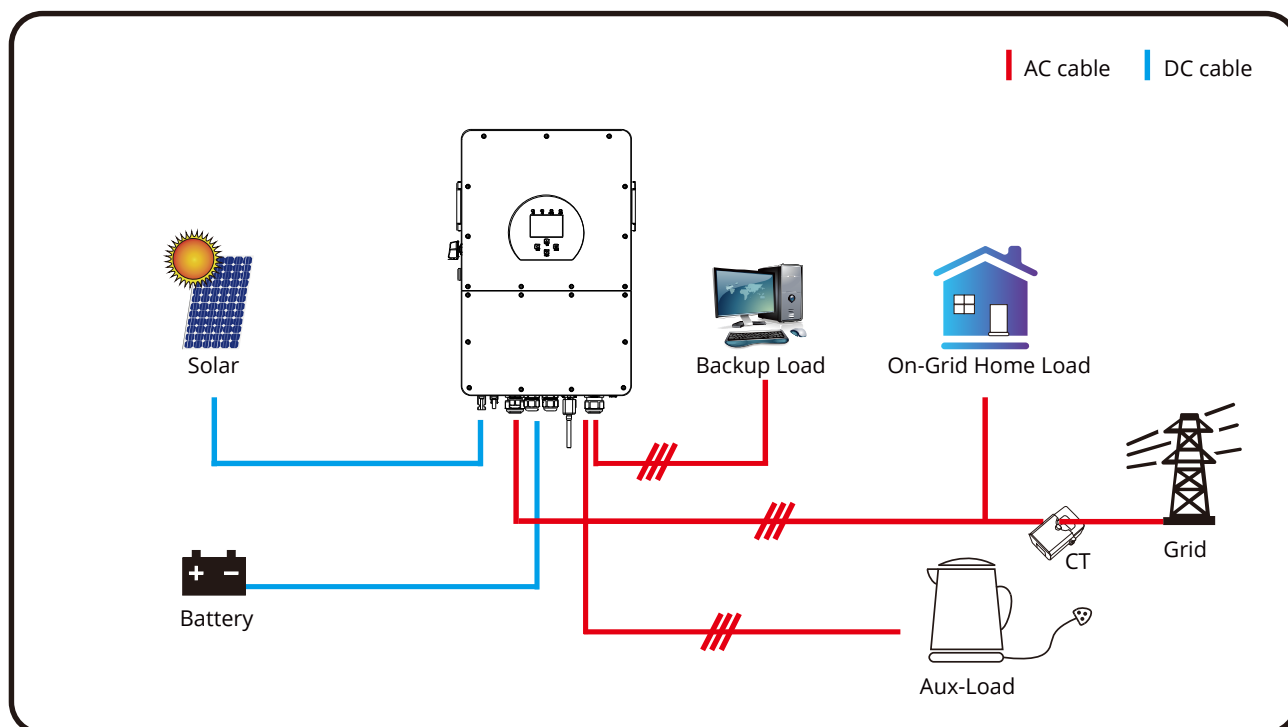
Mode I: Basic



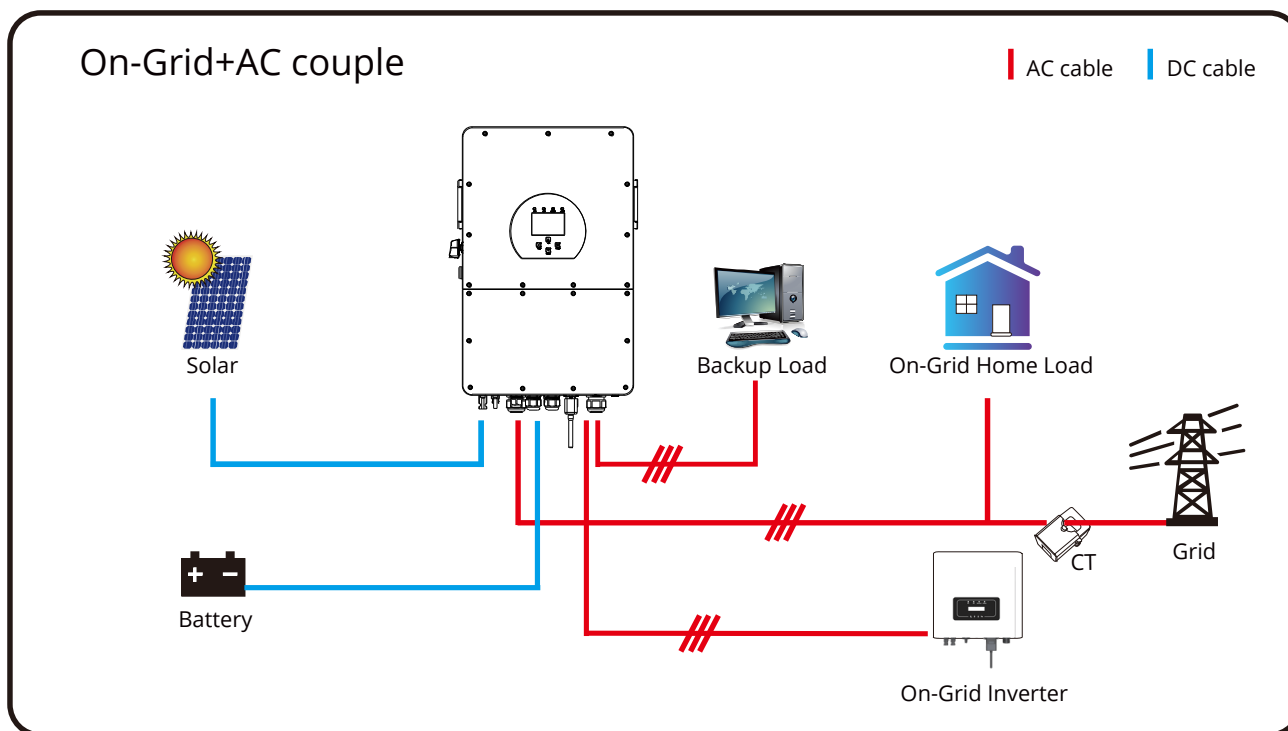
Mode II: With Generator



Mode III: With Aux-Load



Mode IV: AC Couple



FAULT CODES

To check the fault codes click on the FAULT CODES icon on the settings menu.

FAULT CODES		
Alarms Code	ID:2004244320	Occured
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2022-01-26 12:45
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2022-01-24 11:00
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2022-01-07 18:19
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2022-01-08 01:58
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2021-11-09 13:22
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2021-11-03 17:48
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2021-10-27 16:31
F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault	2021-10-20 19:17

If any of the fault messages listed in the following table appear on your inverter and the fault has not been removed after re-starting, please contact your local vendor or service centre. The following information is required:

1. Inverter serial number.
2. Distributor or service centre of the inverter.
3. On-grid Power Generation Date.
4. The problem description (including the fault code and indicator status displayed on the LCD) with as much detail as possible.
5. Owner's contact information.

In order to give you a clearer understanding of the inverter's fault information, we will list all possible fault codes and their descriptions when the inverter is not working properly.

Error Code	Description	Solutions
F01	DC_Inversed_Failure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the PV input polarity. 2. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F07	DC_START_Failure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The BUS voltage can't be built from PV or battery. 2. Restart the inverter, if the fault existis, please contact us.
F13	Working_Mode_Change	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When the grid type and frequency changed it will report F13; 2. When the battery mode was changed to "No Battery" mode, it will report F13; 3. For some old FW version, it will report F13 when the system work mode changed; 4. Generally, it will desappear automatically when shows F13; 5. If it remains same, turn on DC and AC switches for one minute, then turn on the DC and AC switches; 6. Seek help from Sunsynk.

Error Code	Description	Solutions
F15	AC_OuverCurr_SW_Failure	<p>AC side over current fault</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please check whether the backup load power and common load power are within the range; 2. Restart and check whether it is normal; 3. Seek help from Sunsynk.
F16	GFCI_Failure	<p>Leakage current fault</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the PV side cable ground connection; 2. Restart the system 2-3 times; 3. If the fault still existing, please contact Sunsynk.
F18	Tz_Ac_Overcurr_Fault	<p>AC Slide over current fault.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the backup load power is within the range of the inverter. 2. Restart, and check if it is normal.
F20	Tz_Dc_Overcurr_Fault	<p>DC side over current fault</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check PV module connect and battery connect; 2. When in the off-grid mode, the inverter startup with a big power load, and it may report F20. Please reduce the load power connected.; 3. Turn off the DC and AC switches, wait one minute, and then turn on the DC/AC switch again. 4. Seek help from us if you can not return to a normal state.
F21	Tz_HV_Overcurr_fault	<p>BUS over current.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the PV input current and battery current settings; 2. Restart the system 2-3 times; 3. If the fault still existing, please contact Sunsynk.
F22	Tz_EmergStop_Fault	<p>Remotely shutdown</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It tells the inverter is remotely controlled.
F23	Tz_GFCI_OC_Fault	<p>Leakage current fault</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the PV module and inverter cables. 2. You may have a faulty PV panel (earth short) 3. Restart inverter
F24	DC_Insulation_Fault	<p>PV isolation resistance is too low</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the connection of PV panels and inverter are firmly connected. 2. Check if the earth bond cable on inverters is connected to the ground.
F26	BusUnbalance_Fault	<p>The bus bar is unbalanced</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please wait 5 minutes to see if it returns to normal. 2. Fully reset the inverter.

Error Code	Description	Solutions
F29	Parallel_Comm_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When in parallel mode, check the parallel communication cable connection and hybrid communication address settings. 2. During the parallel system startup period, inverters will report F29. When all inverters are in ON status, it will disappear automatically; 3. If the fault exists, please contact us for help.
F34	AC_Overload_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the backup load connected, make sure it is in allowed power range; 2. If the fault still exists, please contact up for help.
F41	Parallel_system_Stop	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the hybrid inverter working status. If there's 1pcs hybrid inverter is in OFF status, the other hybrid inverters may report F41 fault in parallel system. 2. If the fault exists, please contact us for help.
F42	Parallel_Version_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check whether the inverter version is consistent. 2. Please contact us to upgrade the software version.
F47	AC_OverFreq_Fault	<p>Grid frequency out of range</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the frequency is in the range of specification 2. You may need to adjust the frequency on the grid set up page.
F48	AC_UnderFreq_Fault	<p>Grid frequency out of range</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the frequency is in the range of specification or not. 2. Check whether AC cables are firmly and correctly connected. 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F52	DC_VoltHigh_Fault	<p>BUS voltage is too high</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check whether battery voltage is too high; 2. Check the PV input voltage, make sure it is within the allowed range; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F53	DC_VoltLow_Fault	<p>BUS voltage is too low</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check whether battery voltage is too low; 2. If the battery voltage is too low, using PV or grid to charge the battery; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F54	BAT2_VoltHigh_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the battery 2 terminal voltage is high; 2. Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.

Error Code	Description	Solutions
F55	BAT1_VoltHigh_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the battery 1 terminal voltage is high; 2. Restart the inverter 2 times and restore the factory settings; 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F56	BAT1_VoltLow_Fault	<p>Battery low voltage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the battery voltage is too low. 2. If the battery voltage is too low use the PV or grid to charge the battery. 3. Check the battery BMS <p>Important: Especially with Lithium batteries, ensure that the batteries Max. discharge current or power specification is the same or higher than the inverter specification.</p>
F57	BAT2_VoltLow_Fault	<p>Battery low voltage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the battery voltage is too low. 2. If the battery voltage is too low use the PV or grid to charge the battery. 3. Check the battery BMS <p>Important: Especially with Lithium batteries, ensure that the batteries Max. discharge current or power specification is the same or higher than the inverter specification.</p>
F58	Battery_comm_Lose	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. It tells the communication between hybrid inverter and battery BMS disconnected when "BMS_Err-Stop" is active". 2. If don't want to see this happen, you can disable "BMS_Err-Stop" item on the LCD. 3. If the fault still exists, please contact us for help
F62	DRMs0_stop	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the DRM function is for Australia market only. 2. Check the DRM function is active or not. 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state after restart the system.
F63	ARC_Fault	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ARC fault detection is only for US market. 2. Check PV module cable connection and clear the fault. 3. Seek help from us, if can not go back to normal state.
F64	Heat sink high-temperature failure	<p>Heat Sink temp is too high</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check if the working environment temperature is too high. 2. Turn off the inverter for 30 minutes and restart.

Fault Information	Instruction	Fault Information	Instruction
F01	DC_Inversed_Failure	F33	AC_OverCurr_Fault
F02	DC_Insulation_Failure	F34	AC_Overload_Fault
F03	GFDI_Failure	F35	AC_NoUtility_Fault
F04	GFDI_Ground_Failure	F36	AC_GridPhaseSeque_Fault
F05	EEPROM_Read_Failure	F37	AC_Volt_Unbalance_Fault
F06	EEPROM_Write_Failure	F38	AC_Curr_Unbalance_Fault
F07	GFDI_Fuse_Failure	F39	INT_AC_OverCurr_Fault
F08	GFDI_Relay_Failure	F40	INT_DC_OverCurr_Fault
F09	IGBT_Failure	F41	AC_WU_OverVolt_Fault
F10	AuxPowerBoard_Failure	F42	AC_WU_UnderVolt_Fault
F11	AC_MainContactor_Failure	F43	AC_VW_OverVolt_Fault
F12	AC_SlaveContactor_Failure	F44	AC_VW_UnderVolt_Fault
F13	Working_Mode_change	F45	AC_UV_OverVolt_Fault
F14	DC_OverCurr_Failure	F46	AC_UV_UnderVolt_Fault
F15	AC_OverCurr_Failure	F47	AC_OverFreq_Fault
F16	GFCI_Failure	F48	AC_UnderFreq_Fault
F17	Tz_COM_OC_Fault	F49	AC_U_GridCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F18	Tz_Ac_OverCurr_Fault	F50	AC_V_GridCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F19	Tz_Integ_Fault	F51	AC_W_GridCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F20	Tz_Dc_OverCurr_Fault	F52	AC_A_InductCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F21	Tz_GFDI_OC_Fault	F53	AC_B_InductCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F22	Tz_EmergStop_Fault	F54	AC_C_InductCurr_DcHigh_Fault
F23	Tz_GFCI_OC_Fault	F55	DC_VoltHigh_Fault
F24	DC_Insulation_Fault	F56	DC_VoltLow_Fault
F25	DC_Feedback_Fault	F57	AC_BackFeed_Fault
F26	BusUnbalance_Fault	F58	AC_U_GridCurr_High_Fault
F27	DC_Insulation_ISO_Fault	F59	AC_V_GridCurr_High_Fault
F28	DCIOver_M1_Fault	F60	AC_W_GridCurr_High_Fault
F29	AC_AirSwitch_Fault	F61	AC_A_InductCurr_High_Fault
F30	AC_MainContactor_Fault	F62	AC_B_InductCurr_High_Fault
F31	AC_SlaveContactor_Fault	F63	ARC_Fault
F32	DCIOver_M2_Fault	F64	Heatsink_HighTemp_Fault



NOTE:

- The Three-Phase Hybrid Inverter is designed for grid-connected operation.
- The inverters meet the main standards concerning safety and electromagnetic compatibility. Before leaving the factory, all inverters undergo rigorous testing to ensure the inverter can operate reliably, as presented in Chapter 'Technical Specifications'.

If you need further help please refer to the Sunsynk website where you will find training videos and frequently asked questions www.sunsynk.com.

COMMISSIONING

Start-Up / Shutdown Procedure

The inverter must be installed by a qualified / licensed electrical engineer in accordance with the country's wiring regulations.

Before switching on, the installation engineer must have completed the Earth Bond, RCD and earth leakage tests, checked that the solar panel Voc voltage does not exceed 480V and checked the battery voltage.

Power ON Sequence:




1. Switch on AC
2. Press Start Button
3. Switch on Battery and battery breaker
4. Switch on the DC (PV Isolator)




Shutdown Sequence:

1. Switch off AC
2. Press the start button
3. Switch off the battery and the battery breaker
4. Switch off the DC (PV isolator)

Inverter Commissioning Info

After you have successfully powered up the inverter, it must be programmed and set up as per the programming feature above.

 Solar	Check each bond on the solar panels	Check the VOC does not exceed 480V	Ensure both MPPTs are balanced
 GRID	Measure the supply voltage check it matches the settings of the inverter	If it falls out of the setting range it will cause the inverter shut down and alarm	See Grid Setup page
 BATTERY	Check the battery charge and discharge is within the C rating of the battery. Too high will damage the battery		Check the battery BMS is communicating with the inverter

 SYSTEM MODE	<p>This is the heart of the system this controller everything</p>	<p>Ensure you are familiar with this, if you fully understand the controller you will fully appreciate the capabilities of there inverter</p>	<p>See section 'Program Charge / Discharge Times'</p>
 ADVANCE	<p>This is for paralleling systems, and wind turbine</p>	<p>If paralleling inverters in 3 Phase check you phase rotation before switching on the AC Load, in 3 Phase the output voltage will increase across phase to 400V</p>	<p>If using a wind turbine please ensure you have the correct limiting resistor, caps and rectifier</p>
 FAULT CODES	<p>Familiarize yourself with common fault codes</p>		

GDFI Fault

Before the inverter connects to the Grid, it will detect the impedance (effective resistance) of the solar PV + to Ground, and the impedance of the solar PV - to ground. If any of the impedance values are less than 33kΩ, the inverter will not connect to the Grid and will report an error F24 on its LCD.

MAINTENANCE

The inverter is low maintenance. However, it is important that at least twice a year (for dusty environments this may need to be carried out weekly) all the cooling fans, air ducts are cleaned and dust free.

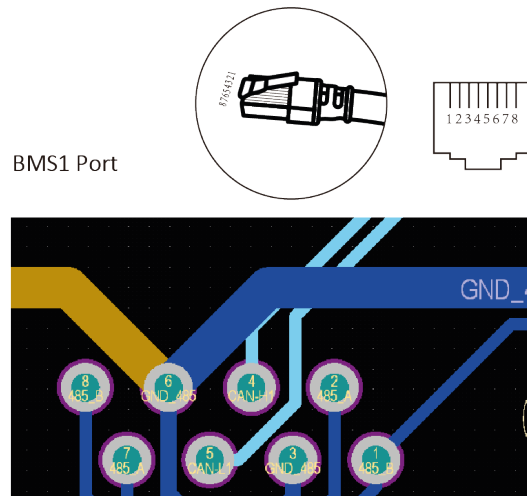
Check if there are no fault codes and Lithium battery communication is correct.

Weekly cleaning statement: Suggest micromesh filters as an available option, micro ants here are a real problem.

APPENDIX A

Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS1

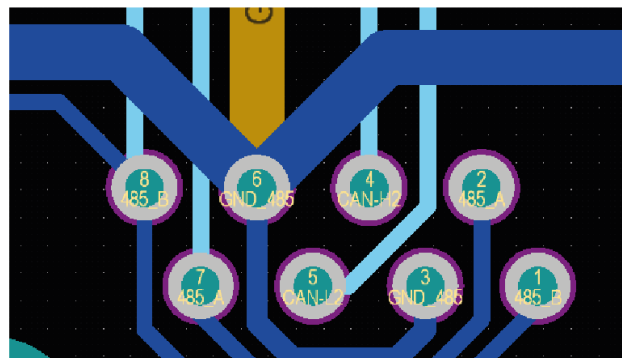
No.	RS485 Pin
1	485_B
2	485_A
3	GND_485
4	CAN_H1
5	CAN_L1
6	GND_485
7	485_A
8	485_B



Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for BMS2

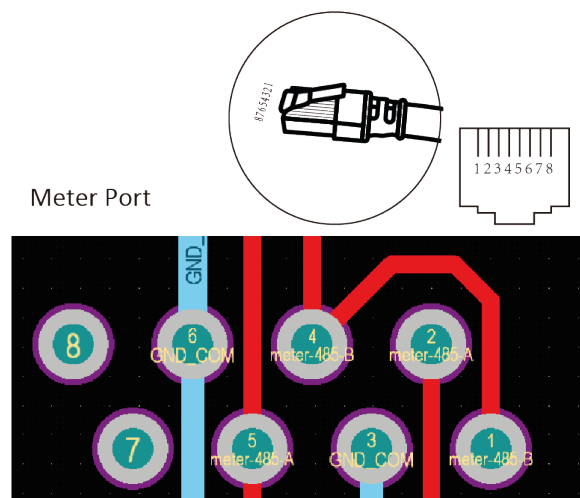
No.	RS485 Pin
1	485_B
2	485_A
3	GND_485
4	CAN_H2
5	CAN_L2
6	GND_485
7	485_A
8	485_B

BMS2 Port



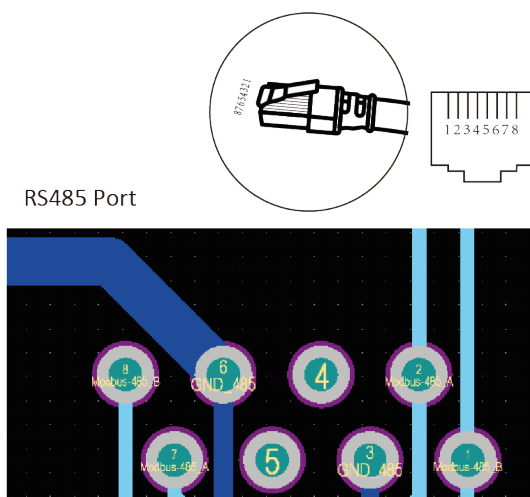
Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for Meter

No.	Meter-485 Pin
1	Meter-485_B
2	Meter-485_A
3	GND_COM
4	Meter-485_B
5	Meter-485_A
6	GND_COM
7	-
8	-



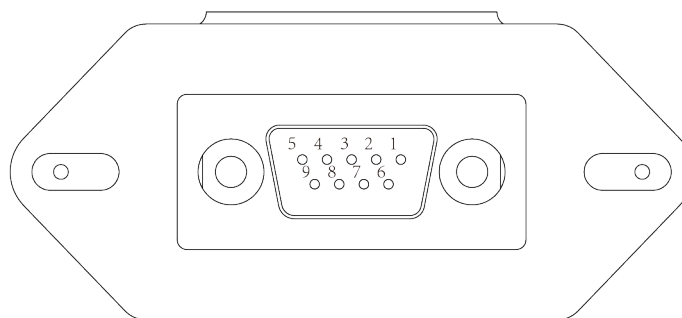
Definition of RJ45 Port Pin for RS485

No.	RS485 Pin
1	Modbus-485_B
2	Modbus-485_A
3	GND_485
4	-
5	-
6	GND_485
7	Modbus-485_A
8	Modbus-485_B



RS232

No.	WIFI/RS232
1	
2	TX
3	RX
4	
5	D-GND
6	
7	
8	
9	12Vdc

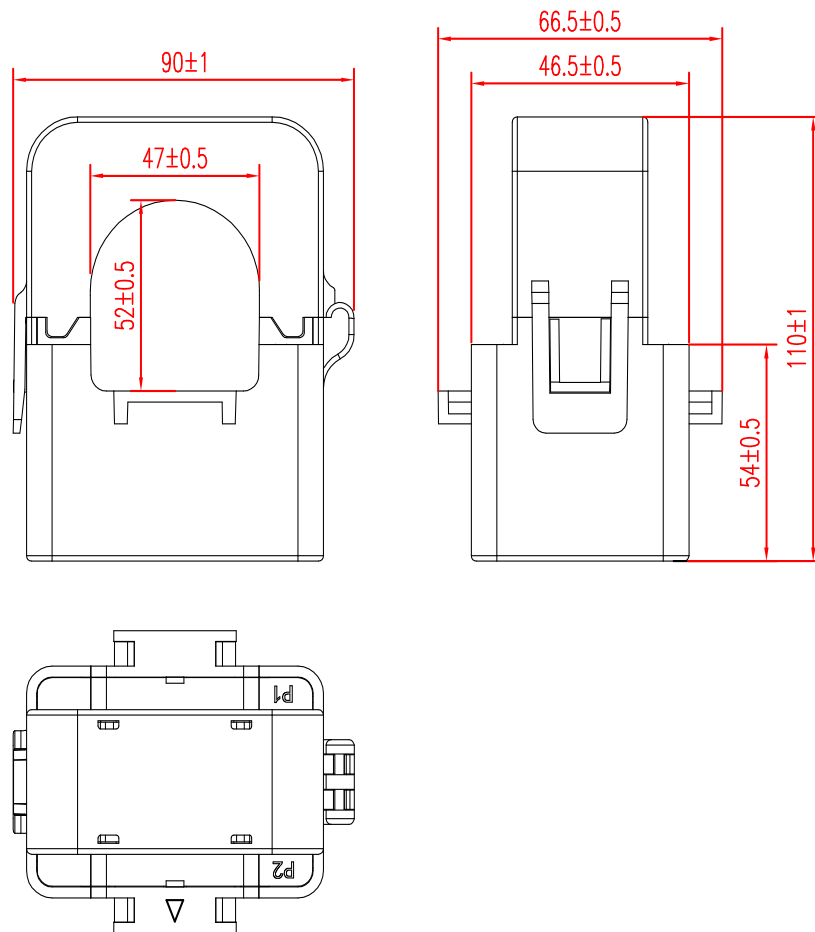


WIFI/RS232

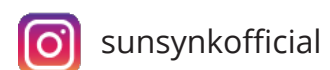
This RS232 port is used to connect the wifi datalogger

APPENDIX B

- Split Core Current Transformer (CT) dimension: (mm).
- Secondary output cable length is 4m.




For more information, training videos, software upgrades, help line, forum please refer to <http://www.sunsynk.com> - Tech Support (Do not forget to register first on the website).







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